

# A randomised, controlled, open-label, parallel-group study comparing the efficacy and safety of an oral artesunate-amodiaquine fixed-dose combination therapy over 3 subsequent days to an equivalent dose regimen of the individual drugs for the treatment of children with *Plasmodium falciparum*

<b>Submission date</b> 26/11/2007	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
<b>Registration date</b> 29/11/2007	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Last Edited</b> 28/03/2017	<b>Condition category</b> Infections and Infestations	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

**Contact name**  
Dr Bienvenu Sodiomon Sirima

**Contact details**  
Centre National de Recherche et de Formation sur le Paludisme (CNRFP)  
01 BP 2208  
Ouagadougou  
Burkina Faso  
01  
-  
s.sirima.cnlp@fasonet.bf

## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number**

**IRAS number**

**ClinicalTrials.gov number**

**Secondary identifying numbers**

RPC082

## **Study information**

### **Scientific Title**

A randomised, controlled, open-label, parallel-group study comparing the efficacy and safety of an oral artesunate-amodiaquine fixed-dose combination therapy over 3 subsequent days to an equivalent dose regimen of the individual drugs for the treatment of children with Plasmodium falciparum

### **Study objectives**

This trial consists of two studies: the efficacy/safety study and the efficacy/safety/Pharmacokinetic (PK) study

Primary objective (for both efficacy/safety and efficacy/safety/PK studies): To show the non-inferiority in terms of efficacy of the fixed combination AmodiaQuine (AQ)/ArteSunate (AS) compared to both drugs taken separately

Secondary objectives:

1. To evaluate treatment tolerability and safety in all participants (890 patients)
2. To evaluate the PK of AS and AQ in 140 patients

### **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

### **Ethics approval(s)**

The World Health Organization (WHO)/Scientific Committee for Research In Human Subjects (SCRIHS), 19/10/2004

### **Study design**

Open-label parallel-group multi-centre (two centres) randomised controlled trial

### **Primary study design**

Interventional

### **Secondary study design**

Randomised controlled trial

### **Study setting(s)**

Not specified

### **Study type(s)**

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Malaria

## Interventions

The overall trial start and end dates above refer to the efficacy/safety study. The overall trial start and end dates of the study with PK are September 2006 and December 2006, respectively.

Patients will be equally randomized into the following treatment groups:

1. Fixed dose AS/AQ combination - Tablets containing 25 mg AS and 67.5 mg AQ, 1 tablet per day for children aged 0-11 months; 2 tablets per day for children aged 1-5.
2. AS (50 mg) + AQ (153 mg). 1/2 AS tablet and 1/2 AQ tablet per day for children aged 0-11 months; 1 AS tablet and 1 AQ tablet per day for children aged 1-5 years.

Duration of treatment: 3 consecutive days

## Intervention Type

Drug

## Phase

Not Applicable

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Artesunate, amodiaquine

## Primary outcome measure

To show the non-inferiority in terms of efficacy of the fixed-dose combination AQ/AS compared to both drugs given separately. Efficacy will be measured by:

1. Cure rate (elimination of parasitemia without relapse) 28 days after the beginning of treatment
2. Parasitemia reduction rate and parasite clearance time (Duration of follow-up: 28 days)
3. Fever clearance time (Duration of follow-up: 28 days)
4. Gametocyte carrier rate (Duration of follow-up: 28 days)

## Secondary outcome measures

Tolerance and safety. The following will be evaluated at each visit until day 28 (Day 0, 1, 2, 3, 7, 14, 21 and 28):

1. Clinical tolerance and safety, measured by the following:
  - 1.1. Signs/symptoms which may appear after the treatment
  - 1.2. Serious adverse events
  - 1.3. In study with PK only: ElectroCardioGram (ECG) anomalies (prolonged QT interval).Measured at day 0, 2 and 28

2. Biological tolerance and safety. The following will be measured by blood tests at day 0, 7 and 28 (If abnormal values are found at day 7 or day 14, the measurements will also be carried out on day 14 and 21 in addition to day 28):

- 2.1. Biochemical tests:
  - a. Alanine AminoTransferase [ALAT]

b. Bilirubin

c. Creatinine

2.2. Hematological tests:

a. Complete Blood Count [CBC]

3. In study with PK only: PK parameters (Population PK, AUC, Cmax, Tmax, T1/2)

**Overall study start date**

01/10/2004

**Completion date**

28/02/2006

## Eligibility

### Key inclusion criteria

1. Patient between 6 months and <5 years old
2. Bodyweight  $\geq$  5 kg (to help the assay of artesunate)
3. P. falciparum single-species infection with positive parasitemia (asexual forms) greater than 1,000 parasites per microlitre of blood
4. Fever (uncorrected axillary temperature  $>37.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) on Day 0 in children
5. No other obvious cause for the fever (e.g., respiratory [ear, nose and/or throat] infection)
6. Consent of the child's family or guardian

### Participant type(s)

Patient

### Age group

Child

### Lower age limit

6 Months

### Upper age limit

5 Years

### Sex

Both

### Target number of participants

750 for efficacy/safety study; 140 for study with PK (total: 890 participants)

### Key exclusion criteria

1. Signs of life threatening and/or severe malaria
2. Other underlying diseases (cardiac, renal, hepatic, severe malnutrition)
3. Allergy to the study drugs
4. Treatment with amodiaquine within the past 7 days, or with artemisinin derivatives within the past 3 days (72 h)

5. Complete cure with an antimalarial within the past 7 days (with the exception of chloroquine)
6. On-going treatment with an antibiotic with antimalarial action (e.g. co-trimoxazole, tetracycline, or macrolide)

**Date of first enrolment**

01/10/2004

**Date of final enrolment**

28/02/2006

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

Burkina Faso

**Study participating centre**

**Centre National de Recherche et de Formation sur le Paludisme (CNRFP)**

Ouagadougou

Burkina Faso

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## Sponsor information

**Organisation**

Drugs for Neglected Diseases initiative (DNDi) (Switzerland)

**Sponsor details**

15 Chemin Louis Dunant

Geneva

Switzerland

CH-1202

+41 (0)22 906 9230

dndi@dndi.org

**Sponsor type**

Research organisation

**Website**

<http://www.dndi.org/>

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/022mz6y25>

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Research organisation

## Funder Name

Drugs for Neglected Diseases initiative (DNDi) (Switzerland)

## Funder Name

Ministerie van Buitenlandse Zaken

## Alternative Name(s)

Dutch Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands

## Funding Body Type

Government organisation

## Funding Body Subtype

National government

## Location

Netherlands

## Funder Name

Medecins Sans Frontieres (MSF) (International)

# Results and Publications

## Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

## Intention to publish date

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

## Study outputs

Output type	Details results	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
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<a href="#">Results article</a>		16/03/2009	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	20/08/2009	Yes	No