# Iron supplementation in iron deficiency

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
22/10/2009	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
18/05/2010	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
28/03/2018	Haematological Disorders	Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# **Contact information**

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Annabel Nickol

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

#### Protocol serial number

Protocol version 3.0

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

A single blind, randomised controlled study of iron supplementation in iron deficient, but otherwise healthy, patients on hypoxic pulmonary vascular responses

#### **Study objectives**

The purpose of this study is to test the hypothesis that patients with iron deficiency have extra large increases in pulmonary artery systolic pressure (PASP) when hypoxic, and that giving an iron infusion restores the normal response. We will therefore study patients with iron deficiency, but otherwise in good health, and iron-replete healthy volunteers. They will be randomised to receive an infusion of iron or a saline placebo, with PASP measured in acute hypoxia before, at intervals, and after the infusion. We will also see if other symptoms sometimes seen with iron deficiency (fatigue and restless legs), get better after the infusion.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Mid and South Buckinghamshire Research Ethics Committee, 31/10/2009, ref: 08/H0607/66

#### Study design

Single-blind randomised placebo-controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Iron deficiency

#### **Interventions**

- 1. Seeking consent, followed by a medical history and examination
- 2. Subjective symptom assessment
- 3. Blood test
- 4. Spirometry
- 5. Echocardiography
- 6. Acute hypoxic exposure with measurement of oxygen saturations, endtidal carbondioxide and breathing
- 7. Insertion of intravenous cannula
- 8. Infusion of saline (carried out if patient is randomised to the control limb)
- 9. Infusion of iron (carried out in all patients randomised to the test limb, and also at the end of the study offered to those who had been randomised to the control limb, as a therapeutic intervention)
- 10. Actigraphy (wearing small movement sensors like wrist watches around the ankles during sleep). Carried out in the participant's own home.

Study drug: Iron Carboxymaltose, up to 1000mg, once only.

#### Intervention Type

Supplement

#### Phase

Not Specified

#### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Iron supplementation

#### Primary outcome(s)

Acute hypoxic PASP post-compared to pre-iron infusion, measured at days 1, 2, 8 and 15.

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

Measured at weeks 1, 2, 4 and 8:

- 1. Time course of euoxic and hypoxic PASP post-iron infusion
- 2. Erythropoietin, and acute hypoxic cardiac output and ventilation post- compared to pre-iron infusion
- 3. Incidence of restless legs syndrome in iron deficient patients and iron replete healthy volunteers, and changes in symptoms and nocturnal leg movements following an iron infusion
- 4. Magnitude and time course of relief of fatigue post-iron infusion

#### Completion date

14/10/2013

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Willing and able to give informed consent for participation in the study
- 2. Men and women aged 18 50 years and generally in good health
- 3. Detectable tricuspid regurgitation on echocardiography (enabling measurement of pulmonary arterial pressure)

#### For iron deficient patients:

4. Iron deficiency, defined as a ferritin less than 15 µg/L

## For iron replete healthy volunteers:

5. Normal iron status (for example ferritin greater than 40  $\mu$ g/L, iron 20 - 150 ng/ml, total iron binding capacity 250 - 450 ng/ml, and transferrin saturation 20 - 50%)

## Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

## Healthy volunteers allowed

No

## Age group

Adult

## Lower age limit

18 years

#### Sex

Αll

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Haemoglobin less than 7.0 g/dl
- 2. Haemoglobinopathy
- 3. Hypoxia at rest or on walking (saturation of oxygen in arterial blood [SaO2] less than 94%) or significant co-morbidity that may affect haematinics, pulmonary vascular or ventilatory responses, e.g. current infection, a chronic inflammatory condition, known cardio-valvular lesion or pulmonary hypertension, chronic airflow limitation
- 4. A cause for iron deficiency requiring urgent investigation, such as a bowel malignancy
- 5. Exposure to high altitude (greater than 2,500 m) within the previous six weeks, or air-travel greater than 4 hours within the previous week
- 6. Current or recent iron supplementation or blood transfusion within the previous 6 weeks
- 7. Pregnancy or breast feeding

# Date of first enrolment 09/11/2009

Date of final enrolment 14/10/2013

## Locations

# **Countries of recruitment**United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre
Oxford Centre for Respiratory Medicine
Oxford
United Kingdom
OX3 7LJ

# Sponsor information

### Organisation

University of Oxford

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/052gg0110

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Industry

#### **Funder Name**

Syner-Med (Pharmaceutical Products) Ltd (UK)

#### Funder Name

The John Fell OUP Research Fund (UK)

#### **Funder Name**

The Medical Research Fund (UK)

# **Results and Publications**

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

#### **Study outputs**

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Participant information sheet Participant information sheet 11/11/2025 No Yes