Efficacy of petroleum jelly in the prevention of irritant diaper dermatitis

Submission date	Recruitment status	[X] Prospectively registered
08/10/2010	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
09/11/2010	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
09/11/2010	Skin and Connective Tissue Diseases	☐ Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

A randomised controlled double blind trial with parallel groups of newborn children admitted to the neonatal unit randomised to petroleum jelly or usual care for the prevention of irritant diaper dermatitis

Study objectives

The use of petroleum jelly as a barrier method, easy to use and easy removal, high visibility in the area of skin that covers and low cost, can help to decrease the incidence of diaper dermatitis, providing greater comfort to the child, reducing worry and anxiety of parents and in turn creating a greater degree of satisfaction among nursing staff at the unit.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Clinical Research Ethics Committee of Guipuzcoa Health Area approved on the 21st June 2010

Study design

Randomised controlled double blind parallel group trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Other

Study type(s)

Prevention

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Irritant dermatitis

Interventions

Experimental group:

Application of petroleum jelly to the infants after each diaper change. The amount of product to use is between 1 - 2 ml (depending on the weight of the child), the size of a hazelnut and will run for the perianal area and perineum.

Control group:

Usual care. Diaper changes as usual (like the other group), but not application of petroleum jelly.

Both interventions and follow up will end at discharge.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Petroleum jelly

Primary outcome measure

Occurrence and time of diaper dermatitits using the Lane and Drost Scale. The existence of diaper dermatitis will be assessed every day during medical ward round.

Secondary outcome measures

No secondary outcome measures

Overall study start date

01/12/2010

Completion date

01/12/2011

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Neonates admitted to the Neonatal Unit of the Hospital Donostia in the area of media care
- 2. Newborns greater than or equal to 1500 grams at birth
- 3. Infants whose stay in the unit is between 4 and 21 days
- 4. Both genders will be included during neonatal period from 0 to 1 month

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Neonate

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

103

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Newborn from the Neonatal Intensive Care
- 2. Newborn with diaper dermatitis in the admission
- 3. Neonate admitted that less than 4 days
- 4. A newborn with pathology or alterations in skin integrity
- 5. Newborn under insolation
- 6. Newborn carrier catheterisation
- 7. Newborn transferred to intensive care because of worsening

Date of first enrolment

01/12/2010

Date of final enrolment

01/12/2011

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Spain

Study participating centre Clinical Epiedemiology Unit.

San Sebastian Spain 20014

Sponsor information

Organisation

Hospital Donostia (Osakidetza) (Spain)

Sponsor details

P° Doctor Beguiristain 107-115 San Sebastian Spain 20014

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://www.osakidetza.euskadi.net

ROR

https://ror.org/04fkwzm96

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Hospital Donostia (Osakidetza) (Spain)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination planNot provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summaryNot provided at time of registration