Randomised, double-blind, controlled study of the tranexamic acid prophylaxis efficacy on the development of systemic inflammatory response syndrome and postoperative bleeding in cardiopulmonary bypass surgery patients

Submission date 21/03/2007	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	 Prospectively registered Protocol
Registration date 18/05/2007	Overall study status Completed	 [] Statistical analysis plan [X] Results
Last Edited 05/01/2021	Condition category Other	Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Dr Jose Luis Iribarren

Contact details Ofra s/n La Laguna Spain 38320

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

Randomised, double-blind, controlled study of the tranexamic acid prophylaxis efficacy on the development of systemic inflammatory response syndrome and postoperative bleeding in cardiopulmonary bypass surgery patients

Acronym

TX/02

Study objectives

We hypothesised that the inhibition of fibrinolysis through the administration of tranexamic acid could reduce the incidence of systemic inflammatory response syndrome and postoperative bleeding after cardiopulmonary bypass.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approval received from the University Hospital of Canary Islands Ethics and Research Council on the 20th December 2001 (ref: 35/01).

Study design Randomised, double-blind, controlled study

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Systemic inflammatory response syndrome

Interventions

Infusions of either tranexamic acid or placebo (0.9% saline), with doses of 2 g pre- and postcardiopulmonary bypass after protamine administration.

Follow-up continued until the patient was discharged from the hospital.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Tranexamic acid, protamine

Primary outcome measure

To investigate the efficacy of tranexamic acid in decreasing the incidence of systemic inflammatory response syndrome and postoperative bleeding.

Data was recorded preoperatively, after surgery, at Intensive Care Unit admission (0 hours), four hours and 24 hours.

Secondary outcome measures

To investigate the efficacy of tranexamic acid to reduce excessive postoperative bleeding in patients undergoing cardiac surgery, according to the presence of different genotypes of the Plasminogen Activator Inhibitor (PAI-1) gene.

Data was recorded preoperatively, after surgery, at Intensive Care Unit admission (0 hours), four hours and 24 hours.

Overall study start date

01/06/2002

Completion date

01/09/2003

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Consecutive Caucasian adults undergoing elective cardiopulmonary bypass surgery with normal aggregation and coagulation test values.

Participant type(s) Patient

Age group Not Specified

Sex Both

Target number of participants 100

Total final enrolment 50

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Emergency interventions
- 2. Patients with a history of haemostatic dysfunction
- 3. Renal failure (creatinine greater than 2 mg/dl)
- 4. Chronic hepatopathy
- 5. Immunodepressed patients
- 6. Sepsis

Date of first enrolment 01/06/2002

Date of final enrolment 01/09/2003

Locations

Countries of recruitment Spain

Study participating centre Ofra s/n La Laguna Spain 38320

Sponsor information

Organisation

University Hospital of Canary Islands (Consorcio Sanitario de Tenerife [CST]) (Spain)

Sponsor details

c/o Juan José Jiménez Rivera Ofra s/n La Laguna Spain 38320

Sponsor type Hospital/treatment centre

Website http://www.hecit.es/index.html

ROR

https://ror.org/05qndj312

Funder(s)

Funder type Research organisation

Funder Name Canary Islands Foundation of Health Research (Fundación Canaria de Investigación y Salud [FUNCIS]) (Spain) (ref: 2202)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/08/2007	05/01/2021	Yes	No