

Inclusion: Patients with Inflammatory bowel disease (histologically confirmed)
Adults 18 years and older
Ability to provide informed consent

Exclusion:
Absolute MRI contraindications
known contrast agent allergy

Determination of IBD severity:
CDAI for Crohn's Disease
SCCAI for Ulcerative colitis

Patients with active disease (n=30)

Patients in remission (n=30)

Cardiovascular MRI
Protocol I

Elevated markers of myocardial inflammation?
Ventricular dysfunction?

Yes

No

Re-Presentation in 5 weeks
Determination of disease severity
Cardiovascular MRI, Protocol II, 5 weeks

Follow-Up after 1 Year

- Determination of disease severity
- Cardiac history (death, CV death, myocardial infarction, newly diagnosed heart insufficiency, arrhythmias)
- Hospital admissions last year

Protocol I

1. Axial und coronal Overview (T2wTrufi)
2. SSFP-Cine, 2CV, 3CV, 4CV, RV
3. Native T1 mapping, Look-Locker sequence (MOLLI), single breathhold,
 - 1 basal, 1 midventrikulär, 1 apikal (SAX), Schichtdicke: 6 mm, 3 aus 5
 - 4CV
4. Native T2 mapping, T2-preparation steady-state free precession (bSSFP)
 - 1 basal, 1 midventrikulär, 1 apikal (SAX), Schichtdicke: 6 mm, 3 aus 5
 - 4CV
6. Administration Gadolinium contrast agent (Prohance) (Dosing: 0.2 mmol/kgKG)
7. Overview
8. SAX multislice compressed sensing (CS) cine
9. 3D GRE Dixon LGE
10. Post-CA T1-MOLLI-ECV mapping
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