

A66053 - Scale up of female genital mutilation prevention and care services in primary care in Guinea and Kenya - HEALTH CARE PROVIDER QUESTIONNAIRE (HCP)

IDENTIFICATION



World Health Organization

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You are being asked to participate in Scale up of female genital mutilation prevention and care services in primary care study in Guinea and Kenya.

Centre ID

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- ☐ 2235 = Centre for Research in Reproductive Health – Guinea
- ☐ 2028 = University of Nairobi College of Health Sciences – Kenya

Region/County

*

Facility ID

*

Type of visit

*

- ☐ 0 = Baseline
- ☐ 1 = Three months
- ☐ 2 = Nine Months

Provider ID

*

FGM KNOWLEDGE

1. FGM increases the risk of several health complications *

- ☐ 1 = True
 ☐ 2 = False
 ☐ 3 = I don't know

2. Is female genital mutilation illegal in *No country*? *

- ☐ 1 = Yes
 ☐ 2 = No
 ☐ 3 = I don't know

3. Are you aware of any documents (SOPs or clinical protocols) to educate health care providers on FGM prevention and care? *

- ☐ 1 = Yes
 ☐ 2 = No

3a. If *Yes*, specify: *

3b. If *Yes*, do you often use the SOPs or clinical protocols when helping a girl or woman who needs FGM care? *

- ☐ 1 = Never
 ☐ 2 = Sometimes
 ☐ 3 = Neutral
☐ 4 = Usually
 ☐ 5 = Always

4. When you treat or attend to a girl or a woman with female genital mutilation, how confident are you that you have enough knowledge to provide good quality health care? *

- ☐ 1 = Not confident
 ☐ 2 = Somewhat confident
 ☐ 3 = Confident
☐ 4 = Refused to answer

5. How confident are you in performing deinfibulation for a woman who has had Type 3 FGM performed or who has undergone infibulation? *

(including during childbirth)

- ☐ 1 = Not confident
 ☐ 2 = Somewhat confident
 ☐ 3 = Confident
☐ 4 = Refused to answer

FGM ATTITUDE

6. A girl who has not undergone FGM is unclean	*
<input type="radio"/> 1 = Yes <input type="radio"/> 2 = No <input type="radio"/> 3 = I don't know	
7. A girl should undergo FGM before getting married	*
<input type="radio"/> 1 = Agree <input type="radio"/> 2 = Disagree <input type="radio"/> 3 = I don't know	
8. A girl who has not undergone FGM is a disgrace to her family's honour	*
<input type="radio"/> 1 = Agree <input type="radio"/> 2 = Disagree <input type="radio"/> 3 = I don't know	
9. Health care providers who perform FGM are violating medical ethics	*
<input type="radio"/> 1 = Agree <input type="radio"/> 2 = Disagree <input type="radio"/> 3 = I don't know	
10. Health care providers who perform FGM should be punished	*
<input type="radio"/> 1 = Agree <input type="radio"/> 2 = Disagree <input type="radio"/> 3 = I don't know	
11. FGM is a good practice	*
<input type="radio"/> 1 = Agree <input type="radio"/> 2 = Disagree <input type="radio"/> 3 = I don't know	
12. FGM is a violation of women's and girls' rights	*
<input type="radio"/> 1 = Agree <input type="radio"/> 2 = Disagree <input type="radio"/> 3 = I don't know	
13. FGM is a religious mandate	*
<input type="radio"/> 1 = Agree <input type="radio"/> 2 = Disagree <input type="radio"/> 3 = I don't know	
14. A woman must undergo FGM to ensure that she is faithful to her husband/partner	*
<input type="radio"/> 1 = Agree <input type="radio"/> 2 = Disagree <input type="radio"/> 3 = I don't know	
15. A girl must undergo FGM to ensure that she will not be sexually promiscuous	*
<input type="radio"/> 1 = Agree <input type="radio"/> 2 = Disagree <input type="radio"/> 3 = I don't know	
16. Some 'minor' forms of FGM are beneficial	*
<input type="radio"/> 1 = Agree <input type="radio"/> 2 = Disagree <input type="radio"/> 3 = I don't know	
17. FGM is a necessary step for a girl to become a woman	*
<input type="radio"/> 1 = Agree <input type="radio"/> 2 = Disagree <input type="radio"/> 3 = I don't know	

18. Women who have not undergone FGM should be excluded from social activities *

☐

1 = Agree

☐

2 = Disagree

☐

3 = I don't know

19. Women who have not undergone FGM should not be allowed to marry *

☐

1 = Agree

☐

2 = Disagree

☐

3 = I don't know

20. The practice of FGM should continue *

☐

1 = Agree

☐

2 = Disagree

☐

3 = I don't know

21. Health care providers have an important role to play in eliminating FGM *

☐

1 = Agree

☐

2 = Disagree

☐

3 = I don't know

FGM PRACTICE

22. Pretend you had a daughter now who was at an age when cutting occurs, what would your intention to cut her be? *

- ☐ 1 = Intend to cut her
 ☐ 2 = Do not intend to cut her
 ☐ 3 = I don't know
 ☐ 4 = Refused

23. If a family brought their daughter to the clinic requesting genital cutting for non-health reasons, would you perform it? *

- ☐ 1 = Yes
 ☐ 2 = No
 ☐ 3 = I don't know
 ☐ 4 = Refused

24. How often do you ask your female clients if they have undergone FGM during medical history taking? *

- ☐ 1 = Always
 ☐ 2 = Often
 ☐ 3 = Sometimes
 ☐ 4 = Rarely
 ☐ 5 = Never
 ☐ 6 = Not applicable

25. How often do you look for female genital mutilation when performing a gynecological examination of the vulva? *

- ☐ 1 = Always
 ☐ 2 = Often
 ☐ 3 = Sometimes
 ☐ 4 = Rarely
 ☐ 5 = Never
 ☐ 6 = Not applicable

26. How often do you record female genital mutilation in the woman's medical file if you are aware that she has undergone FGM? *

- ☐ 1 = Always
 ☐ 2 = Often
 ☐ 3 = Sometimes
 ☐ 4 = Rarely
 ☐ 5 = Never
 ☐ 6 = Not applicable

27. How often do you discuss the need for deinfibulation (opening of the FGM scar tissue) when you decide to provide care to a pregnant woman who has undergone infibulation? *

- ☐ 1 = Always
 ☐ 2 = Often
 ☐ 3 = Sometimes
 ☐ 4 = Rarely
 ☐ 5 = Never
 ☐ 6 = Not applicable

28. How often do you discuss the need for deinfibulation (opening of the FGM scar tissue) when you decide to provide care to a non-pregnant woman who has undergone infibulation? *

- ☐ 1 = Always
 ☐ 2 = Often
 ☐ 3 = Sometimes
 ☐ 4 = Rarely
 ☐ 5 = Never
 ☐ 6 = Not applicable

29. If a woman has undergone deinfibulation for childbirth, how often do you counsel her on the medical importance of not undergoing re-infibulation? *

- ☐ 1 = Always
 ☐ 2 = Often
 ☐ 3 = Sometimes
☐ 4 = Rarely
 ☐ 5 = Never
 ☐ 6 = Not applicable

30. In your opinion, do you think that it is feasible to provide FGM prevention counseling during routine clinic visits? *

- ☐ 1 = Yes
 ☐ 2 = No
 ☐ 3 = I don't know
☐ 4 = Refused

31. On average, how much time does it take you to provide FGM prevention counselling? (in minutes) *

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32. Do you discuss FGM prevention with your colleagues at the clinic? *

- ☐ 1 = Yes
 ☐ 2 = No
 ☐ 3 = I don't know
☐ 4 = Refused

33. Would you like to receive more training related to care for women and girls with FGM? *

- ☐ 1 = Yes
 ☐ 2 = No
 ☐ 3 = I don't know
☐ 4 = Refused

34. Would you like to receive more training on how to help patients prevent FGM? *

- ☐ 1 = Yes
 ☐ 2 = No
 ☐ 3 = I don't know
☐ 4 = Refused

COMMENTS

Comments

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Data Collector name *

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