Self assessment of Health And Illness: Research In Neath Gastroenterology unit

Submission date 04/09/2007	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	 Prospectively registered Protocol
Registration date 14/02/2008	Overall study status Completed	 Statistical analysis plan Results
Last Edited 03/01/2020	Condition category Digestive System	 Individual participant data Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers 05/1/110

Study information

Scientific Title

Self assessment of Health And Illness: Research In Neath Gastroenterology unit

Acronym SHAIRING

Study objectives

The need to involve patients more actively in decisions about their care is recognised in the NHS Plans for England and Wales. Central to this is the ability to measure a patient's progress from their own perspective. This research will give insight into the feasibility and practicality of measuring and using patient-focused outcomes routinely in outpatients.

In the context of a major, multi-centre trial, MINuET (registered with ISRCTN82765705 http://www.controlled-trials.com/ISRCTN82765705), a simple quality of life measure for use by patients with gastrointestinal disorders, the Gastrointestinal Symptom Rating Questionnaire (GSRQ) has been developed. This is a system-specific questionnaire. It is quick and simple to complete and is applicable to the majority of patients with GI disorders. We hope it will enable the integration of patient-focused measurement into routine clinical practice.

There are three main research questions:

1. In a busy gastroenterology clinic is it feasible for patients routinely to complete electronic questionnaires about their Health-Related Quality of Life (HRQL) - both generic and GastroIntestinal (GI)-specific - and for doctors to use this information? This will be assessed by qualitative interviews of staff and a sub-sample of patients, the proportions of clinic attendees who were eligible and willing to complete electronic questionnaires, and the proportion who successfully completed them among the two groups allocated to do so.

2. Does this intervention improve process of care, notably doctor-patient communication and management decisions? This will be assessed by qualitative interviews, and clinic waiting and consultation times. Limited information on diagnosis and symptoms will be obtained from routine medical records.

3. Does this intervention improve patient outcomes? This will be assessed by a) patientcompleted postal questionnaires at baseline, 1 month and 3 months and b) anonymous patient satisfaction questionnaires.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

South West Wales Local Research Ethics Committee, 24/03/2006, ref: 06/WMV02/4

Study design

Single-centre pragmatic randomised controlled trial with repeated measurements

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Other

Study type(s)

Diagnostic

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Gastrointestinal disorders

Interventions

Electronic Health Related Quality of Life Questionnaire (GSRQ/EQ-VAS) - a combination of Gastrointestinal Symptom Rating Questionnaire and EQ-visual analogue scale. The intervention was carried out whenever patients attended clinic visits during the 3-month study follow-up period rather than at planned timepoints.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

The Physical and Mental Component Scores from the 36-item Short Form health survey (SF-36), measured at 3 months.

Secondary outcome measures

1. SF-36 scores at 1 month

2. EuroQol (EQ-5D) quality of life questionnaire, filled at recruitment (baseline), 1 month and 3 months

3. Clinic waiting times

4. Length of consultation, taken from routine patient records

5. Patient satisfaction, measured by the Outpatient Medical Interview Satisfaction Scale (OMISS) after each visit to the clinic

Overall study start date

29/07/2006

Completion date

30/09/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

All patients attending gastroenterology clinic who are fluent in English and likely to be followed up in the clinic within 3 months.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex Both

Target number of participants 500

Total final enrolment 302

Key exclusion criteria

Problem is primarily non-gastrointestinal
 Currently taking part in an HRQL study
 Frail or seriously compromised (American Society of Anaesthesiologists [ASA] status 4+)

Date of first enrolment 29/07/2006

Date of final enrolment 30/09/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment United Kingdom

Wales

Study participating centre Department of Gastroenterology Port Talbot United Kingdom SA12 7BX

Sponsor information

Organisation Wales Office of Research and Development for Health and Social Care (UK)

Sponsor details Welsh Assembly Government Cathays Park Cardiff United Kingdom CF10 3NQ

Sponsor type Government

ROR https://ror.org/03w4jzj90

Funder(s)

Funder type Government

Funder Name

Wales Office of Research and Development for Health and Social Care - Funding Scheme 2005 (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan 2009 results in: https://doi.org/10.3329/bmrcb.v35i2.2123 (added 03/01/2020)

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary Not provided at time of registration