Angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibition and mechanisms of skeletal muscle weakness in chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

Submission date Recruitment status [X] Prospectively registered 26/06/2008 No longer recruiting [] Protocol [] Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 31/10/2008 Completed [X] Results [] Individual participant data Condition category Last Edited 13/02/2020 Respiratory

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Nicholas Hopkinson

Contact details

Royal Brompton Hospital Fulham Road London United Kingdom SW3 6NP +44 (0)20 7349 7775 n.hopkinson@ic.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number NCT01014338

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

Angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibition and mechanisms of skeletal muscle weakness in chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD): a double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled, parallel trial

Study objectives

That angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibition will improve muscle function in patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) who have leg weakness. Muscle function will be assessed in terms of strength and endurance. Changes in muscle function (strength and endurance) will be related to changes in the molecular pathways which are thought to be involved in muscle wasting in COPD.

As of 17/02/2009 this record was updated to include a change to the ACE-I drug used. more details of this can be found in the interventions section. At this time, the anticipated trial dates were also updated; the initial trial dates at the time of registration were:

Initial anticipated start date: 01/10/2008 initial anticipated end date: 30/09/2011

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

The study has been approved by the Joint UCL/UCLH Committees on the Ethics of Human Research Committee Alpha on the 2nd October 2008 (ref: 08/H0715/90)

Study design

A double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled, parallel trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

Interventions

Amended as of 17/02/2009:

10 or 20 mg of fosinopril per day for three months, versus placebo on same administrative routine.

Initial information at time of registration:

Imidapril tablets (ACE-I) up to 20 mg per day for three months, versus placebo on same administrative routine.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACE-I) (Imidapril)

Primary outcome measure

Primary analysis will focus on the activity of the insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) Akt pathways controlling muscle catabolism and anabolism assessed in muscle biopsies. Measurements will include phosphorylated and non-phosphorylated Akt and mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) as well as myogenic differentiation factor (MyoD), muscle-specific RING-finger protein (MuRF) and atrogin-1 messenger ribonucleic acid (mRNA) and protein levels. Changes in these pathways will be related to changes in muscle phenotype. These measurements will be made in muscle biopsies taken at baseline and after three months of treatment.

Secondary outcome measures

The following will be assessed in muscle biopsies taken at baseline and after three months of treatment:

- 1. Effect of ACE-I on quadriceps maximum voluntary contraction force
- 2. Effect of ACE-I on quadriceps endurance: T80 Time for force output in response to stimulation
- 3. Effect of ACE-I on quadriceps bulk (cross-sectional area)
- 4. Effect of ACE-I on systemic inflammation and serum IGF-1

At the initial screening assessment patients biopsies will have been obtained from patients who are not weak and therefore ineligible for this trial. Data from these patients will be compared cross-sectionally with the weaker patients to compare activity of the molecular pathways mentioned above and related to muscle phenotype.

Overall study start date

01/06/2009

Completion date

01/05/2012

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Adult patients (greater than 18 years, either sex) with COPD diagnosed according to the Global Initiative for Chronic Obstructive Lung Disease (GOLD) criteria. Only patients with quadriceps weakness will be enrolled into this randomised controlled trial (RCT).

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

80

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Clinically unstable patients (within one month of exacerbation)
- 2. Those with a permanent pacemaker (which is a contraindication to magnetic stimulation), or significant co-morbidity
- 3. Patients with an accepted indication for ACE inhibition (left ventricular dysfunction, diabetes) or a contraindication such as renovascular disease
- 4. Creatinine clearance (estimated) less than 50 ml/min
- 5. Hypotension
- 6. Use of anticoagulants (contraindication to biopsy) or angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACE-I) or angiotensin II (ATII) receptor antagonists
- 7. Allergy to ACE-I
- 8. Pregnancy
- 9. Patients who have participated in a pulmonary rehabilitation programme within the past three months

Date of first enrolment

01/06/2009

Date of final enrolment

01/05/2012

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Royal Brompton Hospital

London United Kingdom SW3 6NP

Sponsor information

Organisation

Imperial College London (UK)

Sponsor details

c/o Dr Gary Roper GO2 Sir Alexander Fleming Building South Kensington Campus London England United Kingdom SW7 2AZ +44 (0)20 7594 1188 gary.roper@imperial.ac.uk

Sponsor type

University/education

Website

http://www3.imperial.ac.uk/

ROR

https://ror.org/041kmwe10

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research council

Funder Name

Medical Research Council (MRC) (UK) (ref: G0701628)

Alternative Name(s)

Medical Research Council (United Kingdom), UK Medical Research Council, MRC

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details results	Date created	d Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		01/10/2014		Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No