# Antibiotics versus ibuprofen for uncomplicated lower urinary tract infections: a randomised controlled double-blind clinical trial in German general practices

Submission date 10/08/2007	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li><li>[X] Protocol</li></ul>
<b>Registration date</b> 04/10/2007	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<ul> <li>Statistical analysis plan</li> <li>[X] Results</li> </ul>
Last Edited 25/02/2021	<b>Condition category</b> Urological and Genital Diseases	Individual participant data

#### Plain English Summary

Background and study aims

Lower urinary tract infections (UTIs) are infections of the bladder or urethra (the tube that carries urine out of the body). They are usually treated with antibiotics. However, there is little evidence for alternative treatment options. The aim of this study is to find out whether the drug ibuprofen is as effective as the antibiotic ciprofloxacin for UTIs.

Who can participate?

Women aged 18 to 85 with at least one of the main UTI symptoms (painful/difficult or frequent urination)

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to be treated with either ibuprofen or ciprofloxacin, both for three days. The intensity of their symptoms like painful/difficult or frequent urination and low abdominal pain are recorded at the start of the study and after 4, 7 and 28 days, scoring each symptom from 0 (none) to 4 (very strong).

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Not provided at time of registration

Where is the study run from? 29 German general practices

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? July 2007 to April 2008

Who is funding the study? German Federal Ministry of Education and Research (Germany) Who is the main contact? Prof. Michael M. Kochen mkochen@gwdg.de

## **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Scientific

**Contact name** Prof Michael M. Kochen

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# Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers HWI-01

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Antibiotics versus ibuprofen for uncomplicated lower urinary tract infections: a randomised controlled double-blind clinical trial in German general practices

#### Study hypothesis

1. The study demonstrates the feasibility of a randomised controlled double-blind clinical trial in German general practices

2. The results of the ibuprofen group allow the conduction of a larger trial in which the equivalence of ibuprofen and ciprofloxacin in Urinary Tract Infections (UTI) will be tested

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Local ethics committee (Ethikkommission der Universitaetsmedizin Goettingen), 13/06/2007, ref: 8/4/07

**Study design** Randomised controlled double-blind clinical trial

**Primary study design** Interventional

**Secondary study design** Randomised controlled trial

### Study setting(s)

GP practice

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details to request a participant information sheet

#### Condition

Uncomplicated lower urinary tract infection

#### Interventions

There are two intervention arms: 1. Ciprofloxacin 2 x 250 mg for three days (and one placebo per day) 2. Ibuprofen 3 x 400 mg for three days

#### Intervention Type

Drug

**Phase** Not Applicable

#### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Ciprofloxacin, ibuprofen

#### Primary outcome measure

1. Symptom score on day 4 (symptom score for dysuria, frequency and pain is measured on days

- 0, 4 and 7 by questionnaire and interviews)
- 2. Feasibility: descriptive measure, this will be determined by describing the results of:
- 2.1. Recruitment of General Practitioners (GPs)
- 2.2. Recruitment of patients
- 2.3. Number of complete/incomplete data sets

The feasibility will be assessed after the patient recruitment is finished.

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Improvement of symptoms at days 4 and 7
- 2. Adverse events
- 3. Number of relapses

The trial duration for each patient is 28 days. The adverse effects and relapses within these 28

days will be concerned. We plan to find out about this by an interview on day 28, and by data collection from GPs data at monitoring visits.

Overall study start date

25/07/2007

**Overall study end date** 15/04/2008

# Eligibility

#### Participant inclusion criteria

Women with typical symptoms of uncomplicated lower urinary tract infection (dysuria, frequency, lower abdominal pain)

**Participant type(s)** Patient

**Age group** Adult

**Sex** Female

**Target number of participants** 150

**Total final enrolment** 79

#### Participant exclusion criteria

- 1. Fever, low back pain
- 2. Urinary tract infection during the last two weeks
- 3. Current treatmant with antibiotics/Non-Steroidal Anti-Rheumatics (NSAR)
- 4. Pregnant/breastfeeding women
- 5. Diabetes
- 6. Renal diseases
- 7. Allergy/intolerance to ibuprofen/ciprofloxacin
- 8. Contraindications for trial medication
- 9. Severe co-morbidities

Recruitment start date

25/07/2007

Recruitment end date

15/04/2008

## Locations

Countries of recruitment

Germany

**Study participating centre Georg-August University of Gottingen** Gottingen Germany 37075

### Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Georg-August University of Gottingen (Georg-August-Universitat Gottingen, Universitatsmedizin) (Germany)

**Sponsor details** c/o Professor M. M. Kochen Humboldtallee 38 Gottingen Germany 37075

**Sponsor type** Hospital/treatment centre

Website http://www.uni-goettingen.de/en/sh/1.html

ROR https://ror.org/01y9bpm73

### Funder(s)

**Funder type** Government

**Funder Name** Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung

Alternative Name(s) Federal Ministry of Education and Research, BMBF

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

**Location** Germany

## **Results and Publications**

**Publication and dissemination plan** Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

#### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	01/04/2011		Yes	No
Results article	results	26/05/2010	25/02/2021	Yes	No