

# Procalcitonin guided reduction of the duration of antibiotic therapy in Community Acquired Pneumonia

<b>Submission date</b> 18/01/2005	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 15/02/2005	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 19/11/2007	<b>Condition category</b> Respiratory	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

EKBB 232/03

# Study information

## Scientific Title

## Acronym

ProCAP-Study/ProResp II-Study

## Study objectives

In patients with Community Acquired Pneumonia (CAP), guidelines recommend antibiotic treatment for 7 to 21 days. Procalcitonin is elevated in bacterial infections, and its dynamics have prognostic implications.

### Objective:

To assess procalcitonin guidance for the initiation and duration of antibiotic therapy in community-acquired pneumonia.

### Hypothesis:

Procalcitonin guidance could significantly shorten antibiotic duration with a similar clinical and laboratory outcome.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

The study was approved by the institutional review board of University Hospital Basel. Written, informed consent was obtained from all included patients or their legal representatives.

## Study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Hospital

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Community Acquired Pneumonia (CAP)

## Interventions

Control group:  
Receive antibiotics according to usual practice.

Intervention group:  
In the procalcitonin group, antibiotic treatment was based on serum procalcitonin concentrations as follows:

1. Strongly discouraged: less than 0.1 µg/L
2. Discouraged: less than 0.25 µg/L
3. Encouraged: greater than 0.25 µg/L
4. Strongly encouraged: greater than 0.5 µg/L

Reevaluation of the clinical status and measurement of serum procalcitonin levels was recommended after 6 - 24 hours in all patients from whom antibiotics were withheld. Procalcitonin levels were reassessed after 4, 6, and 8 days. Antibiotics were discontinued on the basis of the procalcitonin cutoffs defined above. In patients with very high procalcitonin values on admission (e.g., greater than 10 µg/L), discontinuation of antibiotics was encouraged if levels decreased to levels less than 10% of the initial value (e.g., 1 µg/L, instead of less than 0.25 µg/L).

## **Intervention Type**

Other

## **Phase**

Not Specified

## **Primary outcome measure**

Total antibiotic use, recorded on days 4, 6, and 8 and at follow-up after 6 weeks.

## **Secondary outcome measures**

Measures of laboratory and clinical outcomes, recorded on days 4, 6, and 8 and at follow-up after 6 weeks.

## **Overall study start date**

01/01/2004

## **Completion date**

31/12/2005

# **Eligibility**

## **Key inclusion criteria**

The criterion for inclusion in the study was a suspected CAP as the main diagnosis. This was defined as presence of a new infiltrate on chest X-ray accompanied by one or several acquired respiratory symptoms and signs:

1. Cough
2. Sputum production
3. Dyspnoea
4. Fever over 38.0°C
5. Auscultatory findings of abnormal breath sounds and rales
6. Leukocytosis more than  $10 \times 10^9$  cells/L or leukopenia less than  $4 \times 10^9$  cells/L in the absence of a hospital stay within 14 days before admission

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

250

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Cystic fibrosis or active tuberculosis
2. Immunocompromised patients, i.e. patients infected with Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection and a CD4 count below 200
3. Neutropenic patients with a neutrophil count less than  $500 \times 10^9/\text{ml}$
4. Under chemotherapy with neutrophils  $500 - 1000 \times 10^9/\text{ml}$  with an expected decrease to values less than  $500 \times 10^9/\text{ml}$
5. Immunosuppressive therapy after bone marrow or solid organ transplantation
6. Nosocomial pneumonia

**Date of first enrolment**

01/01/2004

**Date of final enrolment**

31/12/2005

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

Switzerland

**Study participating centre**

University Hospital

Basel

Switzerland

4031

**Sponsor information****Organisation**

University Hospital Basel (Switzerland)

**Sponsor details**

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**Sponsor type**

Hospital/treatment centre

**Website**

<http://www.universitaetsspital-basel.ch/>

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/04k51q396>

## **Funder(s)**

**Funder type**

Hospital/treatment centre

**Funder Name**

University Hospital Basel (Switzerland):

**Funder Name**

1. Clinic of Pulmonary Medicine

**Funder Name**

2. Clinic of Endocrinology

**Funder Name**

3. Emergency Unit

**Funder Name**

4. Department of Internal Medicine

**Funder Name**

## 5. Department of Central Laboratories (infrastructure)

### Funder Name

BRAHMS AG (Germany) - assay material

## Results and Publications

### Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

### Intention to publish date

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>		28/06/2006		Yes	No
<a href="#">Other publications</a>		01/07/2006		Yes	No
<a href="#">Other publications</a>		01/11/2007		Yes	No