

# Randomised oesophagectomy: minimally invasive or open - comparing different approaches to surgery

<b>Submission date</b> 18/05/2016	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 31/05/2016	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 26/11/2025	<b>Condition category</b> Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

<https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-trial-comparing-different-types-of-surgery-for-cancer-of-the-food-pipe-romio-study>

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

### Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

### Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

184167

**ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)**

Nil known

**Protocol serial number**

30470

## Study information

### Scientific Title

ROMIO: Randomised Oesophagectomy - Minimally Invasive or Open

### Acronym

ROMIO

### Study objectives

Laparoscopically-assisted oesophagectomy (LAO) is superior compared to standard open oesophagectomy (OO) with respect to recovery from surgery.

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

### Ethics approval(s)

South West Frenchay Research Ethics Committee, 11/05/2016, ref: 16/SW/0098

### Study design

Pragmatic multicentre interventional randomized controlled trial (RCT) with qualitative component

### Primary study design

Interventional

### Study type(s)

Treatment

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Oesophageal cancer

### Interventions

Patients will be randomised to either open oesophagectomy (OO) or "laparoscopically assisted" oesophagectomy (LAO) using an internet-based randomisation system. Both treatments are provided as standard on the NHS. OO and LAO both consist of identical steps, except that the abdominal phase of the operation in the LAO group will be done through several smaller cuts to the tummy and performed laparoscopically. The duration of treatment is the duration of surgery.

Patients will be followed up using questionnaires for 24-36 months after randomisation into the study (36 month follow-up will only be completed if it falls within the planned length of the study).

Added 18/08/2017:

In Bristol and Southampton patients may be randomised to a third group - Totally Minimally Invasive Oesophagectomy (TMIO). The ROMIO study includes a nested IDEAL Phase 2b study looking at TMIO.

## **Intervention Type**

Procedure/Surgery

## **Primary outcome(s)**

Assessment of physical function, using the mean of a subscale of the EORTC QLQ-C30, carried out at 3 and 6 weeks post-surgery and 3 months after randomisation

## **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. All cause short and long term complications
2. Impact of the 30-day complications will be categorised using the Clavien-Dindo System
3. Lung function is measured using spirometry measures of forced expiratory volume 1 and forced vital capacity
4. Success of blinding during the first 6 days post-surgery is determined using the Bang Blinding Index procedure
5. Generic and disease specific health-related quality of life measures are determined using EORTC QLQ-C30 and QLQ-OES18, multidimensional fatigue inventory (MFI-20), EuroQOLEQ-5D-5L
6. Quality assurance of surgery with histopathological and surgical measures
  - 6.1. Histopathological measures (with the pathologist assessing these blind to treatment allocation)
    - 6.1.1. Length of the oesophagus
    - 6.1.2. Total count of malignant 'positive' nodes
    - 6.1.3. Total count of all nodes
    - 6.1.4. Rates of positive circumferential resection margins
    - 6.1.5. Rates of positive proximal and distal resection margins
    - 6.1.6. pT stage (proportions of patients with each pT stage)
  - 6.2. Surgical measures assessed by a surgeon blind to patient allocation
    - 6.2.1. Quality of abdominal lymphadenectomy
    - 6.2.2. Quality of mediastinal lymphadenectomy
7. Overall and disease-free survival to 2 years
8. Length of hospital stay, defined as length of primary hospital stage plus readmission within 30 days (and length of primary hospital stay plus length of hospital stay if discharged to community hospital).
9. Further measures of resource use including: staff time and resources used in theatre in the interventions; subsequent inpatient stays, outpatient visits, general practitioner visits and other community based resource use

## **Completion date**

31/08/2021

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

1. 18 years of age or above
2. Referred for primary oesophagectomy by the multi-disciplinary team (MDT) or oesophagectomy following re-staging after neoadjuvant chemotherapy or neoadjuvant

chemoradiotherapy (N.B, in this any type of neoadjuvant treatment may be used)

3. Confirmed MDT evidence of at least adenocarcinoma or at least squamous cell cancer of the oesophagus or oesophago-gastric junction

4. Fit for pre-operative anaesthesia and surgery, assessed by the MDT

5. Able to provide written informed consent

6. Measurement (endoscopic or otherwise) that the tumour starts more than 5 cm below crico-pharyngeus

7. Measurement (endoscopic or otherwise) that the tumour involves less than 4 cm of the gastric wall

8. The final pre-treatment tumour stage is between T1N0M0 and T4aN1M0, i.e. including all stages (T1N0M0, T1N1M0, T1N2M0, T2N0M0, T2N1M0, T2N2M0, T3N0M0, T3N1M0, T3N2M0, T4aN0M0 and T4aN1M0) in which T4a is a resectable tumour invading pleura, pericardium, or diaphragm

### **Participant type(s)**

Patient

### **Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

### **Age group**

Mixed

### **Lower age limit**

18 years

### **Upper age limit**

99 years

### **Sex**

All

### **Total final enrolment**

363

### **Key exclusion criteria**

Current exclusion criteria as of 18/08/2017:

1. Patients with high grade dysplasia (squamous cell or adenocarcinoma)

2. Patients with T4b, or any stage with M1

3. Type 3 tumours of the oesophago-gastric junction that are scheduled for total gastrectomy

4. Patients with squamous cell cancer of the oesophagus who the MDT recommends or who individually elect to undergo definitive chemoradiotherapy

5. Evidence of previous complex thoracotomies or laparotomies that preclude a minimal access approach

6. Evidence of previous/concomitant malignancy that would interfere with this treatment protocol

7. Pregnancy

8. Patients participating in other trials that would interfere with the implementation of this protocol at a particular site

Previous exclusion criteria:

1. Patients with high grade dysplasia (squamous cell or adenocarcinoma)
2. Stage 4 disease
3. Type 3 tumours of the oesophago-gastric junction that are scheduled for total gastrectomy
4. Patients with squamous cell cancer of the oesophagus who the MDT recommends or who individually elect to undergo definitive chemoradiotherapy
5. Evidence of previous complex thoracotomies or laparotomies that preclude a minimal access approach
6. Evidence of previous/concomitant malignancy that would interfere with this treatment protocol
7. Pregnancy
8. Patients participating in other trials that would interfere with the implementation of this protocol at a particular site

**Date of first enrolment**

01/06/2016

**Date of final enrolment**

21/08/2019

## **Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

Scotland

**Study participating centre**

**Bristol Royal Infirmary**

Upper Maudlin Street

Bristol

England

BS2 8HW

**Study participating centre**

**Derriford Hospital**

Plymouth Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

Derriford Road

Plymouth

England

PL6 8DH

**Study participating centre**  
**Southampton General Hospital**  
University Hospital Southampton NHS Foundation Trust  
Tremona Road  
Southampton  
England  
SO16 6YD

**Study participating centre**  
**Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh**  
NHS Lothian  
GI Surgery  
51 Little France Crescent  
Edinburgh  
Scotland  
EH16 4SA

**Study participating centre**  
**Leicester Royal Infirmary**  
University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust#  
Infirmary Square  
Leicester  
England  
LE1 5WW

**Study participating centre**  
**Royal Preston Hospital**  
Lancashire Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust  
Chief Executive's Office  
Sharoe Green Lane  
Preston  
England  
PR2 9HT

**Study participating centre**  
**Salford Royal**  
Salford Royal NHS Foundation Trust  
Stott Lane  
Salford  
England  
M6 8HD

**Study participating centre**  
**Nottingham City Hospital**  
Upper GI Surgery  
City Hospital  
Hucknall Road  
Nottingham  
England  
NG5 1PB

**Study participating centre**  
**Royal United Hospitals Bath**  
Royal United Hospitals Bath NHS Foundation Trust  
Combe Park  
Bath  
England  
BA1 3NG

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**  
University Hospitals Bristol NHS Foundation Trust

**ROR**  
<https://ror.org/04nm1cv11>

## **Funder(s)**

**Funder type**  
Government

**Funder Name**  
National Institute for Health Research

**Alternative Name(s)**  
National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

**Funding Body Type**  
Government organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will not be made available for sharing until after publication of the main results of the research. Thereafter, anonymised individual patient data will be made available for secondary research, conditional on assurance from the secondary researcher that the proposed use of the data is compliant with the MRC Policy on Data Preservation and Sharing regarding scientific quality, ethical requirements and value for money. A minimum requirement with respect to scientific quality will be a publicly available pre-specified protocol describing the purpose, methods and analysis of the secondary research, e.g. a protocol for a Cochrane systematic review. The second file containing patient identifiers would be made available for record linkage or a similar purpose, subject to confirmation that the secondary research protocol has been approved by a UK REC or other similar, approved ethics review body.

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>		02/03/2024	26/03/2024	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	Development and application of quality assurance methods for interventions in randomised controlled trials of surgical oncology: the ROMIO study (a comparison of minimally invasive and open oesophagectomy)	25/11/2025	26/11/2025	Yes	No
<a href="#">Protocol article</a>	quality assurance protocol	01/03/2019	30/03/2020	Yes	No
<a href="#">Protocol article</a>	protocol	19/11/2019	27/10/2020	Yes	No
<a href="#">HRA research summary</a>			28/06/2023	No	No
<a href="#">Plain English results</a>			25/03/2024	No	Yes
<a href="#">Statistical Analysis Plan</a>	version 1	12/09/2019	02/01/2024	No	No
<a href="#">Statistical Analysis Plan</a>	version 1	12/09/2019	02/01/2024	No	No
<a href="#">Study website</a>	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes