# Epidemiology and treatment of soil-transmitted helminthiasis, with particular consideration to strongyloidiasis, in Yunnan province, China

Submission date	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	Prospectively regime		
16/08/2008		[] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	[] Statistical analysis		
21/08/2008	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited 13/11/2008	<b>Condition category</b> Infections and Infestations	[_] Individual particip		

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

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# **Contact details**

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# Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

## **IRAS number**

ClinicalTrials.gov number

	Prospectively	registered
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# Study information

Scientific Title

# **Study objectives**

1. Single-dose albendazole and single-dose tribendimidine (both drugs will be administered orally at 200 mg for children aged 5-14 years, and 400 mg for individuals aged >=15 years) are safe and efficacious against soil-transmitted helminth infections (Ascaris lumbricoides, hookworm and Trichuris trichuria)

2. Single-dose tribendimidine has an effect on Strongyloides stercoralis and Taenia spp

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Ethics Committee of the University and the State of Basel (Ethikkommission beider Basel) (EKBB) Date of approval: 12/06/2007 (ref: 149/07)

### Study design

Open-label, randomised controlled trial

# Primary study design

Interventional

**Secondary study design** Randomised controlled trial

**Study setting(s)** Other

**Study type(s)** Not Specified

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied Helminth infections

## Interventions

The participants who were diagnosed with helminthiases at the baseline parasitological survey were randomly allocated to the following arms:

Arm 1: Single-dose albendazole (oral), 200 mg for children aged 5-14 years, and 400 mg for individuals aged >=15 years Arm 2: Single-dose tribendimidine (oral), 200 mg for children aged 5-14 years, and 400 mg for individuals aged >=15 years

### Intervention Type

Drug

**Phase** Not Specified

# Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Albendazole, tribendimidine

### Primary outcome measure

 Reduction of infection prevalence of intestinal helminths, assessed by examination of stool samples 2-4 weeks after drug administration
Frequency and severity of adverse events were recorded within 24 hours after drug administration

## Secondary outcome measures

Kato-Katz-derived egg count reduction of common soil-transmitted helminths, assessed 2-4 weeks after drug administration.

Overall study start date 01/05/2007

# **Completion date**

31/07/2007

# Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Both males and females, age >=5 years
- 2. Submission of >=1 stool sample for the baseline parasitological survey
- 3. For females, not pregnant, as verbally assessed by medical personnel on the day of treatment
- 4. Absence of major systemic illnesses, as assessed by medical personnel on the day of treatment
- 5. Written informed consent by the head of the household on behalf of the whole family

# Participant type(s)

Patient

# Age group

Other

**Sex** Both

**Target number of participants** Approximately 300

Key exclusion criteria

1. Presence of any abnormal medical condition, as judged by the medical personnel

2. No stool sample submitted for baseline parasitological survey

3. Enrolled in any other clinical investigation during the study

4. For females: pregnancy

Date of first enrolment 01/05/2007

Date of final enrolment 31/07/2007

# Locations

**Countries of recruitment** China

Switzerland

**Study participating centre Department of Public Health and Epidemiology** Basel Switzerland 4002

# Sponsor information

**Organisation** Swiss National Science Foundation (SNSF) (Switzerland)

#### **Sponsor details**

Wildhainweg 3 PO Box 8232 Bern Switzerland 3001 +41 31 308 22 22 info@snf.ch

**Sponsor type** Government

Website http://www.snf.ch ROR https://ror.org/00yjd3n13

# Funder(s)

**Funder type** Research organisation

**Funder Name** Main funder:

#### Funder Name

Commission for Research Partnership with Developing Countries (KFPE) through the Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC) (Switzerland)

#### Funder Name

Other funders:

#### Funder Name

Voluntary Academic Society (Freiwillige Akademische Gesellschaft) (Switzerland)

#### Funder Name

Janggen-Pöhn Foundation (Janggen-Pöhn-Stiftung) (Switzerland)

#### **Funder Name**

Chinese Ministry of Science and Technology, through their support to the Key Laboratory of Parasite and Vector Biology of the Chinese Ministry of Health (China) (grant ref: 2005DKA21104)

#### **Funder Name**

Swiss National Science Foundation (Switzerland) (project numbers PPOOB-102883 and PPOOB-119129)

#### Alternative Name(s)

Schweizerischer Nationalfonds, Swiss National Science Foundation, Fonds National Suisse de la Recherche Scientifique, Fondo Nazionale Svizzero per la Ricerca Scientifica, Fonds National Suisse, Fondo Nazionale Svizzero, Schweizerische Nationalfonds, SNF, SNSF, FNS

**Funding Body Type** Private sector organisation

## Funding Body Subtype

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

**Location** Switzerland

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

#### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	Results	01/08/2008		Yes	No