

Comparative efficacy and safety of two formulations of ramipril combined with hydrochlorothiazide in mild to moderate hypertension

Submission date 09/08/2010	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 03/09/2010	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 08/05/2013	Condition category Circulatory System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Debora Rodrigues

Contact details

Rua Josef Kryss, 250
São Paulo
Brazil
01140-050

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

LB0906

Study information

Scientific Title

Open, prospective, parallel, multicentre, randomized trial to evaluate the efficacy and safety of two ramipril 5mg+ hydrochlorothiazide 25 mg formulations (Naprix D® versus Triatec D®) in the treatment of mild to moderate hypertension

Acronym

LB0906

Study objectives

This study was designed to compare two dosage forms of combined ramipril (5mg) and hydrochlorothiazide (25mg) (capsule versus pills)

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

The Ethical Committee of Federal University of Sao Paulo/Sao Paulo Hospital approved on July 23rd 2010

Study design

Multicentre randomised open label prospective parallel group trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Hypertension

Interventions

Patients will be submitted to a two-week run-in phase, where their previous medication will be replaced by placebo. At the end of run-in phase, patients will be randomly allocated in one of the treatment groups, combined ramipril 5mg and hydrochlorothiazide 25mg in either pill or capsule form.

The duration of the treatment phase is 8 weeks, with two visits during this period (4 and 8 weeks).

Ambulatory blood pressure measurement (ABPM) will be performed at the end of the run-in and treatment phases.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase III

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Ramipril + hydrochlorothiazide (Naprix D® [capsule]; Triatec D® [pill])

Primary outcome measure

Reduction in mean SBP and DPB as measured by ABPM from week 2 to week 10

Secondary outcome measures

1. To assess the changes in BP during 24-h ABPM at 8 weeks
2. To assess mean change in SBP and DBP from baseline to study end at 8 weeks
3. To assess the responder rate at 8 weeks
4. To assess the mean change from study baseline in office BP following eight weeks of treatment
5. Adverse events, vital signs, laboratory tests

Overall study start date

01/12/2010

Completion date

30/07/2011

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Both sex, adults (> 18 years)
2. Established essential hypertension, untreated or treated but uncontrolled with treatment:
 - 2.1. Office systolic blood pressure (SBP) 160-179 mmHg and diastolic blood pressure (DBP) 100-109 mmHg for untreated patients or patients already treated with combination drug
 - 2.2. Office SBP 140-159 mmHg and DBP 100-109 mmHg for non-controlled patients treated with monotherapy

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

130 patients

Key exclusion criteria

1. Women of childbearing potential
2. Known hypersensitivity to drug study or angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors and/or diuretics
3. No-adhesion to treatment during run-in phase
4. Abnormal and clinically significant laboratory test results
5. Abnormal and clinically relevant ECG tracing
6. Pectoris Angina
7. Decompensate Congestive Heart Failure or that requires use of antagonists of renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system
8. Obesity with BMI over 35 kg/m²
9. Advanced or moderate hepatitis insufficiency
10. Decompensate or serious renal insufficiency. Creatinine clearance above 30 mL/min/1,73 m²
11. History of any significant cardiovascular, hepatic, renal, pulmonary, hematologic, gastrointestinal, endocrine, immunologic, dermatologic, or neurologic disease
12. Recent (< 6 months) or planned coronary revascularization
13. Cerebral vascular accident in the previous twelve months
14. Non controlled diabetes mellitus
15. Any serious or relevant disease at investigator criteria

Date of first enrolment

01/12/2010

Date of final enrolment

30/07/2011

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Brazil

Study participating centre

Rua Josef Kryss, 250

São Paulo

Brazil

01140-050

Sponsor information**Organisation**

Libbs Pharmaceutical Ltd (Brazil)

Sponsor details

c/o Debora Garcia Rodrigues
Rua Josef Kryss, 250
São Paulo - São Paulo
Brazil
01140-050

Sponsor type

Industry

ROR

<https://ror.org/055kp8612>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Libbs Pharmaceutical Ltd (Brazil)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/05/2013		Yes	No