# Trial to investigate the impact of haemodialysis before transplant surgery on early kidney allograft function

| Submission date   | Recruitment status              | Prospectively registered    |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 03/04/2009        | No longer recruiting            | ☐ Protocol                  |
| Registration date | Overall study status            | Statistical analysis plan   |
| 20/04/2009        | Completed                       | Results                     |
| Last Edited       | Condition category              | Individual participant data |
| 20/04/2009        | Urological and Genital Diseases | Record updated in last year |

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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#### Contact details

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## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

 ${\bf Clinical Trials. gov\ number}$ 

## Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

## Study information

#### Scientific Title

Randomised controlled trial evaluating the effect of haemodialysis applied before transplant surgery on early renal allograft function

## **Study objectives**

- 1. Due to the pro-inflammatory effects of dialyser exposure pre-transplant haemodialysis adversely affects the evolution of early renal allograft function
- 2. Owing to its anti-inflammatory effects regional dialysis citrate anticoagulation improves early graft function

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Ethics Committee of the Medical University of Vienna approved on the 30th June 2003 (ref: 151 /2003)

## Study design

Open-label single centre randomised controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Hospital

## Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Kidney allograft function

#### **Interventions**

Based on pre-transplant levels of serum potassium (a concentration greater than 5.0 mEq/L is regarded as a requirement for pre-operative dialysis) patients are randomly assigned to one of two separate two-group parallel randomised controlled trials:

- 1. Patients presenting with a potassium less than or equal to 5.0 mEq/L are randomised to undergo haemodialysis versus no dialysis
- 2. Patients with a potassium greater than 5.0 mEq/L are randomised to receive anticoagulation during dialysis with heparin versus citrate

Patients assigned to pre-transplant haemodialysis receive treatment with a full-synthetic low-flux polysulfone membrane and a bicarbonate-buffered dialysate. Blood flow is adjusted to 200 to 400 ml/min and dialysate flow to 500 ml/min. Patients are dialysed for 3.0 hours without ultrafiltration.

Patients randomised to heparin anticoagulation receive an initial bolus of 1000 U of heparin followed by continuous infusion of 1000 U per hour. Patients allocated to citrate anticoagulation receive trisodium citrate at a rate of 25 - 50 mmol/h via the arterial line. Calcium is supplemented using a continuous infusion of half-molar calcium chloride solution into the venous return (initial starting dose 10 mmol/h). For citrate anticoagulation, a calcium-free dialysate is used. To keep systemic free calcium levels constant within +/- 10% of the baseline value calcium infusion rates are adjusted according to the results of regular monitoring of blood ionized calcium.

## Intervention Type

Other

#### Phase

Not Applicable

#### Primary outcome measure

Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) at day 5 post-transplantation calculated according to the reexpressed Modification of Diet in Renal Disease (MDRD) study equation.

## Secondary outcome measures

- 1. eGFR according to the Mayo Clinic equation at day 5
- 2. Serum creatinine level at day 5
- 3. Delayed graft function (need for dialysis within the first post-transplant week)
- 4. Slow graft function (definition: serum creatinine greater than 3 mg/dL on post-operative day 5 without requiring dialysis)
- 5. Acute biopsy-proven cell-mediated allograft rejection within the first three months
- 6. Acute C4d-positive graft dysfunction within the first three months
- 7. One-year actuarial death-censored graft survival

## Overall study start date

02/07/2003

## Completion date

18/09/2008

## Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

Adult (aged 18 years and over) male or female end-stage renal disease patients on maintenance haemodialysis anticipating deceased donor kidney allotransplantation.

## Participant type(s)

Patient

## Age group

#### Adult

## Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

220

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Aged less than 18 years
- 2. Pre-emptive kidney transplantation
- 3. Non-heart-beating donor transplantation
- 4. Combined organ transplantation
- 5. Continuous ambulatory peritoneal dialysis as maintenance renal replacement therapy
- 6. Symptomatic fluid overload necessitating pre-operative ultrafiltration
- 7. Presensitised patients subjected to peri-transplant immunoadsorption for desensitisation
- 8. Patients subjected to haemodialysis less than 16 hours before randomisation

#### Date of first enrolment

02/07/2003

#### Date of final enrolment

18/09/2008

## Locations

## Countries of recruitment

Austria

# Study participating centre Division of Nephrology and Dialysis

Vienna

Austria

A-1090

# Sponsor information

### Organisation

Medical University of Vienna (Austria)

#### Sponsor details

Department of Medicine III Währinger Gürtel 18-20 Vienna Austria A-1090 +43 (0)1 40400 4391 walter.hoerl@meduniwien.ac.at

#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### Website

http://www.meduniwien.ac.at

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/05n3x4p02

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

University/education

#### Funder Name

Medical University of Vienna (Austria)

## **Results and Publications**

## Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration