

# Diabetes Remission Clinical Trial

<b>Submission date</b> 04/12/2013	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 20/12/2013	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 01/03/2024	<b>Condition category</b> Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Substantial weight loss achieved following bariatric surgery (e.g. gastric band) can reverse type 2 diabetes (T2D) in 70-80% of patients. However, research has proved that it can also be reversed by a strict energy restricted diet with around 15 kg weight loss. The major clinical question is whether this new knowledge about T2D can now impact its management in GP surgeries. A new approach to routine weight management is clearly required. While previous guidelines have retained a 5-10% weight-loss target, the 2010 SIGN Obesity guideline has set a new weight loss /maintenance target of >15-20% for obese people with diabetes. In routine NHS diabetes care, few people achieve a weight loss of >15kg (or >15%). Although bariatric surgery is recommended for obese patients with diabetes, there is little realistic prospect of it being offered to most such patients due to limited resources. In addition, many patients will not agree to surgery. However, there is clear evidence that a combined medical programme of diet, exercise and anti-obesity drugs can generate and maintain >15 kg weight loss for many patients. The aim of the study is to find out whether it is possible to reverse diabetes and sustain this over 2 years, similar to the benefits that are achieved through sustained weight loss after bariatric surgery. Optimised weight management via a proven structured programme, Counterweight Plus, will be used in GP surgeries. The study will also find out about the mechanisms underlying reversal of diabetes and quantify quality of life and attitudes during the study.

### Who can participate ?

Patients in participating GP practices who have been diagnosed with type 2 diabetes within the previous 6 years, and who fulfil all inclusion criteria, will be invited to participate in the study.

### What does the study involve?

GP practices will be recruited and randomly allocated to either to deliver usual care or to deliver Counterweight Plus, which includes a total diet replacement phase (TDR) followed by structured food reintroduction and long-term weight loss maintenance. Patients recruited in each participating GP practice will receive the care to which their practice has been allocated. All participants will be followed up at 1 and 2 years.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

For patients who are successful in maintaining >15 kg loss, it is expected that many will revert to a non-diabetic state, and remain so for at least 2 years. There will be multiple clinical and personal benefits from any degree of weight loss, which are expected as long as any weight loss

is maintained, for most patients and beyond the end of the study. There are no major risks from taking part in this study. The only significant risk from more intensive weight loss in the weight management programme arm is that gall-stones may become symptomatic. This is still relatively uncommon. This risk will be minimised by dietary provision which includes some fat consumption.

Where is the study run from?

The study is run from GP practices across Scotland and Tyneside, UK

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

The study will run for 5 years and recruitment will commence early in 2014

Who is funding the Study?

The study is funded by Diabetes UK

Who is the main contact?

Professor Mike Lean

Mike.Lean@glasgow.ac.uk

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

Prof Mike Lean

### Contact details

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

GN13DI127

## Study information

**Scientific Title**

Reversal of type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM) using non-surgical weight management with Low-Energy-Liquid-Diet and long-term maintenance, within routine NHS care

**Acronym**

DiRECT

**Study objectives**

Losing weight using a structured weight management programme which includes an initial period of total diet replacement, followed by carefully managed food reintroduction and then weight loss maintenance, is a viable treatment for putting T2DM into remission, and can be transferred to a larger scale as part of routine GP care, where large numbers of overweight people with T2DM are managed in the UK.

**Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)**

West of Scotland Research Ethics Committee 3, 24/01/2014, REC ref: 13/WS/0314

**Study design**

Cluster randomized controlled design with GP practices as the unit of randomization

**Primary study design**

Interventional

**Secondary study design**

Cluster randomised trial

**Study setting(s)**

GP practice

**Study type(s)**

Treatment

**Participant information sheet**

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Type 2 diabetes

**Interventions**

Practices randomised to the intervention will deliver Counterweight Plus, which includes a Total Diet Replacement phase followed by structured food reintroduction and long-term weight loss maintenance. Training for the practice nurses/dietitians in TDR delivery, maintenance diet programme and behaviour therapy will be provided by the Counterweight (CW) Specialists, using the training package developed for the Counterweight feasibility study in primary care.

Week 0-12: a commercial micronutrient-replete 825-853 kcal/d TDR (soups and shakes) will be provided to replace normal foods, with ample fluids, for 12 weeks. Participants will be seen for review weekly then every 2 weeks during this phase.

Week 12-18: stepped transition to food-based Weight Maintenance, replacing TDR with meals which contain 30% of energy from fat. During this phase participants will attend for review appointments every 2 weeks.

Weeks 18-104: participants will then be provided with an individually tailored calorie prescription to support weight stabilisation and prevent weight regain with monthly review appointments.

All subjects in the intervention arm who are physically capable will be advised about increasing daily physical activity. As an aid, patients will be recommended to obtain an inexpensive step-counter and to aim to reach and maintain their individual sustainable maximum.

Some patients find weight maintenance difficult, some relapse temporarily and gain weight rapidly. Others may tend to let things slip more gradually. If weight regains occurs in TDR randomised participants, or if diabetes is found to have returned (HbA1c risen above 6.5%) at any time during the 18-month weight loss maintenance stage, rescue plans for weight gain prevention will be offered.

Tyneside patients will be invited to participate in studies to define the physiological mechanisms underlying the long-term reversal of T2DM. These participants will have magnetic resonance measurements of pancreas and liver fat, assessment of beta-cell function and very low density lipoprotein (VLDL) secretion rate, and indirect calorimeter measurement of whole body substrate oxidation.

A random sample of control and intervention patients will be invited to participate in semi-structured interviews focusing on experiences, barriers, facilitators and successful strategies for self-control.

Practices randomised to control will continue to deliver usual optimal diabetes and obesity management as per clinical guidelines.

## **Intervention Type**

Behavioural

## **Primary outcome measure**

Reduction in weight of 15 kg (assumed equal on average to 15%) or more

Co-primary outcome: Reversal of diabetes (HbA1c <6.5%)

Both outcomes measured at 1 year

## **Secondary outcome measures**

1. Quality of life measured by EQ-5D questionnaire

2. Physical activity level measured using Sensewear Monitor

3. Serum lipids

All outcomes measured at 1 year

## **Overall study start date**

01/01/2014

## **Completion date**

30/09/2018

## Eligibility

### Key inclusion criteria

1. Men and women aged 20-65 years, all ethnicities
2. T2DM of duration 0-6 years
3. Body Mass Index (BMI) >27 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

### Participant type(s)

Patient

### Age group

Adult

### Lower age limit

20 Years

### Upper age limit

65 Years

### Sex

Both

### Target number of participants

280

### Total final enrolment

306

### Key exclusion criteria

1. Current insulin use
2. HbA1c  $\geq$ 12%
3. Substance abuse
4. Known cancer
5. Myocardial infarction within previous 6 months
6. Learning difficulties
7. Current treatment with anti-obesity drugs
8. Diagnosed eating disorder or purging
9. Pregnant/considering pregnancy
10. Patients who have required hospitalisation for depression or are on antipsychotic drugs

### Date of first enrolment

01/01/2014

### Date of final enrolment

05/08/2016

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

Scotland

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**

**University of Glasgow**

Glasgow

United Kingdom

G4 0SF

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde (UK)

**Sponsor details**

Research and Development Management Office

Tennent Institute

38 Church Street

Western Infirmary

Glasgow

Scotland

United Kingdom

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**Sponsor type**

Hospital/treatment centre

**Website**

<http://www.nhsggc.org.uk/>

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/05kdz4d87>

## **Funder(s)**

**Funder type**

Charity

**Funder Name**  
Diabetes UK (UK)

**Alternative Name(s)**  
DIABETES UK LIMITED, British Diabetic Association

**Funding Body Type**  
Private sector organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**  
Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

**Location**  
United Kingdom

**Funder Name**  
Cambridge Weight Plan (UK) - product and training support

**Results and Publications**

**Publication and dissemination plan**  
Not provided at time of registration

**Intention to publish date**

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

**IPD sharing plan summary**  
Not provided at time of registration

**Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Protocol article</a>	protocol	16/02/2016		Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	1-year results	10/02/2018		Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	baseline results	01/03/2018		Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	2-year results	01/05/2019		Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>		01/05/2021	01/06/2021	Yes	No
<a href="#">HRA research summary</a>			28/06/2023	No	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	5-year results	26/02/2024	01/03/2024	Yes	No