A randomised, controlled trial assessing the effectiveness of the iliac suction device in improving socket fixation in primary hip arthroplasty

Submission date 12/09/2003	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered		
12/09/2003	No longer recruiting	Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
12/09/2003	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
13/10/2017	Surgery			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Mr John Timperley

Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N0203114899

Study information

Scientific Title

A randomised, controlled trial assessing the effectiveness of the iliac suction device in improving socket fixation in primary hip arthroplasty

Study objectives

Does the use of an iliac suction device improve the clinical or radiological result of acetabular component survival primary total hip replacement?

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Surgery: Primary hip arthroplasty

Interventions

Patients undergoing primary total hip replacement will be randomised at the time of surgery. They will undergo the gold standard Exeter hip replacement in the usual fashion. Half of the patients will have the iliac suction device applied at the time of socket insertion. Half of the patients will not. All will be followed up in the out-patient clinic at 6-8 weeks, 6 months, and at 1, 2, 4 and 5 year intervals. All of our usual post surgery measures will be followed. In addition, each patient will undergo radiostereometric analysis (RSA) examination at each of the attendances. At the end of 5 years, all results will be analysed and reported.

Intervention Type

Device

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

The aim of the study is to perform a randomised controlled trial assessing the effectiveness of the iliac suction device in improving the bone-cement interface in primary total hip replacement.

Outcome measures including complications, clinical scores, gross radiological appearances and also movement assessed by the technique of RSA.

Study endpoints: Life Tables and Survival Curves with confidence limits for different definitions of failure including implant loosening and radiological evidence of failure including implant migration (as defined by RSA), excessive wear, radiolucencies etc. Log rank comparison.

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

30/08/2002

Completion date

31/07/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged between 55 and 80 years old
- 2. Patients undergoing uncomplicated primary hip replacement

Therapeutic research. 12 Patients in each arm of trial.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

24

Key exclusion criteria

Does not meet inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment

30/08/2002

Date of final enrolment

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre
Royal Devon & Exeter Hospital (Wonford)

Exeter, Devon United Kingdom EX2 5BW

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health (UK)

Sponsor details

Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL

Sponsor type

Government

Website

http://www.doh.gov.uk

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Royal Devon and Exeter NHS Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/03/2009		Yes	No