

# Therapeutic effects of an advanced hippotherapy simulator in children with cerebral palsy

<b>Submission date</b> 19/02/2009	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 27/02/2009	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 20/07/2010	<b>Condition category</b> Nervous System Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

# Study information

## Scientific Title

Study of the therapeutic effects of an advanced hippotherapy simulator in children with cerebral palsy: a randomised controlled trial

## Study objectives

To analyse the therapeutic effects or the contraindications of the use of a commercial hippotherapy simulator on several important factors relating to children with cerebral palsy (CP) such as their motor development, balance control in the sitting posture, hip abduction range of motion and electromyographic (EMG) activity of adductor musculature.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Local Ethics Committee (CEIC Aragón) gave approval on the 6th June 2008 (ref: CP04/06/08)

## Study design

Randomised controlled clinical trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Hospital

## Study type(s)

Quality of life

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cerebral palsy

## Interventions

The patients were classified into five levels according to the Gross Motor Function Classification System and subsequently randomly divided into two treatment groups:

1. Treatment Group with hippotherapy simulator (maintaining sitting posture, with legs in abduction and rhythmic movement of the simulator)
2. Treatment Group maintaining sitting posture, with legs in abduction and without rhythmic movement of the simulator

The randomising will be centralised and generated by computer to ensure a similar distribution of the possible confusion variables in both groups. The assignation sequence will be hidden. In cases where tutors or children do not wish to participate, their reasons will be recorded.

The independent variable in this study is the assigned therapeutic modality (treatment with hippotherapy simulator, or maintenance of sitting posture with legs in abduction but without rhythmic movement of the emulator). Each child will receive 10 treatment sessions. There will be one session a week of 15 minutes. The children not included in the simulator group are offered 10 treatment sessions with the simulator after the study has been completed. The dependent variables are:

1. Sitting balance
2. Measurement of hip abduction range of motion
3. Electromyographic activity in adductors
4. Gross motor function

Follow-up will continue until three months post-treatment completion.

### **Intervention Type**

Other

### **Phase**

Not Applicable

### **Primary outcome measure**

Sitting balance:

1. Measurement of hip abduction range of motion, measured using an electronic inclinometer and traditional goniometer
2. Electromyographic activity in adductors, measured using surface electromyography (EMG)
3. Gross motor function, measured with the Gross Motor Function Measure (GMFM) and Sitting Assessment Scale (SAS)

### **Secondary outcome measures**

Satisfaction of participants, measured using a 0 - 10 scale.

### **Overall study start date**

01/10/2008

### **Completion date**

01/10/2009

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

Children between 4 and 18 years old (either sex) with CP, who attend schools run by the Education Department of the Government of Aragon (Spain) and whose tutors have signed an informed consent form.

### **Participant type(s)**

Patient

### **Age group**

Child

**Lower age limit**

4 Years

**Upper age limit**

18 Years

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

37

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Children who have undergone selective dorsal rhizotomy
2. Acute convulsions not controlled by medication
3. Allergy to electrode adhesives
4. Visual impairment not corrected with glasses
5. Those circumstances or associated illnesses that in the judgment of the researcher might interfere with the results or be detrimental to the children
6. Inability to attend intervention sessions or refusal to participate

**Date of first enrolment**

01/10/2008

**Date of final enrolment**

01/10/2009

## **Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

Spain

**Study participating centre**

C/ Belle Epoque 27 Local

Zaragoza

Spain

50019

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

Regional Government of Aragon (Spain)

### Sponsor details

Department of Research, Innovation and Development  
Paseo María Agustín 36  
Puerta 30 1ª planta  
Zaragoza  
Spain  
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aasensio@unizar.es

### Sponsor type

Government

### ROR

<https://ror.org/0425pg203>

## Funder(s)

### Funder type

Government

### Funder Name

Regional Government of Aragon (Spain) - Department of Research, Innovation and Development  
(ref: PM059/2007)

## Results and Publications

### Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

### Intention to publish date

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Protocol article</a>	protocol	16/04/2010		Yes	No