Therapeutic drug monitoring in children with cancer

Submission date	Recruitment status Recruiting	Prospectively registered		
09/05/2019		☐ Protocol		
Registration date 10/05/2019	Overall study status Ongoing	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
19/12/2025	Cancer			

Plain English summary of protocol

https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-study-measuring-the-levels-of-chemotherapy-in-the-blood-nccpg-tdm-2018 (added 23/04/2020)

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Gareth Veal

ORCID ID

https://orcid.org/0000-0002-1897-8678

Contact details

Northern Institute for Cancer Research Newcastle University Newcastle upon Tyne United Kingdom NE2 4HH +44 (0)191 208 4332 g.j.veal@newcastle.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

NCCPG TDM 2018

Study information

Scientific Title

A clinical pharmacology study to investigate the utility of therapeutic drug monitoring in challenging childhood cancer patient populations

Study objectives

The use of therapeutic drug monitoring relates to the measurement of drug levels in biological samples to individualise patient treatment through changing drug doses. This is conducted with a view to improving how effective the drug is and/or reducing side effects.

Over several years we have identified childhood cancer patients who clearly benefit from this treatment approach with commonly used cancer drugs. These 'hard to treat' patients include preterm infants and newborn children, patients with no or poorly functioning kidneys, obese children and patients receiving high dose chemotherapy. The current study will allow us to maximise the information that is generated from treating patients in this way, with information relating to individual patient exposure and clinical outcome collected from a significant number of patients.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 23/01/2019, North East - Newcastle and North Tyneside 2 Research Ethics Committee (NHSBT Newcastle Blood Donor Centre, Holland Dr, Newcastle upon Tyne NE2 4NQ; 0207 104 8019; nrescommittee.northeast-newcastleandnorthtyneside2@nhs.net), ref: 18/NE/0384

Study design

Multi-centre basic science study

Primary study design

Observational

Study type(s)

Other

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cancer

Interventions

The trial will recruit an estimated 150 patients within defined 'hard to treat' categories. These include pre-term infants and newborns, patients with impaired kidney function or no kidneys, patients receiving high dose chemotherapy, obese patients, and those receiving chemotherapy where the drug is injected directly into the tumour.

Patients will be referred to the study following decisions made by their treating clinician to use Therapeutic Drug Monitoring as part of the patient's standard treatment.

Clinical and response data will be collected following each cycle of treatment and all relevant

clinical information and data generated will be entered into a patient registry in an anonymised form available only to registered medical staff with individual password-protected user accounts. Clinicians will then be able to use this information when treating future patients within these 'hard to treat' groups.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome(s)

Definition of the pharmacokinetics of widely used anti-cancer drugs in defined 'hard to treat' patient populations; assessment of factors associated with pharmacokinetic variability in defined 'hard to treat' patient populations.

Measured by analysis of samples from patients.

Time point - end of study.

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Establishment of a national registry to provide access to data relating to the dosing of a comprehensive library of chemotherapeutic in defined 'hard to treat' patient populations. Measured by analysis of samples from patients data published on trial website. Time point ongoing throughout study as data become available.
- 2. Development of national treatment guidelines supporting the use of Therapeutic Drug Monitoring treatment strategies for patients treated in the UK and more widely. Measured by analysis of samples from patients. Time point end of study.

Completion date

01/06/2029

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Age <18 years.
- 2. Confirmed diagnosis of cancer.
- 3. Patient receiving a 'non-standard' strategy of chemotherapy delivery (see below for examples of patient groups that fall into this category).*
- 4. Appropriate venous access.
- 5. Request from the treating clinician for therapeutic drug monitoring approach to treatment.
- 6. Willingness to participate and written informed parental/patient consent (signed and dated).
- * Patients receiving non-standard chemotherapy dosing regimens will include the following groups: pre-term infants and neonates, anephric patients, patients receiving high dose myeloablative chemotherapy, patients undergoing chemoembolisation procedures, obese patients (BMI at or above the 95th percentile for children of the same age and sex).

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Mixed

Lower age limit

0 years

Upper age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

168

Key exclusion criteria

Failure to meet the inclusion criteria.

Date of first enrolment

01/05/2019

Date of final enrolment

30/11/2028

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Scotland

Wales

Study participating centre Royal Aberdeen Children's Hospital

Westburn Road Aberdeen Scotland AB25 2ZG

Study participating centre Birmingham Children's Hospital

Steelhouse Lane

Birmingham England B4 6NH

Study participating centre Bristol Royal Hospital for Children

Upper Maudlin Street Bristol England BS2 8BJ

Study participating centre Addenbrooke's Hospital

Hills Road Cambridge England CB2 2QQ

Study participating centre Children's Hospital of Wales

Heath Park Cardiff Wales CF14 4XW

Study participating centre Royal Hospital for Sick Children, Edinburgh

Sciennes Road Edinburgh Scotland EH9 1LF

Study participating centre Royal Hospital for Sick Children, Glasgow

1345 Govan Road Glasgow Scotland G51 4TF

Study participating centre Great Ormond Street Hospital

Great Ormond Street London England WC1N 3JH

Study participating centre Leeds General Infirmary,

Great George St Leeds England LS1 3EX

Study participating centre Alder Hey Children's Hospital

Eaton Road Liverpool England L12 2AP

Study participating centre Royal Manchester Children's Hospital

Oxford Road Manchester England M13 9WL

Study participating centre Royal Victoria Infirmary

Queen Victoria Road Newcastle upon Tyne England NE1 4LP

Study participating centre Queens Medical Centre

Derby Rd Nottingham England NG7 2UH

Study participating centre John Radcliffe Hospital

Headley Way Headington Oxford England OX3 9DU

Study participating centre Sheffield Children's Hospital

Western Bank Sheffield England S10 2TH

Study participating centre Southampton General Hospital

Tremona Road Southampton England SO16 6YD

Study participating centre University College Hospital London

250 Euston Road London England NW1 2PG

Sponsor information

Organisation

Newcastle upon Tyne Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

ROR

https://ror.org/05p40t847

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

National Institute for Health Research

Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be stored in a non-publically available repository.

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in non-publicly available repository

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		16/11/2024	19/11/2024	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes