#### **STOP-OHSS Basic Results Summary**

#### **Participant flow**



## Demographics

	Conservative	Outpatient	Total (n=8)
	management (n=5)	paracentesis (n=3)	
Ethnicity			
English/Welsh/Scottish/N orthern Irish/British	4 (80.0%)	3 (100.0%)	7 (87.5%)
Indian	1 (20.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (12.5%)
OHSS classification			
Early	3 (60.0%)	2 (66.7%)	5 (62.5%)
Late	2 (40.0%)	1 (33.3%)	3 (37.5%)
Fertility treatment			
Antagonist protocol	4 (80.0%)	3 (100.0%)	7 (87.5%)
Short (flare) protocol	1 (20.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (12.5%)
Cabergoline prescribed	3 (60.0%)	0 (0.0%)	3 (37.5%)
History of PCOS diagnosis	2 (40.0%)	2 (66.7%)	4 (50.0%)
Previous moderate OHSS	1 (20.0%)	1 (33.3%)	2 (25.0%)
Age at consent (years)	32.0 (30.0 - 42.0)	28.0 (26.0 - 34.0)	31.5 (26.0 - 42.0)
Body mass index (BMI, kg/m²)	26.7 (20.6 - 28.4)	27.4 (24.9 - 30.0)	26.7 (20.6 - 30.0)
Weight (kg)	74.2 (51.0 - 84.4)	62.9 (56.1 - 69.7)*	69.7 (51.0 - 84.4)
Height (cm)	162.6 (157.5 - 177.8)	152.4 (150.0 - 170.2)	162.6 (150.0 - 177.8)
Abdominal girth (cm)	100.0 (34.0 - 104.1)	86.4 (79.0 - 99.1)	99.3 (34.0 - 104.1)

Presentation of continuous variables: median (minimum - maximum); \* 2 of the 3 had available data; otherwise, the denominator was the same as randomised for all the continuous outcomes. PCOS = Polycystic Ovary Syndrome; BMI = Body Mass Index.

## **Primary outcome**

# **Randomisation allocation**

	Conservative	Outpatient
	management	paracentesis
Hospitalised (for OHSS- related reasons)	1	1
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### Adverse events

Description	Randomisation allocation	Serious?	Number of patients
Hyperemesis	Outpatient Paracentesis	Yes (unrelated – due to pregnancy)	1
Vaginal bleeding	Outpatient Paracentesis	No	2 (same participant)
Abdominal pain and swelling, nausea and vomiting, moderate pleural effusion, and constipation	Outpatient Paracentesis	No	1
Low mood	Conservative management	No	1
Symptoms of urinary tract infection (no infection found from urine specimen)	Conservative management	No	1