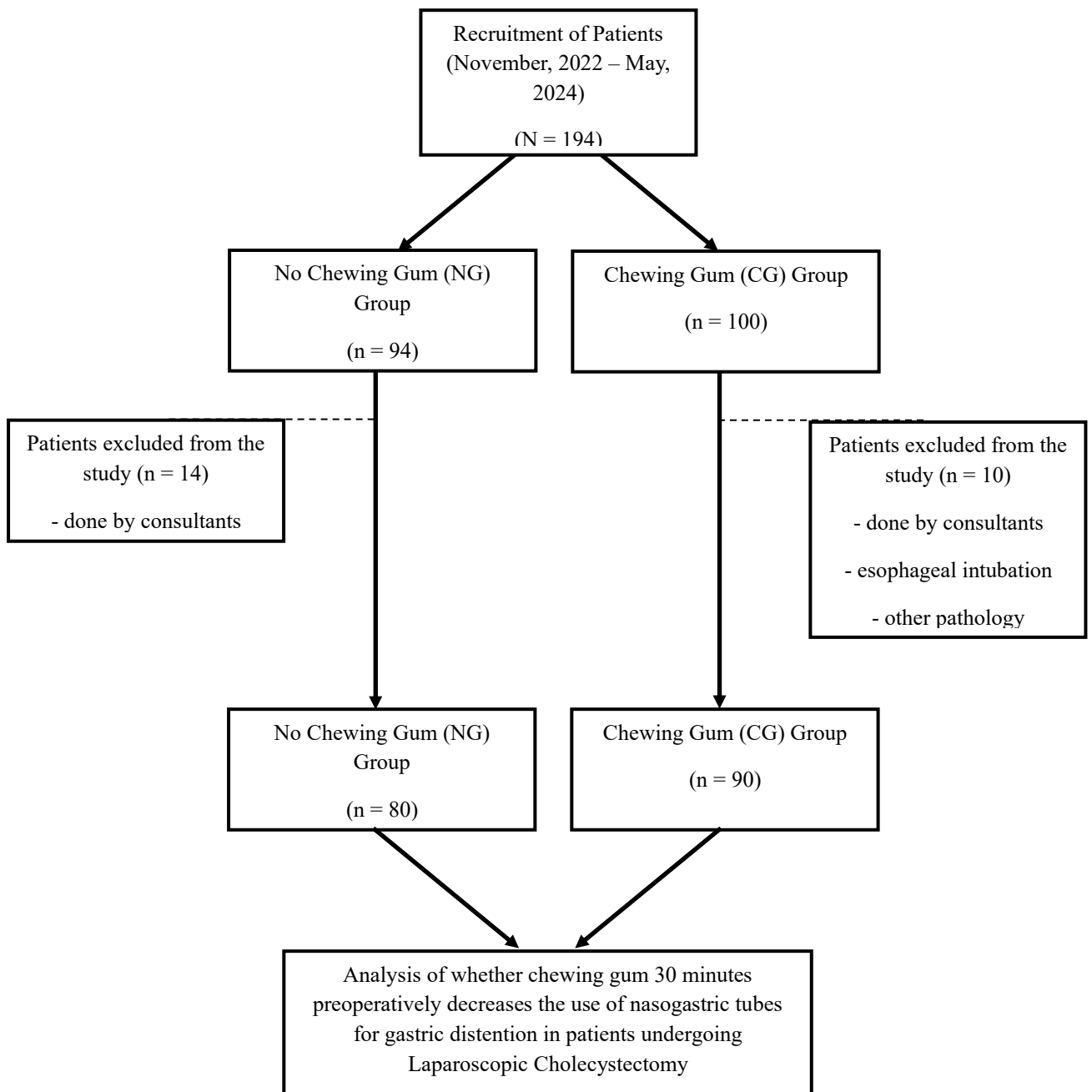


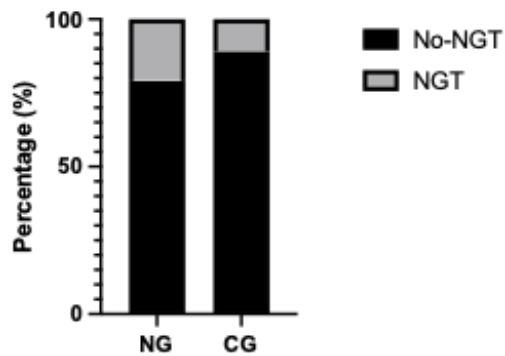
## Participant Flow



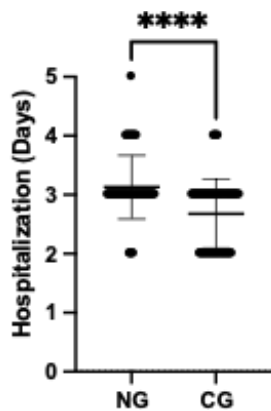
## Baseline Characteristics

	No Chewing Gum Group (NG)	Chewing Gum Group (CG)
n-value	80	90
Age in Years (mean $\pm$ SD)	37.00 $\pm$ 10.25	39.86 $\pm$ 12.96
Sex, Male (%)	30 (37.50%)	28 (31.11%)
Body Mass Index (BMI)	24.6	24.8
<b>Co- Morbidities, n (%)</b>		
Previous Abdominal Surgery	2 (2.50%)	6 (6.67%)
Hypertension	6 (7.50%)	9 (10.00%)
Diabetes	2 (2.50%)	3 (3.33%)
<b>Anatomical Variation, n (%)</b>		
Impacted Stone	2 (2.50%)	1 (1.11%)
Adhesion	1 (1.25%)	5 (5.56%)
Distended/Puckered Gall Bladder	0 (0%)	6 (6.67%)
Empyema of the Gall Bladder	0 (0%)	1 (1.11%)
Gall Bladder Hydrops	0 (0%)	2 (2.22%)

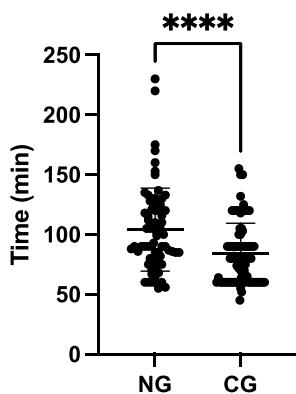
## Outcomes Measures



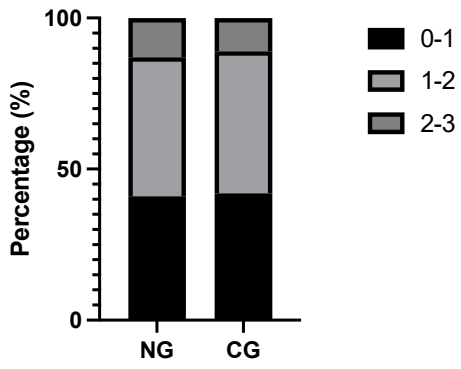
Chewing gum 30 minutes prior to Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy decreases the duration of hospitalization and use of NGT. Fischer's Exact test ( $p=0.0814$ ) was performed



Chewing gum 30 minutes prior to Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy decreases the duration of hospitalization and use of NGT. For statistical analysis a Mann – Whitney U Test was performed ( $p<0.0001$ )



Chewing gum 30 minutes prior to Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy decreases operative time. For statistical analysis, Mann – Whitney U Test was performed ( $p<0.0001$ )



Scale of discomfort is not different between NG and CG. For statistical analysis, Fischer's Exact test was performed ( $p=0.9592$ )