

The treatment of urinary incontinence in stroke patients

Submission date 23/01/2004	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 23/01/2004	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 19/04/2012	Condition category Urological and Genital Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers
MS9

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

1. To determine the prevalence of urinary incontinence and other lower urinary tract symptoms (frequency, nocturia, urgency) in community-dwelling stroke survivors.
2. To assess the impact that urinary incontinence and other urinary symptoms have on the lives of community-dwelling stroke survivors.
3. To evaluate a new continence service centred on the Continence Nurse Practitioner working in the community and compare this with the existing General Practitioner led service in a randomised controlled trial.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

GP practice

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cardiovascular diseases: Cerebrovascular disease; Urological and genital diseases: Incontinence

Interventions

1. Continence service provided by a nurse practitioner
2. Existing general practice care (standard care)

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Prevalence

Self-reported presence of urinary incontinence and other lower urinary tract symptoms (frequency, nocturia, urgency) and impact.

Randomised controlled trial

Nursing assessment of urinary symptoms and a structured home interview carried out at baseline, 3 months and 6 months after entering the service.

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

31/08/1997

Completion date

30/06/2000

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Stroke survivors living in the community who reported experiencing urinary symptoms.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

Not provided at time of registration

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

31/08/1997

Date of final enrolment

30/06/2000

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre
Division of Medicine for the Elderly
Leicester
United Kingdom
LE3 9QP

Sponsor information

Organisation

Record Provided by the NHS R&D 'Time-Limited' National Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

Sponsor details

The Department of Health
Richmond House
79 Whitehall
London
United Kingdom
SW1A 2NL

Sponsor type

Government

Website

<http://www.doh.gov.uk>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

NHS Cardiovascular Disease and Stroke National Research and Development Programme (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Other publications	prevalence and management	01/10/1999		Yes	No