Effectiveness of anti-inflammatory treatment versus antibiotic therapy and placebo in patients with acute bronchitis and purulent expectoration

Recruitment status	Prospectively registered		
No longer recruiting	[X] Protocol		
Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
Completed	[X] Results		
Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
	No longer recruiting Overall study status Completed		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

2007-006727-12

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

E07/90333

Study information

Scientific Title

Effectiveness of anti-inflammatory treatment versus antibiotic therapy and placebo in patients with acute bronchitis and purulent sputum: a double-blind randomised controlled clinical trial

Acronym

BAAP Study

Study objectives

The number of days of frequent cough (defined by the symptom diary with a score of 1 or more) among patients taking the anti-inflammatory drug will be fewer than among patients assigned to the other two arms.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

- 1. The Ethical Committee of Investigation in Primary Care (Fundació dInvestigació en Atenció Primària) approved on the 2nd of December 2007 (ref: P07/15)
- 2. Spanish Agency of Medicines and Health Products (Agencia Española de Medicamentos y Productos Sanitarios [AEMPS]) and the EudraCT approved (ref: 2007-006727-12)

Study design

Double blind randomised controlled clinical trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

GP practice

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Acute bronchitis and purulent sputum

Interventions

The patients will be randomised with simple random numbers to one of the three following treatment arms:

- 1. Ibuprofen 600 mg/8 hours, during 10 days, taken after meals
- 2. Amoxycillin plus clavulanic acid 500-125 mg/8 hours, during 10 days, taken after meals
- 3. Placebo, one tablet every 8 hours, during 10 days, taken after meals

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

Number of days with frequent cough

Secondary outcome measures

Secondary result variables considered will be the efficacy of the treatment, the time of symptom resolution, the reduction in the total daily score of the symptom diary and the secondary effects and adverse reactions which may present with the three treatment arms. With regard to efficacy, three outcomes will be distinguished: cure, defined as the disappearance of the acute signs and symptoms related to the infection (complete return to the previous situation of stability), improvement, defined as the non complete resolution of the symptoms and failure, with an insufficient reduction in the signs and symptoms of infection.

Overall study start date

01/04/2010

Completion date

31/03/2011

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients from 18 to 70 years of age without associated respiratory comorbidity or immunosuppression will be recruited from seven healthcare centers in Catalonia.

- 1. Presenting respiratory infection of at least one week of evolution
- 2. Cough as the predominant symptom
- 3. Presence of purulent expectoration of at least one week of duration
- 4. At least one other respiratory tract symptom such as dyspnoea, wheezing, chest discomfort or pain, with no alternative explanation such as pneumonic condensation

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Upper age limit

70 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

Total of 420 patients

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients less than 18 and older than 70 years of age
- 2. Presence of radiological signs of pneumonia
- 3. Signs of severe infection
- 3.1. confusion
- 3.2. tachypnoea > 25 respirations per minute of tachycardia > 120 beats per minute
- 4. History of digestive haemorrhage or intolerance to anti-inflammatory treatment
- 5. Hypersensitivity to β -lactam or intolerance to clavulanic acid or lactose
- 6. Pregnancy, lactation and women of fertile age not using contraceptive measures
- 7. Antibiotic, anti-inflammatory or corticoid use in the previous two weeks
- 8. Associated comorbidity
- 8.1. bronchial asthma
- 8.2. chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
- 8.3. moderate-severe heart failure
- 8.4. dementia
- 8.5. stroke
- 8.6. immunosupression or the use of immunosuppressive drugs
- 9. Emergency situation
- 10. Institutionalisation in a residence
- 11. And/or subjects unable to personally provide informed consent

Date of first enrolment

01/04/2010

Date of final enrolment

31/03/2011

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Spain

Study participating centre Av. Horta de Santa Maria, 4, 3r 4a

Cambrils Spain

43850

Sponsor information

Organisation

Primary Care Research Institute Jordi Gol i Gurina (Institut dInvestigació en Atenció Primària Jordi Gol i Gurina) (Spain)

Sponsor details

Av. Gran Via de les Corts Catalanes 587, Àtic Barcelona Spain 08007 +34 (0)93 482 41 24 cviolan@idiapjgol.org

Sponsor type

Government

Website

http://www.idiapjgol.org

ROR

https://ror.org/0370bpp07

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Health Research Fund of the Ministry of Health and Consumption (Fondo de Investigación Sanitaria de Ministerio de Sanidad y Consumo) (Spain) (EC07/90333)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summaryNot provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	21/06/2011		Yes	No
Results article	results	04/10/2013		Yes	No