

Does massage during a long operation reduce pain in the recovery period?

Submission date 16/06/2008	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 18/07/2008	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 22/12/2020	Condition category Signs and Symptoms	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers
RPC178

Study information

Scientific Title

The effect of Intra-operative Passive Movement on Non-Surgical Site Pain after breast reconstructive surgery

Acronym

IPM for NSSP

Study objectives

There is no statistically significant reduction in the pain experienced by patients undergoing breast reconstructive surgery who receive intra-operative passive movement (IPM) therapy.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Brighton West Research Ethics Committee, 24/01/2008, ref: 07/H111/93

Study design

Prospective double-blinded randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Non-surgical site pain

Interventions

Intra-operative passive movements (IPM):

The treatment protocol was devised by the hospital's senior physiotherapists using techniques described by Maitland. The movements have been standardised (each movement is to be performed twice) and will take five minutes. The treatment will be administered once during a natural break in surgery and again at the end of surgery before the patients are taken through to the recovery ward. IPM will not interfere with the surgeon and will be well away from where the surgeon is working. Sterility of the surgical field will be ensured at all times. Trained anaesthetic assistants who are responsible for patient positioning along with the anaesthetists

and surgeons will carry out the treatment. The anaesthetic assistants will be trained by a named researcher, using a DVD designed specially for this IPM therapy.

Control:

Control treatment is passive movements of both upper limbs and lower limbs, and is carried out in sequence over a period of 5 minutes.

The first treatment is during a natural break (mid-surgery), and the second is after completion of surgery. The total duration of the treatment is 10 minutes, and follow up will be 24 hours.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

The mean Visual Analogue Scale (VAS) pain score at 1 hour post-operatively.

Secondary outcome measures

The mean cumulative morphine consumption in 24 hours post-operatively.

Overall study start date

01/05/2008

Completion date

01/11/2009

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Women over the age of 18 years undergoing delayed deep inferior epigastric perforators (DIEP) and trans-rectus abdominis muscle (TRAM) breast reconstructive surgery.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Female

Target number of participants

42

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients who are unable to give full consent or do not wish to take part in the trial
2. Chronic pain patients requiring medication for their condition
3. Patients with allergies or contra-indications to the analgesics or anaesthetic drugs stated in the protocol

Date of first enrolment

01/05/2008

Date of final enrolment

01/11/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Queen Victoria Hospital

Holtye Road

E Grinstead

United Kingdom

RH19 3DZ

Sponsor information

Organisation

Queen Victoria Hospital NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

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Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

<http://www.qvh.nhs.uk/>

ROR

<https://ror.org/03bs2yy11>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Queen Victoria Hospital NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration