# Effect of a plate haptic design on intraocular lens rotational-and-axial stability and posterior capsule opacification: a randomised trial (acrismart versus acrilyc intraocular lenses)

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>	
12/12/2006  Registration date	No longer recruiting  Overall study status	☐ Protocol	
		Statistical analysis plan	
29/01/2007	Completed	[X] Results	
<b>Last Edited</b> 29/06/2016	Condition category  Eve Diseases	[] Individual participant data	

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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# Additional identifiers

# Protocol serial number

FINO1002

# Study information

## Scientific Title

Effect of a plate haptic design on IntraOcular Lens rotational-and-axial stability and posterior capsule opacification: a randomised trial (Acrismart versus Acrilyc IntraOcular Lenses)

# **Study objectives**

Is the evaluation of the rotational stability (of importance for toric models), the axial stability (of importance regarding postoperative refractive outcome and refractive surprises) and the development of posterior capsular opacification of a modern MicroIncision Cataract Surgery (MICS)-compatible single-piece IntraOcular Lens (IOL) (Acri.Smart 46S) which is CE-marked and commercially available (since 2004) compared to that of an open-loop three-piece model made of the same optic material (AcriLyc 53N). Both IOL models have sharp optic edges.

# Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

Moorfields and Whittington LREC on the 15th November 2006 (ref: 06/Q0504/97).

# Study design

Randomised, bilateral, double-masked clinical trial with intra-individual comparison at two centres (Moorfields Eye Hospital [MEH] and Vienna)

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Study type(s)

Treatment

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cataract; posterior capsular opacification

#### Interventions

Intraocular lens implant (Acrismart or Acrylic lens)

## Intervention Type

Other

#### Phase

**Not Specified** 

## Primary outcome(s)

Posterior capsule opacification (%)

# Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Orientation (degrees)
- 2. Anterior Chamber Depth (ACD) (mm)
- 3. Decentration (mm)
- 4. Refraction
- 5. Rhexis size (mm<sup>2</sup>)
- 6. Slitlamp biomicroscopy (descriptive)

## Completion date

28/05/2010

# **Eligibility**

# Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Bilateral age-related cataract
- 2. Age 40 and older
- 3. Visual Acuity more than 0.05
- 4. Written informed consent to surgery and participation in the study

# Participant type(s)

Patient

# Healthy volunteers allowed

No

# Age group

Adult

#### Sex

**Not Specified** 

## Key exclusion criteria

Relevant other ophthalmic diseases (such as pseudoexfoliation, glaucoma, traumatic cataract and other comorbidity that could affect Posterior Capsule Opacification (PCO) rate, axial and rotational stability (e.g. Marfan syndrome)

## Date of first enrolment

28/11/2006

## Date of final enrolment

28/05/2010

# Locations

## Countries of recruitment

**United Kingdom** 

England

Austria

Study participating centre
Moorfields Eye Hospital NHS Foundation Trust
London
United Kingdom
EC1V 2PD

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

Moorfields Eye Hospital NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

## **ROR**

https://ror.org/03zaddr67

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Industry

## Funder Name

Acri.tec AG (Germany)

# **Results and Publications**

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results:	01/12/2013		Yes	No