

Financial incentives for smoking cessation in low-income smokers

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		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 14/10/2011	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 22/08/2016	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Tobacco smoking is the leading avoidable cause of death in high-income countries. As this impacts primarily the least educated and least affluent groups, a smoking cessation treatment that works well for those groups is needed. Research shows that offering financial incentives help increase both participation in smoking cessation programs and quit rates in those enrolled, at least in the short term (6 months). What is not known is whether financial incentives can enhance longer-term (1 year) smoking cessation rates, outside clinical and workplace settings. The objective of this study is to assess whether financial incentives of 1500 CHF (1600 USD, 1200 Euros, 1000 GBP) work. The study will also test whether 6-month effects translate into sustained abstinence 12 months after the incentives are withdrawn, and examine whether the outcome is influenced by the characteristics of participants (socio-demographics, level of tobacco dependence, motivation to quit, smoking history). Combining financial incentives and Internet-based counselling is an innovative approach that, if it is acceptable and works well, could be later implemented on a large scale at a reasonable cost, and save many lives.

Who can participate?

All adult daily smokers of 5 or more cigarettes/day, who earn <30,000 CHF for single taxpayers and <95,000 CHF for married taxpayers (these threshold corresponds to the 35% less affluent people in Geneva).

What does the study involve?

Two groups will be compared: group 1 will receive a smoking cessation program including: a) financial incentives of up to 1500 Frs and b) Internet-based counselling. Group 2 (control group) will receive only the online counselling but no financial incentives.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

In the intervention group, financial rewards will be offered for biochemically verified smoking abstinence (carbon monoxide and cotinine) after 1, 2 and 3 weeks and after 1, 3 and 6 months (these milestones are called time points), for a maximum of 1500 CHF for those abstinent at all time points. All participants will receive Internet-based, customised smoking cessation counselling and self-help booklets, but there will be no in-person or telephone counselling, and participants will not receive medications. There is no known risk.

Where is the study run from?

The study is carried out at the Faculty of Medicine of the University of Geneva, Switzerland

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

The first participant was enrolled in August 2011 and enrollment will last for 18 months

Who is funding the study?

The Tobacco Prevention Fund of the Swiss Federal Office of Public Health, Switzerland

Who is the main contact?

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Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

HUG 11-040

Study information

Scientific Title

Financial incentives for smoking cessation in low-income smokers: a randomized trial

Study objectives

A smoking cessation program including:

Financial incentives of up to 1500 CHF (1550 USD, 1150 Euros, 960 GBP) given during 6 months and Internet-based counselling will increase smoking cessation rates in low-income smokers compared with a control group receiving the online counselling but no financial incentives

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Geneva University Hospitals Ethics Committee, 06/04/2011, ref: HUG 11-040

Study design

Randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Quality of life

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Smoking, tobacco dependence, nicotine addiction

Interventions

Financial incentives of up to 1500 CHF (1550 USD, 1150 Euros, 960 GBP) given during 6 months for the interventional group with internet-based counselling will increase smoking cessation rates in low-income smokers, compared with a control group receiving the online counselling but no financial incentives.

Follow-up and verification of abstinence after 3 and 6 months (end of intervention) and after 18 months (=12 months after the end of intervention).

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

Continuous smoking abstinence between 6 and 18 months, that is, self-report of no puff of tobacco in the previous 7 days at 6 months plus self-report of no smoking between the 6 and 18-month surveys, not contradicted by CO, cotinine and thiocyanate measurements.

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Biochemically confirmed point prevalence of abstinence after 3, 6 and 18 months
2. Abstinence at 3, 6 and 18 months using the "Russell Standard", a recently suggested standard for smoking cessation trials
3. Quit attempts during the intervention phase (number, duration and dates)
4. Cigarette consumption, motivation to quit, confidence in ability to quit
5. Use of the online smoking cessation program

Completion date

31/03/2013

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. >18 years old
2. Taxable income <30,000 CHF for single taxpayers and <95,000 CHF for married taxpayers, proven by most recent fiscal taxation
3. Smokes at least 5 cigarettes per day, every day
4. Has smoked for at least 1 year
5. Baseline CO reading of at least 10 ppm
6. Baseline saliva cotinine reading of NicAlert level 1 or higher (≥ 10 ng/mL)
7. Sets a quit date within one month and commits to quit at that date by signing the quit contract
8. Commits to take part in all follow-up surveys and in all biochemical tests of abstinence
9. Declares to understand and to accept the control group procedure
10. Signs informed consent form at each line
11. Shows identity document with photo (a copy will be kept in our records)
12. Has regular access to Internet and e-mail
13. Commits to read e-mail daily during the study
14. Valid e-mail address, postal address and telephone number

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Does not meet inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment

15/08/2011

Date of final enrolment

31/03/2013

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Switzerland

Study participating centre

Universite de Geneve

Geneva

Switzerland

1211

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Geneva (Switzerland)

ROR

<https://ror.org/01m1pv723>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Tobacco Prevention Fund, Swiss Federal Office of Public Health (Switzerland)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	23/08/2016		Yes	No
Protocol article	protocol	21/06/2012		Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes