Identifying Continence OptioNs after Stroke

Submission date [] Prospectively registered Recruitment status 07/07/2010 No longer recruiting [X] Protocol [] Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 07/07/2010 Completed [X] Results [] Individual participant data Last Edited Condition category 05/12/2017 Circulatory System

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers 6659

Study information

Scientific Title

Management of urinary incontinence for patients recovering from stroke: a multicentre randomised interventional trial

Acronym

ICONS

Study objectives

Urinary incontinence is common after stroke and can be very unpleasant and a cause of distress and embarrassment for patients and their carers. Urinary incontinence may hamper rehabilitation and may affect whether or not patients are able to return to their own home, as well as return to leisure activities, work or an active social life. It is also costly for families and for the Health Service. We would like to try out a package of assessment and treatment of urinary incontinence while people are in hospital, which is designed to help them become continent again.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Bradford Research Ethics Committee pending approval as of 20th July 2010 (ref: 10/H1302/60)

Study design

Multicentre randomised interventional diagnosis, process of care and treatment trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: Stroke Research Network; Subtopic: Rehabilitation; Disease: Therapy type, In hospital study

Interventions

1. Systematic voiding programme (intervention group I):

This group will receive the individualised systematic voiding programme tailored to the physical and cognitive capabilities of each patient. The programme has two routes:

- 1.1. A combined package including bladder training and pelvic floor muscle training for those patients who are cognitively able
- 1.2. Prompted voiding for those with cognitive impairment
- 2. Systematic voiding programme PLUS supported implementation (intervention group II): This group will receive the intervention outlined above, together with supported implementation. This will comprise:
- 2.1. Identification of barriers and facilitators to the intervention
- 2.2. Targeted organisational development activities
- 2.3. Use of facilitation as a means of supporting change
- 3. Usual care (control group):

Participants in this group will receive usual care provided by the stroke service. This may comprise:

- 3.1. Checking for urinary tract infection
- 3.2. Checking for overflow incontinence (bladder scanners will be provided)
- 3.3. Containment using a variety of devices (for example absorbent products) with regular changes and some form of toileting schedule

Total duration of treatment: participants will receive the interventions for the duration of their stay in the acute/rehabilitation stroke units. The intervention phase of the trial will last for nine months.

Total duration of follow up: 12 months post-stroke

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Phase I/II

Primary outcome measure

Presence/absence of incontinence at six weeks post-stroke

Secondary outcome measures

Quality of life: Incontinence Quality of Life Instrument (I-QOL), measured at 6 weeks, 3 months and (for participants recruited in the first three months only) 12 months.

Overall study start date

01/01/2010

Completion date

30/06/2011

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged 18 or over, either sex
- 2. Diagnosis of stroke based on the World Health Organization (WHO) criteria
- 3. Urinary incontinence (UI) as defined by the International Continence Society as "involuntary loss of urine"
- 4. Incontinence classified as stress UI, urge UI, mixed UI or 'functional' UI OR to be catheterised

in the acute phase

- 5. Conscious (defined as either 'alert' or 'drowsy' on the Clinical Status on Admission Item of the European Stroke Database)
- 6. Medically stable as judged by the clinical team

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

Planned sample size: 796; UK sample size: 796

Key exclusion criteria

Patients who refuse consent

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2010

Date of final enrolment

30/06/2011

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Room 434, Brook Building

Preston United Kingdom PR1 2HE

Sponsor information

Organisation

Lancashire Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust (UK)

Sponsor details

Royal Preston Hospital Sharoe Green Lane Fulwood Preston England United Kingdom

PR2 9HT

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douglas.mitchell@lthtr.nhs.uk

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://www.lancsteachinghospitals.nhs.uk/

ROR

https://ror.org/02j7n9748

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) (UK) - Programme Grant for Applied Research (PGFAR)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	20/05/2011		Yes	No
Results article	feasibility trial results	23/12/2014		Yes	No
Results article	results	21/08/2015		Yes	No