# Prevention of Atrial Arrhythmias by Infusion of Magnesium Sulphate after Lung Resection for Cancer

Submission date Recruitment status Prospectively registered 28/09/2007 No longer recruiting [ ] Protocol [ ] Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 28/09/2007 Completed [ ] Results Individual participant data Last Edited Condition category Record updated in last year 02/08/2012 Cancer

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers N0054186615

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

#### Study objectives

We hypothesize that the prophylactic infusion of magnesium sulphate significantly reduces incidences of postoperative atrial fibrillation in patients undergoing thoracotomy, pneumonectomy and lobectomy.

This is a single-centre, controlled and randomised clinical trial. Study patients will be recruited into the trial from participating surgeons waiting lists and those consenting for the trial will be included in the trial register. Atrial arrhythmias are common after pulmonary procedures with reported incidences ranging from 10% to 20% after lobectomy and up to 40% after pneumonectomy. To date only one randomised study published nearly a decade ago showed that postoperative atrial tachyarrhythmias, mainly atrial fibrillation could be significantly reduced when magnesium sulphate was administered. A general consensus is still lacking on the efficacy of magnesium sulphate as anti-arrhythmic drug for patients undergoing lung cancer operation. We plan to investigate in this by carrying out a randomised, parallel, blinded, controlled trial involving a total of 240 patients (n=120 per group).

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

## Study design

Single-centre controlled and randomised clinical trial

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Study setting(s)

Hospital

# Study type(s)

Prevention

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cancer: Lung

#### **Interventions**

Patients will be randomly allocated in equal numbers to treatment with or without magnesium sulphate and followed-up during the in-hospital perioperative period.

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### **Phase**

**Not Specified** 

#### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Magnesium Sulphate

#### Primary outcome measure

Atrial fibrillation will be assessed using a standard 12-lead ECG measurement from the onset of the Q wave to the end of the S wave.

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Myocardial Infarction will be defined by two of the following three criteria if present: Unequivocal ECG changes. Elevation of cardiac enzyme(s): 3 times upper limit of creatinine kinase CK/CKMB) and above twice the upper limit of normal or elevated troponin (T/I). Chest pain typical of ischaemia lasting for more than 20 minutes.
- 2. Respiratory complications as determined by the requirement for postoperative mechanical ventilation greater than 24 hours or reintubation for ventilatory support after the day of surgery; pneumonia defined as fever eukocytosis, pulmonary infiltrate requiring antibiotic therapy; air leak from thoracostomy tubes for more than six days postoperatively; lobar collapse on postoperative chest radiograph; empyema and bronchopleural fistula. Sputum retention defined as failure to clear bronchial secretions that can result in: bronchial obstruction, atelectasis, lobar collapse, secondary pulmonary infection.
- 3. Renal Complications postoperative rise in serum creatinine above 200µmol/litre or requirement of postoperative dialysis support in a patient with normal preoperative renal function was considered to be a renal complication.
- 4. Neurological complications a postoperative new cerebrovascular accident or transient ischaemic attack was considered to be a neurological complication.
- 5. Pulmonary embolus defined as a blockage of an artery in the lungs by fat, air, tumor tissue, or blood clot.
- 6. Death is defined as all-cause mortality and the cause of death will have to be specified. In the analysis, all deaths during the study period will be compared between the two groups.

# Overall study start date

01/09/2006

#### Completion date

01/09/2008

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

240 subjects will be recruited. The investigator will be responsible for screening all patients listed for lung surgery at the CTC. Evidence from Terzi et al [32], had demonstrated that incidences of AF occurred in 10.7% of patients on magnesium sulphate as compared with 26.7%

of control patients. We predict that at 90% power (2-sided ¿=0.05), 240 patients allowing for drop outs, deaths etc) are required to detect at least a 16% reduction in incidences of AF. Inclusion Criteria:

- 1. Elective for non-cardiac thoracic operations for lung cancer (lobectomy and pneumonectomy)
- 2. Ability to provide informed consent

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Age group

**Not Specified** 

#### Sex

**Not Specified** 

#### Target number of participants

240

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients not undergoing major lung resection (see above)
- 2. Impaired renal function, preoperative creatinine >200 mol/L
- 3. Myocardial infarction within the last 6 months
- 4. Urgent or emergency operations
- 5. Video assisted thoracic surgery
- 6. Currently on drugs with antiarrhythmic properties
- 7. Patients with a history of preoperative cardiac arrhythmias

#### Date of first enrolment

01/09/2006

#### Date of final enrolment

01/09/2008

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

England

**United Kingdom** 

# Study participating centre Department of Thoracic Surgery Liverpool

United Kingdom L14 3PE

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Record Provided by the NHSTCT Register - 2007 Update - Department of Health

#### Sponsor details

The Department of Health, Richmond House, 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL +44 (0)20 7307 2622 dhmail@doh.gsi.org.uk

#### Sponsor type

Government

#### Website

http://www.dh.gov.uk/Home/fs/en

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

The Cardiothoracic Centre Liverpool NHS Trust (UK), NHS R&D Support Funding

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration