Statistical analysis plan

1. The data obtained from the cross over design used in the postprandial study is inspected according to principle published here:

Available at:

Outlier Detection Using Principal Component Analysis and Hotelling's T2 and SPE/DmodX Methods | by Erdogan Taskesen | Towards Data Science

Still available: 23.10.2024.

The software used: Unscrambler X from Camo Software

Reported outliers or intuitively strange results from the exploratory analysis leads to a

new review of the date registration (process).

2. The data that are related to 2 treatment groups and is analyzed according to statistical tools available in MINITAB 18 (Softonic).

The methods are:

Grubbs' Test for Outliers

T-test with a priori equal variance and 2- tailed

ANOVA, subgroup GLM for assessing variables that may covary with the

intervention, this may typically be waist circumference

Regression with two variables: Spearman's or Pearson's correlation coefficient

Statistical analyses may also be performed using IBM SPSS Statistics for Windows, Version 27.0. (Armonk, NY: IBM Corp) and GraphPad Prism version 9.0 for Windows (GraphPad Software, San Diego, California USA).

3. Preprocessing of raw data

The data (time profiles only) will be analyzed as is but also be transformed using normalization.

4. Multivariate ANOVA (MANOVA) analysis

Specifically: 50: 50 MANOVA, a multivariate analysis of variance for collinear responses. The program is described and possible to download at <u>Software</u>. (Still available 24.10.2024). The statistical package is also a part of the: The R Project for Statistical Computing (<u>R: The</u> <u>R Project for Statistical Computing</u>).

The MANOVA model used Y in model: (7 responses) – time profiles Categories (X) in model: sex, diet, sex*diet, error

5. Explorative analysis using Principal Component analysis (PCA) and other multivariate approaches

The software used: Unscrambler X from Camo Software

Used on a selection of data

The following functions will be used:

PCA

Preprocessing options (like normalization)

Correlation matrix calculation

ANOVA-PLS (partial least square regression)