

Dynamic contrast enhanced magnetic resonance imaging (DCE-MRI) assessment of the vascular changes induced with bevacizumab alone and in combination with interferon-alpha in patients with advanced renal cell carcinoma

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		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 23/04/2009	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 13/10/2017	Condition category Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
RD2007-114

Study information

Scientific Title

Dynamic contrast enhanced magnetic resonance imaging (DCE-MRI) assessment of the vascular changes induced with bevacizumab alone and in combination with interferon-alpha in patients with advanced renal cell carcinoma: a phase II, open labelled, randomised, multicentre trial

Study objectives

The trial aims to answer:

1. Whether bevacizumab induced changes in DCE-MRI vascular parameters are significantly enhanced by interferon-alpha
2. To establish whether there is an interferon (IFN) dose response in potentiating bevacizumab induced changes in dynamic contrast enhanced magnetic resonance imaging (DCE-MRI) vascular parameters
3. If the DCE-MRI vascular parameter changes correlate to the tumour response, progression free survival and changes of other biomarkers

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

National Research Ethics Service, Charing Cross Research Ethics Committee, 19/01/2009, ref: 09/H0711/6

Study design

Phase II open labelled randomised multicentre trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Advanced or metastatic renal cell carcinoma

Interventions

Patients will be randomised to one of the following:

Arm A: Bevacizumab 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks

Arm B: Bevacizumab 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks + interferon alpha 2a (IFN-a2a) 3MU three times per week (t.i.w.)

Arm C: Bevacizumab 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks + IFN-a2a 9 MU t.i.w.

All patients will continue on their randomised treatment regimen until the first tumour assessment at week 8. At this point the decision to introduce or modify the IFN dosage will be at the discretion of the investigator. Treatment with both study drugs will continue until disease progression, unacceptable toxicity, or consent is withdrawn. Patients in all arms will undergo two baseline DCE-MRI scans in the week pre-treatment and then further scans at weeks 2, and 6 weeks post-commencement of bevacizumab. Tumour response will be assessed by RECIST criteria via computed tomography (CT) scans at baseline, 8 weeks and three-monthly thereafter.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase II

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Bevacizumab, interferon alpha 2a

Primary outcome(s)

DCE-MRI defined changes in Ktrans after 6 weeks of bevacizumab monotherapy or bevacizumab and low or standard dose IFN-alpha.

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Vascular endpoints: intra-arm change in vascular permeability (Ktrans) and tumour hypoxia at 2 and 6 weeks post-commencement of treatment
2. Efficacy endpoints: best overall response, progression free survival, time to progression, measured during follow up analyses
3. Safety endpoints: treatment duration of bevacizumab and IFN, treatment withdrawal, dose modification, incidence of adverse events, measured during follow up analyses
4. Surrogate biomarker analysis: peripheral blood analysis of circulating endothelial cells (CEC), circulating endothelial progenitors (CEP) and proangiogenic monocytic cells; angiogenic factors (e.g. vascular endothelial growth factor [VEGF]) and hypoxia regulated markers, measured during follow up analyses
5. Correlation of DCE-MRI defined changes in Ktrans with clinical response, measured during follow up analyses
6. Correlation of DCE-MRI defined changes in Ktrans with surrogate biomarkers, measured during follow up analyses
7. Analysis of Diffusion MRI and BOLD MRI changes and comparison with other pharmacodynamic markers, measured during follow up analyses

Completion date

28/02/2010

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Male or female subjects greater than or equal to 18 years
2. Patients with previously untreated metastatic (stage IV) or locally advanced (inoperable stage III) renal cell carcinoma (RCC)
3. Subject with histologically and/or cytologically confirmed advanced RCC, of which a majority component of conventional clear-cell type is mandatory. Tumours of mixed histology should be categorised by the predominant cell type.
4. Good or intermediate prognosis disease as defined by Motzer score
5. Response Evaluation Criteria In Solid Tumors (RECIST) measurable lesion(s), which must be amenable to DCE-MRI scanning
6. Life expectancy of at least 12 weeks
7. Eastern Co-operative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status 0 - 2
8. Adequate haematological function:
 - 8.1. Absolute neutrophil count (ANC) greater than or equal to $1.5 \times 10^9/l$, and

- 8.2. Platelet count greater than or equal to $100 \times 10^9/l$, and
- 8.3. Haemoglobin greater than or equal to 8 g/dl (may be transfused to maintain or exceed this level)
9. Adequate liver function:
- 9.1. Total bilirubin less than 1.5 x upper limit of normal (ULN), and
- 9.2. Aspartate aminotransferase (AST), alanine aminotransferase (ALT) less than 2.5 x ULN in patients without liver metastases; less than 5 x ULN in patients with liver metastases
10. Adequate renal function:
- 10.1. Serum creatinine less than or equal to 1.5 x ULN, and
- 10.2. Urine dipstick for proteinuria less than 2+. Patients discovered to have greater than or equal to 2+ proteinuria on dipstick urinalysis at baseline should undergo a 24-hour urine collection and must demonstrate less than 1 g of protein in 24 hours
11. International normalised ratio (INR) less than or equal to 1.5 within 7 days prior to enrolment. Anticoagulation is allowed if target INR is less than 3 and INR is therapeutic on a stable dose of coumarin-type anticoagulation, or if subject is on a stable dose of low molecular weight (LMW) heparin for greater than 2 weeks at time of enrolment
12. Women of childbearing age must have a negative pregnancy test and must use adequate contraception during the treatment phase of the study and for 9 months afterwards. Women who wish to breastfeed are not eligible for the study

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Diagnosis of brain metastasis
2. Major surgery (including open biopsy) or radiation therapy within 28 days prior to enrolment (palliative radiotherapy to painful bone lesions is allowed within 14 days prior to enrolment). Subjects must have recovered from prior surgery (greater than 28 days) and radiation (greater than 28 days - 14 days if palliative radiotherapy to painful bone lesions)
3. Core biopsy or other minor surgical procedure, excluding placement of a vascular access device, within 7 days prior to enrolment
4. Significant cardiovascular disease defined as congestive heart failure (New York Heart Association [NYHA] class II, III or IV), unstable angina pectoris, or myocardial infarction within 6 months prior to enrolment
5. Inadequately controlled hypertension (defined as a blood pressure of greater than 150 mmHg systolic and/or greater than 100 mmHg diastolic on medication), or any prior history of hypertensive crisis or hypertensive encephalopathy
6. History of stroke or transient ischaemic attack within 6 months prior to enrolment
7. Significant vascular disease (e.g., aortic aneurysm, aortic dissection), or symptomatic

peripheral vascular disease

8. Evidence or history of recurrent thromboembolism (more than one episode of deep vein thrombosis [DVT]/pulmonary embolism [PE]) during the past 6 months, bleeding diathesis or coagulopathy

9. Chronic daily intake of aspirin greater than 325 mg/day or clopidogrel greater than 75 mg/day, or steroids (prednisone greater than 12.5 mg/day or dexamethasone greater than 2 mg/day), excluding inhaled steroids

10. History of abdominal or tracheo-oesophageal fistula, gastrointestinal perforation, or intra-abdominal abscess within 6 months prior to study enrolment

11. Serious, non-healing wound, ulcer, or bone fracture

12. Pregnant or breast-feeding mothers

13. No contraindication to MRI scanning e.g. no history of claustrophobia, metal fragment implantation

14. Current active second malignancy other than non-melanoma skin cancers and post-treatment for localised prostate cancer. Patients are not considered to have a currently active malignancy if they are in complete remission for greater than 3 years prior to study

15. Patients with a history of allergic reactions to contrast agents

16. Patients with gross ascites

17. Seizure disorder requiring medication

18. Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)/hepatitis B/hepatitis C/other infection greater than common toxicity criteria grade 2 (CTC 2); active clinically serious bacterial or fungal infections (greater than CTC 2)

19. Other investigational drug during trial or within 30 days

20. Any other significant medical illness or medically significant abnormal laboratory finding that would, in the investigator's judgment, make the patient inappropriate for this study, or would increase the risk associated with the patients' participation in the study

Date of first enrolment

06/04/2009

Date of final enrolment

28/02/2010

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Mount Vernon Cancer Centre

Middlesex

United Kingdom

HA6 2RN

Sponsor information

Organisation

East and North Hertfordshire NHS Trust (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/02ryc4y44>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Roche - educational grant and free IMP supply

Alternative Name(s)

F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd, F. Hoffmann-La Roche & Co, F. Hoffmann-La Roche AG, Roche Holding AG, Roche Holding Ltd, Roche Holding, Roche Holding A.G., Roche Holding, Limited, F. Hoffmann-La Roche & Co., Roche Holdings, Inc.

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

For-profit companies (industry)

Location

Switzerland

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No