

# Comparison of post-discharge physiotherapy versus usual care following total knee replacement: a randomised clinical trial

<b>Submission date</b> 30/09/2004	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 30/09/2004	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 10/09/2012	<b>Condition category</b> Surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number**

**IRAS number**

**ClinicalTrials.gov number**

**Secondary identifying numbers**

## Study information

### Scientific Title

### Study objectives

Please note that as of 02/07/2008 this record was extensively updated due to service structure changes. All updates can be seen under the relevant field, under the update date of 02/07/2008. The previous title of the trial was Is the intervention of primary care physiotherapy effective in improving mobility and function after elective joint surgery in a Diagnostic and Treatment Centre? The current target number of participants has also been changed to 107 patients; the previous target number of participants was 250 patients.

Current hypothesis as of 02/07/2008:

The study will evaluate the intervention of an innovative physiotherapist for patients undergoing elective primary total knee arthroplasty for osteoarthritis; the ability to improve mobility and enhance functional activity compared with standard care. The study will also document the effect of the intervention on health resource utilisation and include an economic evaluation.

Previous hypothesis:

The study will evaluate the intervention of a community physiotherapist for patients undergoing arthroplasty specifically; the ability to improve mobility and enhance functional activity compared with standard care. The study will also document the effect of Diagnostic and Treatment Centre surgery on primary care resource use and include an economic evaluation.

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

### Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from The Oxford Local Research Ethics Committee on the 20th August 2003 (AQREC No: A03.018). Trial amendments were approved via substantive amendment (amendment 1 date = 23/05/2005, amendment 2 date = 18/10/2006). Date of approval runs from 20th August 2003 until 30th April 2009.

### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

### Primary study design

Interventional

### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

### Study setting(s)

GP practice

### Study type(s)

## Treatment

### Participant information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Surgery: post-operative care

#### Interventions

Current interventions as of 02/07/2008:

The intervention group patients received two physiotherapy home visits. The first visit took place within two weeks of discharge and the second visit was 6 - 8 weeks post-operatively. The intervention consisted of these two home visits. During each visit the physiotherapist assessed the participants function and progressed each participants rehabilitation programme as appropriate. Objective reassessment of range of movement, muscle strength and observation of functional activities (including transfers, gait, posture and balance) occurred to enable this progression of treatment. Gait re-education and progression/removal of walking aids, task specific training and a daily home exercise programme were included. The exercises were defined following a systematic review.

The control arm received the usual care currently provided by the hospital with no additional input. Usual care includes no routine physiotherapy organised post discharge.

All trial participants (both arms) received a knee advice booklet presently used by the hospital to standardise the advice provided. The advice and exercises contained in these booklets are essentially similar to those used as controls in previous trials. The exercises include non weight bearing exercises to regain range of movement plus isometric strengthening exercises and several exercises in weightbearing

Previous interventions:

Community physiotherapist versus standard care.

#### Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

#### Phase

Not Specified

#### Primary outcome measure

Current primary outcome measures as of 02/07/2008:

Oxford Knee Score.

Trial patients underwent reassessment, using all outcome measures, at three and twelve months post-operatively by a physiotherapist blind to trial arm allocation. Patients were also followed up at six months post-operatively by postal questionnaire containing Oxford Knee score, the Knee injury and Osteoarthritis Outcome Score (KOOS) and the EuroQol.

Previous primary outcome measures:

Changes in Oxford Hip and Knee and Iowa Level of Assistance Scores, timed sit-to-stand, EuroQol and resource use diaries.

#### Secondary outcome measures

Added as of 02/07/2008:

1. The Knee injury and Osteoarthritis Outcome Score (KOOS)
2. The timed sit-to-stand test
3. The timed walk test
4. The Leg extensor press
5. Joint range of motion
6. The EuroQol questionnaire (EQ-5D)
7. Patient diaries to collect health resource utilisation

Trial patients underwent reassessment, using all outcome measures, at three and twelve months post-operatively by a physiotherapist blind to trial arm allocation. Patients were also followed up at six months post-operatively by postal questionnaire containing Oxford Knee score, the Knee injury and Osteoarthritis Outcome Score (KOOS) and the EuroQol.

**Overall study start date**

20/08/2003

**Completion date**

01/04/2009

## **Eligibility**

**Key inclusion criteria**

Added as of 02/07/2008:

Age range and gender was unspecified; all patients undergoing an elective primary total knee arthroplasty for osteoarthritis and who reside within the community of Oxfordshire were eligible.

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Not Specified

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

107 patients (recruitment phases completed)

**Key exclusion criteria**

Added as of 02/07/2008:

1. Patients undergoing bilateral arthroplasty
2. Minimally invasive surgery and metal-to-metal implants
3. Patients where further joint surgery is planned within the next twelve months
4. Patients with inflammatory arthritis
5. Patients whose existing co-morbidities prevent them from participating in the proposed treatment intervention
6. Patients who are unable to provide informed consent

**Date of first enrolment**

20/08/2003

**Date of final enrolment**

01/04/2009

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

England

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**

Physiotherapy Research Unit

Oxford

United Kingdom

OX3 7LD

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**

Department of Health

**Sponsor details**

Richmond House

79 Whitehall

London

United Kingdom

SW1A 2NL

**Sponsor type**

Government

**Website**

<http://www.dh.gov.uk/Home/fs/en>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

Government

**Funder Name**

Oxford Radcliffe Hospitals NHS Trust (UK)

## Results and Publications

**Publication and dissemination plan**

Not provided at time of registration

**Intention to publish date****Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan****IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

**Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/07/2012		Yes	No