All-polyethylene tibia components compared to metal-backed tibia components in total knee replacement.

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered			
27/08/2014		☐ Protocol			
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan			
22/09/2014	Completed	[X] Results			
Last Edited 05/12/2023	Condition category Musculoskeletal Diseases	[] Individual participant data			

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Metal-backed total knee replacements are the most commonly used total knee replacements worldwide. However, knee replacements with all-polyethylene tibial components remain an attractive alternative as they are cheaper and avoid problems such as the knee joint mechanism locking and some wear and tear issues. Here, we want to compare two types of total knee replacements the Triathlon CS Knee System with all-polyethylene tibial components and the Triathlon CS Knee System with metal-backed modular tibial components.

Who can participate?

Adults aged 40 to 75 who need a total knee replacement.

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups. Those in group 1 receive the all-polyethylene tibial components for their total knee replacement. Those in group 2 receive the metal-backed modular tibial components for their total knee replacement. The two types of knee replacements are then compared using RSA (radiostereometric analysis) X rays. This is a special technique that takes two X-rays of the joint from different angles at the same time. This creates a 3D image that can be viewed. During surgery, tiny beads are placed in the bone that will surround the knee replacement. These beads are then used to check the positioning of the knee replacement and whether that changes over time. Each patient taking part in the study is invited to a number of follow up visits one before being discharged from hospital, one 3 months after surgery, and then at 1, 2, 5, 7 and 10 years after surgery. During these visits, they are asked to complete questionnaires about their health, their activities and their knee. RSA X-rays are also taken.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The study will help increase knowledge of the two knee replacement systems used in the study.

Where is the study run?

Hässleholms sjukhus, Hässleholm (Sweden)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? March 2014 to December 2024

Who is funding the study? Stryker European Operations BV (Netherlands)

Who is the main contact? Christina Silver christina.silver@stryker.com

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

K-S-047

Study information

Scientific Title

Migration and survival of all-polyethylene tibial components compared to the metal-backed modular components of the Triathlon CS Total Knee System. A RSA study

Study objectives

The primary objective is the assessment of prosthetic migration results after two years of the Triathlon CS Knee System with all-polyethylene tibial components compared to the Triathlon CS Knee System with metal-backed modular components by means of Roentgen Stereophotogrammetry.

The secondary objective will be the prediction of the long-term survival based on the two-year migration patterns combined with clinical factors and radiographic aspects. In order to identify other clinical parameters besides the fixation of the prosthesis components, clinical scores and radiographic aspects will be correlated with the RSA outcome.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

approved 07/08/2013, Regional Ethical Review Board in Lund (Hämtställe 12, Lund, 223 61, Sweden; +46 (0)46-222 00 00; forskningsetik@lu.se), ref: 2013/434

Study design

Single-center randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Osteoarthritis

Interventions

Patients are informed and screened pre-operative. After signing informed consent, the patients will be randomized in one of the two groups, the day before surgery. The patient will receive either the all-polyethylene tibial component or the metal-backed modular tibial component for their Triathlon CS total knee. The principal investigator and the participating surgeons may dissent from the randomization scheme based on intra-operative findings. This patient will be excluded from the study. Follow-up visits are performed at the following time points: prior to discharge, 3 months, 1, 2, 5, 7 and 10 years after surgery. During these visits clinical evaluation and x rays are done, any adverse events are monitored (if applicable) and the KOOS, EQ-5D and FJS questionnaires are completed by the patient.

Intervention Type

Device

Phase

Phase III/IV

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

All-polyethylene cruciate-retaining Triathlon total knee prostheses, Metal-backed cruciate-retaining Triathlon total knee prostheses

Primary outcome(s)

The primary outcome measure will be prosthetic migration after two years of the Triathlon CS Knee System with all-polyethylene tibial components and the Triathlon CS Knee System with metal backed modular components by means of Roentgen Stereophotogrammetry. It is hypothesized that there will be no difference between groups. The difference in migration between components must not exceed 0.3 mm for translations and 0.25° for the rotations to determine equivalence.

Key secondary outcome(s))

The secondary outcome measure will be long-term survival based on the two-year migration patterns combined with clinical factors and radiographic aspects. In order to identify other clinical parameters besides the fixation of the prosthesis components, clinical scores and radiographic aspects will be correlated with the RSA outcome. The 10 years results will be used to verify the predicted long-term survival results.

Completion date

31/12/2024

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patient is able to understand the meaning of the study and is willing to sign the EC approved, study specific Informed Patient Consent Form
- 2. Patients eligible and scheduled to undergo primary total knee replacement with any of the following indication
- 2.1. Painful and disabled knee joint resulting from osteoarthritis (Ahlbäck stage II to V)
- 2.2. One or more compartments are involved
- 3. Ability and willingness to follow instructions, including control of weight and activity level, and to return for follow-up evaluations
- 4. A good nutritional state of the patient
- 5. The subject is a male or non-pregnant female between 40 and 75 years of age

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. The subject is morbidly obese, defined as Body Mass Index (BMI) of > 37
- 2. Previous major knee surgery
- 3. Patients who had a Total Knee Arthroplasty (TKA) on contralateral side within the last 6 months that is considered to have an unsatisfactory outcome. (Patients with contralateral TKA > 3 months ago with good outcome can be included in the study)
- 4. Patients with other severe concurrent joint involvements that can affect their outcome
- 5. Patient has a flexion contracture of 15° and more
- 6. Patient has a varus/valgus contracture of 15° and more
- 7. The subject will be operated bilaterally
- 8. The subject has an active or suspected latent infection in or about the knee joint
- 9. Osteomyelitis
- 10. The subject has a neuromuscular or neurosensory deficiency, which would limit the ability to assess the performance of the device
- 11. The subject has a systemic or metabolic disorder leading to progressive bone deterioration
- 12. The subject is immunologically suppressed or receiving steroids in excess of normal physiological requirements
- 13. Female patients planning a pregnancy during the course of the study
- 14. The patient is unable or unwilling to sign the Informed Consent specific to this study

Date of first enrolment

Date of final enrolment 11/09/2014

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Sweden

Study participating centre

Department of Orthopaedics Hässleholm-Kristianstad-Ystad

Hässleholm Hospital

Hässleholm

Sweden

281 38

Sponsor information

Organisation

Stryker European Operations BV (Netherlands)

ROR

https://ror.org/02nwyam20

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Stryker European Operations BV (Netherlands)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		24/01/2022	05/12/2023	Yes	No
Results article	2-year results	01/05/2018	05/12/2023	Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes