Effective prevention of blood clots in critically ill patients

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
03/02/2010		[_] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	[] Statistical analysis plan		
22/02/2010	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited 16/05/2019	Condition category Circulatory System	Individual participant data		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number 2005-002381-10

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers EudraCT: 2005-002381-10

Study information

Scientific Title

Enoxaparin - effective dosage for intensive care patients: a double-blinded, randomised clinical trial

Study objectives

Inadequate dosage of enoxaparin may be a possible explanation for the high failure rate of thromboembolic prophylaxis in intensive care unit (ICU) patients. The administration of higher doses of enoxaparin may give better anti-factor Xa levels in ICU patients and may thereby confer a greater degree of protection against venous thromboembolism.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Local medical ethics committee (Den Videnskabsetisk Komite for Vejle og Fyn) approved on the 3rd June 2005 (ref: VF-2004-0225)

Study design Prospective randomised double-blinded controlled trial

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Venous thromboembolism

Interventions

Patients were randomised into four groups/arms to receive one of the following subcutaneous doses of enoxaparin (Clexane®): 40, 50, 60, or 70 mg for a period of 24 hours. Patients receiving 40 mg (the standard thromboprophylactic dose of enoxaparin) acted as the control group, while patients receiving 50, 60, and 70 mg were considered intervention groups. The total duration of treatment and follow-up was 24 hours.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Enoxaparin

Primary outcome measure

Peak anti-factor Xa levels (peak = 4 hours post-enoxaparin administration). Levels of anti-factor Xa activity were determined using a validated chromogenic assay kit (COAMATIC Heparin, Chromogenix, Instrumentation Laboratory Company, Lexington, USA) with the substrate S-2732, and the apparatus (STA-R Evolution, Diagnostica Stago, Asnieres, France).

Secondary outcome measures

1. Antithrombin (AT)

2. Prothrombin time (PT)

3. Activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT)

4. Thrombin-antithrombin complexes (TAT), determined using an enzyme-immunoassay

(Enzygnostâ TAT micro, Siemens, Marburg, Germany)

5. Fibrinogen

6. Platelets

7. D-dimer

Measured immediately before, and at 4, 12, and 24 hours after the administration of enoxaparin.

Overall study start date

01/02/2006

Completion date

31/03/2009

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Consecutive patients admitted to the ICU

2. Aged over 18 years, either sex

3. Minimum stay of greater than 24 hours

Participant type(s) Patient

Age group Adult

Lower age limit 18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants 80 patients

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients weighing less than 50 kg or greater than 90 kg

- 2. Bleeding diathesis
- 3. In need of an operation within the timeframe of the study
- 4. Pregnant
- 5. Requiring continuous veno-venous haemofiltration

Date of first enrolment

01/02/2006

Date of final enrolment 31/03/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment Denmark

Study participating centre Department of Anaesthesia and Intensive Care Odense Denmark DK 5000

Sponsor information

Organisation Odense University Hospital (Denmark)

Sponsor details

Department of Anaesthesia and Intensive Care Sdr. Boulevard 29. Odense Denmark DK 5000

Sponsor type Hospital/treatment centre

Website http://www.ouh.dk/wm259883

ROR https://ror.org/00ey0ed83

Funder(s)

Funder type Charity

Funder Name Professor Sophus H Johansens Foundation (Denmark)

Funder Name Danielsens Foundation (Denmark)

Funder Name

The Danish Society of Anaesthesiology and Intensive Medicines Research Initiative (Denmark)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Basic results</u>			16/05/2019	No	No