Development and evaluation of a pedagogical tool to improve the understanding of a quality checklist: a randomised controlled trial

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
18/12/2006		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
21/02/2007		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
09/05/2007	Signs and Symptoms			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Isabelle Boutron

Contact details

Département d'Epidémiologie Biostatistique et Recherche Clinique INSERM U738
Groupe Hospitalier Bichat-Claude Bernard
46 rue Henri Huchard
Paris
France
75018
isabelle.boutron@bch.ap-hop-paris.fr

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

CILS

Study objectives

Assessing the quality of reports of Randomised Controlled Trials (RCTs) is particularly important for clinicians critical appraisal of the healthcare literature and for systematic reviewers. In fact, evidence suggests that inadequate reporting is associated with biased treatment effect estimates. Quality assessment is often achieved by use of checklists or scales. In the field of Non Pharmacological Treatment (NPT), a checklist - the checklist to evaluate a report of a nonpharmacological trial (CLEAR NPT) - was developed to assess the quality of RCTs included in meta-analysis. However, reproducibility issues have been raised because these checklists use items inconsistently defined and not well understood by reviewers such as blinding, dropout and withdrawals or an intention-to-treat analysis. To improve the understanding of the CLEAR NPT, we developed an Internet-based Computer Learning System (ICLS). To evaluate the impact of the ICLS on proper coding with the CLEAR NPT, we carried out an RCT comparing ICLS to no specific training.

The aim of this study was to develop and evaluate a pedagogical tool to enhance the understanding of a checklist that evaluates reports of Non Pharmacological Trials (CLEAR NPT).

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

No ethical approval required as no patients were tested for this trial.

Study design

Randomised controlled trial comparing two groups of participants

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Other

Study type(s)

Diagnostic

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Improving the understanding of a quality checklist

Interventions

We developed an Internet-based Computer Learning System (ICLS). This pedagogical tool used many examples from published randomised controlled trials to demonstrate the main coding difficulties encountered when using this checklist.

Randomised participants received either a specific web-based training with the ICLS (intervention group) or no specific training.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

The primary outcome was the rate of correct answers compared to a criterion standard for coding a report of randomised controlled trials with the CLEAR NPT.

Secondary outcome measures

Secondary outcomes were the rate of correct answers for each item and a qualitative assessment of the ICLS by the survey participants completed after fulfilling the training program.

Overall study start date

01/04/2006

Completion date

01/07/2006

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Members from three different categories of participants were invited by e-mail to participate in the randomised controlled trial:

- 1. Members of Health Technology Assessment international (HTAi) (n = 430)
- 2. Directors of Evidence-based Practice Centers (EPC) (n = 13) who develop systematic reviews and technology assessments on topics relevant to clinical, social science/behavioural, economic, and other healthcare organisation and delivery issues
- 3. Corresponding authors of meta-analyses of NPT published between 1st January 2004, and 3rd March 2006 (n = 100)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

78

Key exclusion criteria

Participants not completing inclusion criterias

Date of first enrolment

01/04/2006

Date of final enrolment

01/07/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

France

Study participating centre

Département d'Epidémiologie Biostatistique et Recherche Clinique

Paris

France

75018

Sponsor information

Organisation

National Academy of Medicine (Académie Nationale de Médecine) (France)

Sponsor details

16 rue Bonaparte Paris France 75272

Sponsor type

Research organisation

Website

http://www.academie-medecine.fr/index.cfm

ROR

https://ror.org/01b266018

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

This work was supported by a grant from the National Academy of Medicine (Académie Nationale de Médecine) (France).

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	Results:	04/05/2007		Yes	No