# Traditional Chinese medicine for the management of aromatase inhibitor-associated musculoskeletal symptoms

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
24/07/2013		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
14/08/2013	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
25/10/2017	Signs and Symptoms			

# Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Women with breast cancer treated with a type of drug called aromatase inhibitors (AIs) may experience symptoms affecting muscles and bones that can lead to treatment having to be stopped. It is important to find a safe and effective treatment strategy to manage these symptoms. The purpose of this study is to find out how well traditional Chinese medicine (TCM) works for the management of aromatase inhibitor-associated musculoskeletal symptoms and its safety.

## Who can participate?

Women with a history of stage I to III breast cancer who are currently taking a third-generation AI and have ongoing symptoms affecting bones and muscles, which started or worsened after initiation of AI therapy, can participate in the study.

## What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups: the treatment group and the control group. Women in the treatment group will receive calcium, vitamin D3 and TCM granules. The control group will be given calcium, vitamin D3 and placebo (dummy) granules. Participants will complete questionnaires at the start of the study and every month after that to find out about changes in pain, movement and quality of life. Participants will undergo certain tests before and after treatment in order to find out the safety and effectiveness. Participants will be followed up after three months to assess long-term effectiveness.

## What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

All participants will receive free treatment for 3 months and a series of free tests. The symptoms of the bones and muscles could be relieved. The result of this study may help to provide evidence that

traditional Chinese medicine is safe and effective. You have to visit hospital regularly, which may be inconvenient and may disturb your routine. You will have some mild side effects when you start taking TCM granules, such as nausea. That will resolve gradually as you adapt to the smell and taste of TCM.

Where is the study run from?

The study is run from three locations:

- 1. Beijing Hospital of Traditional Chinese Medicine, China
- 2. Beijing Cancer Hospital, China
- 3. Guang' anmen Hospital, China Academy of Chinese Medical Sciences, China

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? The study will start in August 2013 and will end in December 2015.

Who is funding the study?
Beijing Municipal Science and Technology Commission (China)

Who is the main contact? Dr Xiaomin Wang elva\_pn@163.com

# **Contact information**

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Xiaomin Wang

#### Contact details

No.23, Back Road of Gallery, Dong Cheng District, Beijing, China Beijing China 100010

# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

D131100002213001

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Randomized, double-blinded, placebo-controlled trial of traditional Chinese Medicine for the management of aromatase inhibitor-associated musculoskeletal symptoms

# Study objectives

The purpose of this study is to determine whether traditional Chinese medicine is effective in managing aromatase inhibitor-associated musculoskeletal symptoms.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Research Ethical Committee of the Beijing Hospital of Traditional Chinese Medicine, 22/04/2013, ref: 201337

## Study design

Multicentre randomised double-blinded placebo-controlled study

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Hospital

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Aromatase inhibitor-associated musculoskeletal symptoms

#### **Interventions**

The 84 eligible participants are randomly allocated to two different groups:

- 1. Treatment group: Calcium carbonate and vitamin D3 tablets (Ca 600mg+ vitD3 125IU per tablet, 2 tablets per day) twice a day for 3 months, Chinese medicine granules (12.375g granules per bag, 2 bags per day) twice a day for 3 months.
- 2. Control group: Calcium carbonate and vitamin D3 tablets (Ca 600mg+ vitD3 125IU per tablet, 2 tablets per day) twice a day for 3 months, placebo granules (12.375g granules per bag, 2 bags per day) twice a day for 3 months.

The patients receive assessments every month during the treatment and the third month after the treatment.

## Intervention Type

Other

#### Phase

Not Applicable

## Primary outcome measure

- 1. The Brief Pain Inventory-Short Form (BPI-SF) to evaluate general pain
- 2. Western Ontario and McMaster Universities (WOMAC) Osteoarthritis Index to assess joint pain, stiffness, and functional status in the knees.

3. The Modified Score for the Assessment and quantification of Chronic Rheumatoid Affections fo the hands (M-SACRAH) to assess joint pain, stiffness, and functional status in the hands. The outcome measures above will be assessed before the treatment, at 1 month, 2 and 3 months during the treatment, the assessments will be repeated at the third month after the treatment.

## Secondary outcome measures

- 1. The Functional Assessment of Cancer Therapy breast cancer-specific quality of life tool (FACT-B) to evaluate quality of life of patients with breast cancer.
- 2. TCM symptoms scale to evaluate TCM syndrome (deficiency of liver and kidney, qi and collaterals stagnation).
- 3. Bone Mineral Density (BMD) to evaluate bone density and bone metabolism objectively
- 4. Bone Metabolic Markers (calcium, phosphorus, alkaline phosphatase, osteocalcin, calcitonin) to evaluate bone density and bone metabolism objectively

FACT-B and TCM syndrome will be assessed before the treatment, at 1 month, 2 and 3 months during the treatment, the assessments will be repeated at the third month after the treatment. BMD and bone metabolic markers will be assessed before and after the treatment.

# Overall study start date

01/08/2013

## Completion date

31/12/2015

# **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Stage I-III breast cancer with no evidence of recurrence and metastasis, completed chemotherapy and/or radiotherapy
- 2. Use of a third-generation aromatase inhibitor (AI) and self-report ongoing musculoskeletal symptoms after initiation of aromatase inhibitor (AI) therapy
- 3. A baseline worst pain score over the past week on the Brief Pain Inventory-Short Form (BPISF) of  $\geq$ 3 points on a scale of 0 to 10
- 4. Traditional Chinese Medicine (TCM) syndrome is differentiated as deficiency of liver and kidney, qi and collaterals stagnation
- 5. Anticipated survival time is more than six months
- 6. Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status 0-2
- 7. All patients provided written informed consent before enrollment

# Participant type(s)

Patient

# Age group

Adult

#### Sex

**Female** 

# Target number of participants

84

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with endocrine and any other diseases influencing bone metabolism (hyperthyroidism, hypothyroidism, diabetes, chusing syndrome, chronic liver disease, nephropathy, myeloma, bone tumor, bone metastasis)
- 2. Use of the agents influencing bone metabolism (glucocorticoid, thyroid hormone, heparin, anticonvulsant, diuretic, bisphosphonates) except calcium within the past three months
- 3. Contraindication in calcium agent and vitamin D
- 4. Diagnosis of primary osteoarticular diseases
- 5. Complicated with other primary tumors and serious heart, liver, kidney and hematopoietic system diseases
- 6. Pregnancy, mental illness and cognitive handicap

## Date of first enrolment

01/08/2013

## Date of final enrolment

31/12/2015

# Locations

## Countries of recruitment

China

Study participating centre
No.23, Back Road of Gallery, Dong Cheng District, Beijing, China
Beijing
China
100010

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Beijing Municipal Science and Technology Commission (China)

## Sponsor details

No.16 Xizhimen South Street Xi Cheng District Beijing China 100035

## Sponsor type

Government

## **ROR**

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Government

## **Funder Name**

Beijing Municipal Science and Technology Commission (China)

# **Results and Publications**

## Publication and dissemination plan

As of August 2017 results have been accepted for publication in The Breast.

# Intention to publish date

31/12/2017

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets and analysis will be included in the results publication. For any questions, contact elva\_pn@163.com

# IPD sharing plan summary

Other

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Protocol article</u>	protocol	15/05/2014		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/02/2018		Yes	No