The impact of systemic family therapy as an element of treatment for families following trauma

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
14/05/2008	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
09/06/2008	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
02/06/2017	Mental and Behavioural Disorders	Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

EAT/3196/05

Study information

Scientific Title

The impact of systemic family therapy as an element of treatment for families following trauma

Study objectives

A combination of systemic family therapy and trauma-focused cognitive behavioural therapy (CBT) will improve outcomes compared to trauma-focused CBT alone for families referred to a clinical service following trauma.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Office for Research Ethics Committees Northern Ireland (ORECNI), 25/10/2006, ref: 06/nir02/106

Study design

Randomised single-blind trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Trauma

Interventions

The families are randomly allocated to either of the following arms:

Arm 1: CBT and systemic family therapy

Arm 2: CBT only

The therapies are manualised and conducted by highly experienced mental health professionals including clinical psychologists, family therapists and CBT therapists. There are CBT and systemic consultants to the trial who review session checklists to ensure treatment fidelity. The family are invited to bring all who they deem relevant to the family therapy sessions. Family sessions last up to 90 mins and occur on a three weekly cycle. Individual therapy lasts for up to 60 mins and occurs on a 2 - 3 week cycle. The total number of therapy sessions per participant is not fixed, and some sessions may be missed for other family priorities. The number of sessions attended is recorded for each participant and therefore the dose effect for individuals and families can be included in the analysis.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome(s)

McMaster family assessment device. This tool has seven subscales as follows: problem solving, communication, roles, affective responses, affective involvement, behavioural control and general functioning. This assessment will be carried out at baseline and 6 months.

Key secondary outcome(s))

The following assessments will be carried out at baseline and 6 months:

- 1. Hospital anxiety and depression scale
- 2. Antonovsky's sense of coherence scale
- 3. Rosenberg self esteem scale

Completion date

31/08/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Those who live in the study area at time of referral
- 2. One or more members of the family have suffered a traumatic event that is the primary reason for referral to the family trauma centre
- 3. Both males and females are eligible to participate. Measures are completed by those aged 13 and older who attend the initial assessment session.

Family will be offered an initial assessment interview at the family trauma centre between February 2007 and August 2008.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Other

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Not a trauma Case
- 2. Child sexual abuse case
- 3. Interpreter needed to facilitate therapy
- 4. Ongoing individual therapy with another service
- 5. New episode of treatment in an ongoing case
- 6. Very urgent response needed

Date of first enrolment

15/02/2007

Date of final enrolment

31/08/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

Northern Ireland

Study participating centre Institute of Child Care Research (ICCR) Belfast United Kingdom BT7 1LP

Sponsor information

Organisation

Belfast Health and Social Care Trust (UK)

ROR

https://ror.org/02tdmfk69

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety for Northern Ireland (UK) (ref: EAT/3196 /05)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Participant information sheet 11/11/2025 No Yes