# Modelling the effects of integrating diabetic retinopathy services in the Malawi health system

Submission date	Recruitment status	[X] Prospectively registered
27/03/2025	Recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
08/04/2025	Ongoing	☐ Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
06/06/2025	Eye Diseases	[X] Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Diabetes is a growing problem in Africa, with 24 million adults currently affected and this number expected to rise to 55 million by 2045. One of the most common complications of diabetes is diabetic retinopathy (DR), which can lead to blindness. In Malawi, 500,000 people with diabetes need regular eye screenings to prevent sight loss. This study aims to reduce sight loss from diabetes in Malawi by developing models to integrate DR screening and treatment into the health system. These models will help health policymakers decide which interventions to prioritize.

#### Who can participate?

Adults aged 18 and over, policy stakeholders involved in non-communicable diseases (NCDs) and DR, and patients with diabetes who are attending DR screening.

## What does the study involve? (for participants)

Participants will be involved in various activities, including providing information through cross-sectional studies to understand the magnitude and risk factors for DR, participating in interviews and document reviews for policy coherence analysis, and engaging with the research team to help develop and refine the models for DR service delivery.

## What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The benefits include contributing to research that aims to improve DR services and prevent blindness in Malawi, and helping to shape health policies that could benefit many people with diabetes. The risks are minimal, mainly related to the time and effort required to participate in the study activities.

#### Where is the study run from?

The study is run from Malawi, with key partnerships including the International Centre for Eye Health (ICEH) at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, the Malawi Ministry of Health, and Kamuzu University of Health Sciences (KUHeS).

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? October 2024 to September 2027

Who is funding the study? NIHR Global Health Policy and Systems Research Programme (UK)

Who is the main contact?
Dr Covadonga Bascaran (covadonga.bascaran@lshtm.ac.uk)

## Contact information

## Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal Investigator

#### Contact name

Dr Covadonga Bascaran

#### **ORCID ID**

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## Additional identifiers

#### **EudraCT/CTIS** number

Nil known

**IRAS** number

## ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

## Secondary identifying numbers

Nil known

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Modelling the health system to assess the health gains of diabetic retinopathy service delivery models in Malawi

#### Acronym

**MEDREM** 

#### **Study objectives**

Modelling the health system can help inform policy makers on the health values attached to integrating DR services in health delivery

#### Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

#### Ethics approval(s)

Not yet submitted 27/02/2025, London School of Hygiente & Tropical Medicne (Keppel Street, London, WC1E 7HT, United Kingdom)

#### Study design

Observational mixed methods

#### Primary study design

Observational

#### Secondary study design

Epidemiological study

#### Study setting(s)

Hospital, Medical and other records, Other

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Diabetic retinopathy

#### **Interventions**

- 1. Secondary data analysis
- Scoping review of the models used to deliver DR services in LMICs
- Cross-sectional study that will be performed through secondary data analysis of hospital baseddata and population-based data
- -Population-based records of patients recruited in a previous survey (WP2), where some were diagnosed with DM (n = 45) and some had pre-diabetes (n = 275)
- -Hospital records of patients with DM who underwent DR screening between April 2023 and December 2024 (n = 720)
- -Hospital records of patients with DM who underwent DR screening between August 2021 to August 2022 and underwent follow-up DR screening at any point one year after the initial screening (n =129)

## 2. Primary data collection

- Health policy analysis on service delivery for DM and DR in Malawi
- -Participants: DR policy actors i.e. representatives of stakeholder who influence or are affected by policies relevant to DR in Malawi:  $n \ge 16$ ; Semi structured interviews.
- Health systems assessment of DR services in Malawi
- -DR stakeholder representatives in the health system in Malawi :  $n \ge 16$  ; Semistructured interviews

- Cross-sectional study on the eye health-seeking behaviour of PLWD in Malawi (WP5)
- -Participants: Patients accessing primary, secondary and tertiary-level DM care from 16 health facilities across 12 districts in Malawi: n = 411; Structured Questionnaires
- 3. An economic modelling study
- Of the health system for diabetes and DR to compare the cost-effectiveness and health gains of different DR service delivery models in Malawi

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Primary outcome measure

- 1. Proportion of PLWD that have DR measured using patient records
- 2. Proportion of PLWD who develop DR over a 4 year period measured using patient records
- 3. Proportion of PLWD who have had a retinal examination measured using patient records
- 4. QALYs gained, resulting from DR screening and treatment interventions measured using patient records

#### Secondary outcome measures

There are no secondary outcome measures

## Overall study start date

01/10/2024

#### Completion date

30/09/2027

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Adults ≥18 years old
- 2. Policy stakeholders in NCDs and DR
- 3. Patients with diabetes attending DR screening

#### Participant type(s)

Patient, Employee

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Upper age limit

100 Years

#### Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

745 adults; 715 people with diabetes; 9 stakeholders

## Key exclusion criteria

Does not meet inclusion criteria

#### Date of first enrolment

15/07/2025

#### Date of final enrolment

01/06/2026

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Malawi

# Study participating centre

Kamuzu Universtiy of Health Sciences 52X8+782, Mahatma Gandhi Rd

Blantyre

Malawi

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# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine

#### Sponsor details

Keppel Street London England United Kingdom WC1E +44 (0)20 7636 863

+44 (0)20 7636 8636

RGIO@lshtm.ac.uk

## Sponsor type

University/education

#### Website

http://www.lshtm.ac.uk/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/00a0jsq62

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

NIHR Global Health Policy and Systems Research Programme

## Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

National government

#### Location

**United Kingdom** 

## **Results and Publications**

## Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a peer-reviewed journal

## Intention to publish date

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are available from the corresponding author on reasonable request. covadonga.bascaran@lshtm.ac.uk

## IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request