

# 'Eat Smart for Success': Investigating the use of pharmacotherapy in adolescents for weight loss maintenance: The role of appetite

<b>Submission date</b> 07/06/2010	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 05/11/2010	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 15/05/2013	<b>Condition category</b> Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Study website

<http://www2.som.uq.edu.au/som/Research/ResearchCentres/cnrc/Pages/CNRCHome.aspx>

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

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### Contact details

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

**ClinicalTrials.gov number**

**Secondary identifying numbers**

N/A

## **Study information**

### **Scientific Title**

Investigating the use of pharmacotherapy in adolescents for weight loss maintenance: The role of appetite: A randomised, placebo controlled trial

### **Study objectives**

1. Metformin will prevent weight regain in obese adolescents after a period of weight loss
2. Metformin improves satiety such that the drive to eat and food intake are reduced
3. Metformin causes a decrease in circulating orexogenic hormones (Ghrelin) and an increase in anorexigenic hormones (Glucagon-Like Peptide 1 [GLP-1], pancreatic polypeptide [PP] and peptide YY [PYY]) both acutely and after chronic administration
4. Food preferences and the drive to eat differ between obese adolescents and their healthy weight peers

Please note that as of 15/05/2013, the anticipated end date for this trial was updated from 30/06/2013 to 30/06/2014.

### **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

### **Ethics approval(s)**

Approved by the Human Research Ethics Committee (HREC) of the Royal Children's Hospital (ref: HREC/10/QRCH/53)

### **Study design**

Single centre randomised placebo controlled parallel group trial

### **Primary study design**

Interventional

### **Secondary study design**

Randomised controlled trial

### **Study setting(s)**

Hospital

### **Study type(s)**

Treatment

### **Participant information sheet**

Not available in web format, please use contact information below to request a patient information sheet

### **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

## Adolescent Obesity

### Interventions

Obese adolescents (12-18 years with BMI z-score >95th Centile for age) will be randomised to receive metformin or placebo orally.

Starting dose will be 500mg (1 tablet) bd, increasing to 500mg (1 tablet) every morning/mane and 1g (2 tablets) every evening/nocte at 2 weeks, increasing again to 1g (2 tablets) bd at 1 month for the remainder of the trial

The total length of the intervention will be 6 months.

Medication is to be taken with meals and doses where participants come to the hospital for testing, will be supervised. Complicance overall will be monitored by the study pharmacist by pill counting.

All subjects will receive lifestyle intervention - structured dietary restriction and general advice on increasing physical activity

### Intervention Type

Drug

### Phase

Phase IV

### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Metformin

### Primary outcome measure

BMI (pre and post intervention)

### Secondary outcome measures

1. Subjective appetite sensations using a novel Electronic appetite Rating system (EARS), immediately before and then hourly for 4 hours after a fixed-energy breakfast. Measured at baseline, day 1, week 2, week 4, then monthly. This is a validated technique of measuring appetite which has been used in appetite studies involving obese children.
2. Food preferences will be measured using a novel 'liking and wanting' (L&W) experimental procedure. Measured at baseline, day 1, week 2, week 4, then monthly. This method has been validated in several studies. The L&W procedure is sensitive to detect changes in nutrient and taste preferences.
3. We will measure fasting gastrointestinal hormones (at baseline, day 28, 2mo and 6mo) to identify potential biomarkers which could explain any differences in appetite responses between the two groups. These will be correlated with fasting and postprandial subjective appetite sensations.
4. In a subset of patients (10 in each group), we will measure the gastrointestinal hormones and subjective sensations of appetite, pre- and postprandially (by insertion of an intravenous cannula) and pre and post dosing with metformin. These measurements will be taken at baseline, each metformin dose increment (d1, wk2, wk4), 2mo and 6mo.

### Overall study start date

01/07/2010

### Completion date

30/06/2014

# Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

1. 12-18 years
2. BMI >95th centile for age and gender
3. Pubertal stage  $\geq 3$
4. Ability for parent and child to read and understand written instructions in English; parents able to give informed written consent in English; adolescent able to give verbal assent
5. Successfully completed a 6 month lifestyle intervention without a gain in BMI z-score

## Participant type(s)

Patient

## Age group

Child

## Lower age limit

12 Years

## Upper age limit

18 Years

## Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

48

## Key exclusion criteria

1. Those with renal disorders, diabetes, diagnosed psychological disorders
2. Those taking stimulants or psychotropic medication or drugs known to alter metabolism including insulin sensitisers, glucocorticoids, thyroxine, other weight loss medications
3. Those taking any drugs known to be contraindicated with metformin therapy
4. Known adverse reactions to metformin
5. Pregnancy

## Date of first enrolment

01/07/2010

## Date of final enrolment

30/06/2014

# Locations

## Countries of recruitment

Australia

## Study participating centre

**Department of Endocrinology and Diabetes**  
Herston, Qld  
Australia  
4029

## **Sponsor information**

### **Organisation**

Royal Children's Hospital (Australia)

### **Sponsor details**

Herston Road  
Herston, Queensland  
Australia  
4104

### **Sponsor type**

Hospital/treatment centre

### **ROR**

<https://ror.org/02rktxt32>

## **Funder(s)**

### **Funder type**

Industry

### **Funder Name**

Australian Paediatric Endocrine Care (APEC) Research Grant (Pfizer) (Australia) - (ref: E/09)  
(contact: trudy.snape@pfizer.com)

### **Funder Name**

Royal Children's Hospital (Australia)

## **Results and Publications**

### **Publication and dissemination plan**

Not provided at time of registration

### **Intention to publish date**

## **Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

### **IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration