

The influence of venous impulse foot pumps on pin tract infections: A prospective randomised controlled trial

Submission date
12/09/2003

Recruitment status
No longer recruiting

☐ Prospectively registered

☐ Protocol

Registration date
12/09/2003

Overall study status
Completed

☐ Statistical analysis plan

☐ Results

Last Edited
30/03/2020

Condition category
Infections and Infestations

☐ Individual participant data

☐ Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

N0050111063

Study information

Scientific Title

The influence of venous impulse foot pumps on pin tract infections: A prospective randomised controlled trial

Study objectives

Does the use of foot pumps reduce:

1. The incidence of pin tract sepsis?
2. The morbidity of established infection?

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

A prospective randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Quality of life

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Infections and Infestations: Pin tract infections

Interventions

A prospective randomised controlled trial/case note review. Randomise patients with external fixators to two groups - 1. with and 2. without foot pump. A minimum period of 72 h of foot pump usage is aimed at to see any changes. As well as this, both groups will have the normal routine of treatment and prevention of infection at the pin sites. This is already in place. They are followed up till their usual first clinic visit to observe effect on the pin site.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

Establishment of status of pin site as infected or not infected on clinical examination both at discharge and first clinic visit.

Key secondary outcome(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Completion date

27/05/2003

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

All adult patients admitted to the orthopaedic wards with an external fixator to the lower limb. Patients would have to have had a fresh procedure and should have had the external fixator applied during the current admission.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

27/05/2002

Date of final enrolment

27/05/2003

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Orthopaedics

Bradford

United Kingdom

BD9 6RJ

Sponsor information**Organisation**

Department of Health (UK)

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Huntleigh Healthcare (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration