Full Study Title Evaluation of the impact on disease severity of treatment-related educational advice delivered by general practice based clinical pharmacists to the parents/carers of children with atopic eczema: a randomised study

IRAS ID 270218

Sponsor Organisation Name Rotherham Doncaster and South Humber NHS FT

Lay summary of study results

BACKGROUND: Lack of patient education is a potential cause of therapeutic failure in atopic eczema. This could be addressed through the delivery of educational support to the parents of children with eczema by practice-based pharmacists.

OBJECTIVES: The present study examined whether an educational intervention by practice-based

pharmacists improved both parental knowledge of atopic eczema management and disease-related

outcomes.

METHODS: Parents of children with eczema received a single consultation and one follow-up appointment approximately four weeks later, with a practice-based pharmacist. Disease severity was assessed using the Patient-Oriented Eczema Measure (POEM) and parental knowledge with the modified Person-Centred Dermatology Self-Care Index (PEDESI). The primary outcome was the change from baseline in the POEM score and the secondary outcome the corresponding change in PEDESI scores.

RESULTS: A total of 52 children with a mean age of 39.8 months (46.3% girls) were recruited. All 52

provided baseline, and 27 provided follow-up POEM scores. Baseline and follow-up PEDESI scores were available for 35 and 24 parents respectively.

CONCLUSION: Despite a non-significant decrease in POEM score, parental knowledge of eczema

management improved significantly, warranting further studies with a large patient/parent cohort to

better understand the value of educational support delivered by practice-based pharmacists.

Has the registry been updated to include summary results?