

Lung complications after traumatic pelvic fracture in intensive care patients

Submission date 27/09/2015	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 28/10/2015	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 21/04/2016	Condition category Respiratory	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The pelvis is a butterfly-shaped fused ring of bones which sit at the bottom of the spine. Fractures of the pelvis are most commonly caused by serious injuries (major trauma), such as in a car accident or fall from a great height. When a person sustains major physical trauma, direct or indirect complications often arise. Acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS) is a life-threatening condition, where the lungs are unable to provide the body with adequate oxygen to meet its' requirements. This condition is one of the most common lung complications when a person is already critically ill or seriously injured. The aim of this study is to find out how common lung complications such as ARDS are in people who have a traumatic pelvic fracture.

Who can participate?

Adults admitted to an intensive care unit (ICU) at Uppsala University Hospital with a fractured pelvis between 2007 and 2014.

What does the study involve?

Records of patients are accessed from the publically available pelvic fracture database. The researchers then record the amount of these patients who suffered any lung complications during their stay in intensive care.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There are no potential benefits or risks of participating in this study.

Where is the study run from?

Department of Anesthesiology and Intensive Care Medicine, Uppsala Academic Hospital (Sweden)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

February 2013 to January 2016

Who is funding the study?

Uppsala County Council (Sweden)

Who is the main contact?
Mr Joakim Engström

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
N/A

Study information

Scientific Title
Pulmonary complications after pelvic fracture in critically ill patients

Study objectives
The aim of the study is to investigate the hypothesis with the primary end-point of lung complication rate in all patients that has been admitted to an ICU at Uppsala University Hospital between 2007 and 2014 due to pelvic fracture.

Ethics approval required
Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)
Regional Ethical Review Board, Uppsala (Regionala etikprövningsnämnden, Uppsala), 09/08 /2006, ref: 2006/140

Study design
Single-centre cohort study

Primary study design

Observational

Study type(s)

Other

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Lung complications after traumatic pelvic fracture

Interventions

From the pelvic fracture database, data from patient who have been admitted to one of the ICUs at Uppsala University Hospital between 2007 and 2014 is collected. Data that will be extracted is: date of injury, type of pelvic fracture, SAPS3, EMR, comorbidity, other injuries, origin of trauma, ISS, AIS, time to surgery, blood loss during surgery, ICU stay in days, ventilatory support, time in ventilatory support, p/F-ratio, pulmonary radiology, complication rate, vasoactive drugs, duration of need of vasoactive drugs, laboratory data, morbidity and mortality.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome(s)

Acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS) frequency will be recorded from information in the pelvic fracture database during the intensive care period after the injury occurs.

Key secondary outcome(s)

Frequency of other lung complications (pneumonia, pneumothorax and pulmonary embolism) will be recorded from information in the pelvic fracture database during the intensive care period after the injury occurs.

Completion date

01/01/2016

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Aged 18 or over
2. Patients admitted to any of the ICUs at Uppsala University Hospital after traumatic pelvic fracture between 2007-2014

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients without an informed consent
2. Pregnancy
3. Patients not admitted to an ICU during hospital stay

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2015

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2015

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Sweden

Study participating centre**Uppsala Academic Hospital**

Department of Anesthesiology and Intensive Care Medicine

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Uppsala

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Sponsor information**Organisation**

Uppsala County Council (Sweden)

ROR

<https://ror.org/01dv86r63>

Funder(s)**Funder type**

Government

Funder Name

Uppsala County Council

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	19/04/2016		Yes	No