# Sacral nerve stimulation or anal bulking therapy for faecal incontinence - a comparative study

<b>Submission date</b> 05/12/2012	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered
	J J	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
10/01/2013	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
25/06/2020	Digestive System	<ul><li>Record updated in last year</li></ul>

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Faecal incontinence is a common disease with considerable reduction of quality of life. Sacral nerve stimulation (SNS) and anal bulking therapy (ABT) are two treatments that have been developed during the last 10 years and are now frequently used. No proper comparison has been made between the two. The aim of this study is to compares the two treatments.

## Who can participate?

Adult persons with faecal incontinence. The person fills out an incontinence diary during 3 weeks. A minimum of two episodes of faecal incontinence per week is required for participation. People with specific concurrent diseases (eg previous rectal resection, inflammatory bowel disease) cannot participate.

#### What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two treatments (SNS or ABT). After the treatment (surgery) the patients are followed for one year. During this time they fill out incontinence diaries and a questionnaire that evaluates Quality of Life. Minor or major adverse events are recorded.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Both treatments are part of regular health care and the risks are minor. The aim of the study is just the comparison of two treatment. There is no actual benefit for the patient. He/she gets a treatment for faecal incontinence.

#### Where is the study run from?

Gothenburg and Uppsala, Sweden. Hopefully one or two additional centres in Sweden and/or Norway will take part.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? The study will start during Spring 2013 and is scheduled to end in 2 to 3 years.

Who is funding the study?

HTA-center, Gothenburg and Sahgrenska University Hospital (Sweden)

Who is the main contact?
Dr Lars Börjesson
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# **Contact information**

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Lars Börjesson

#### Contact details

Sahlgrenska University Hospital Department of Surgery Gothenburg Sweden 416 85

# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

## Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Sacral nerve stimulation vs anal bulking for faecal incontinence - a randomised controlled trial

## **Study objectives**

There is a difference in efficency between the treatments.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Gothenburg University Research Ethics Committee, 04 December 2011, ref: 858-11

## Study design

Multicenter interventional randomised controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Hospital

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet [Swedish]

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Faecal incontinence in adults

#### **Interventions**

Two interventional arms:

- 1. Sacral nerve stimulation
- 2. Anal bulking therapy

## Intervention Type

Other

## Phase

Not Applicable

## Primary outcome measure

Responding (> 50% reduction of the number of fecal incontinence episodes compared to baseline) proportion after one year after randomisation.

## Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Change in number of faecal incontinence episodes
- 2. Change in deferring time
- 3. Change in incontinence score
- 4. Change in Quality of Life
- 5. Adverse events

## Overall study start date

01/03/2013

## Completion date

01/03/2015

# **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with fecal incontinence with > or = 2 episodes of fecal incontinence/week.
- 2. > 18 years
- 3. Insufficient effect of conservative treatment (physiotherphy, diet, drugs).

- 4. At least one year duration of symptoms
- 5. At least one year after vaginal delivery
- 6. Ability to confirm informed consent

## Participant type(s)

Patient

## Age group

Adult

## Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

100

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Complete external sphincter defect (at least 90 degrees, whole length of the anal canal evaluated by physical examination of ultrasound).
- 2. Ongoing anorectal infection
- 3. Active inflammatory bowel disease
- 4. Anorectal implant.
- 5. Anorectal surgery within the last 12 months.
- 6. Mucosal prolaps (gr 3-4)
- 7. Rectal prolaps
- 8. Ongoing malignant disease
- 9. Ongoing immunosuppressive treatment
- 10. Treatment with warfarin
- 11. Rectal anastomosis
- 12. Neurologic disease (MS, ALS, Myelomeningocele etc.)
- 13. Previous pelvic radiotherphy
- 14. Ongoing anorectal pain
- 15. Included in other RCT
- 16. Pregnancy
- 17. Previously treated with any of the two alternatives in the study
- 18. Concurrent condition or disease that makes the person unsutable for the study according clinical jugement of the investigator (eg not likely to follow the study protocol).

#### Date of first enrolment

01/03/2013

#### Date of final enrolment

01/03/2015

## Locations

## Countries of recruitment

Study participating centre
Sahlgrenska University Hospital
Gothenburg
Sweden
416 85

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Sahlgrenska University Hospital (Sweden)

## Sponsor details

Health Technology Assessment Center Gothenburg Sweden 413 45

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hta-centrum@vgregion.se

## Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### Website

http://www.sahlgrenska.se/hta-centrum

## **ROR**

https://ror.org/04vgqjj36

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### **Funder Name**

Sahgrenska University Hospital (Sweden)

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration