

# STRIDES: Strategies to improve donor experiences

<b>Submission date</b> 24/10/2019	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 24/10/2019	<b>Overall study status</b> Ongoing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 14/05/2024	<b>Condition category</b> Other	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

The STRIDES study aims to reduce adverse events related to blood donation by implementing variations on the current interventions. Reducing adverse events is likely to increase donor retention and therefore the number of blood units donated for NHS patients. The study will include changes to the material read prior to donation, the drink consumed prior to donation and the advice given during and after the donation experience. All blood donors in England who attend a blood donation session during the study period will anonymously participate, with the option to opt-out. The results from this study will help inform national policies that should optimise blood collection procedures, minimise donor reactions, improve donor return rates, and improve donor (and staff) well-being and satisfaction. In addition to the main study, up to 250,000 donors will be asked if they wish to join the STRIDES BioResource, part of the NIHR BioResource. The STRIDES BioResource aims to provide additional biological (blood samples) and questionnaire data to address the overall aims of the STRIDES study

### Who can participate?

Adults who attend an NHS blood donation clinic in England during the study period

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There will be no immediate direct benefit to those taking part. But there should be benefits to future blood donors. The study's results should yield evidence-based policies to reduce adverse events for NHSBT and other blood services; lead to improvements in donor health, experience, and service efficiency (e.g., better retention of donors, who may be more likely to give blood repeatedly). There are no additional risks to participating in the usual blood donation

### Where is the study run from?

The STRIDES study is being run by the University of Cambridge and takes place in all NHSBT blood donation clinics across England

### When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

November 2019 until November 2029

Who is funding the study?  
NHS Blood and Transplant team (NHSBT) (UK)

Who is the main contact?  
1. Prof Emanuele Di Angelantonio  
ed303@medschl.cam.ac.uk  
2. Prof John Danesh  
jd292@medschl.cam.ac.uk

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

**Contact name**  
Prof Emanuele Di Angelantonio

**Contact details**  
Strangeways Research Lab  
Worts Causeway  
Cambridge  
United Kingdom  
CB1 8RN  
+44 (0)1223748659  
ed303@medschl.cam.ac.uk

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

**Contact name**  
Dr Amy McMahon

**Contact details**  
Strangeways Research Lab  
Worts Causeway  
Cambridge  
United Kingdom  
CB18RN  
+44 (0)1223747228  
am2663@medschl.cam.ac.uk

## Additional identifiers

**Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)**  
Nil known

**ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)**  
Nil known

**Protocol serial number**

Nil known

## Study information

### Scientific Title

Strategies to Improve Donor Experiences

### Acronym

STRIDES

### Study objectives

A single intervention or combination of interventions will improve donor experiences by reducing adverse events in and out of the blood donation session

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 21/11/2018, East of England - Cambridge South Research Ethics Committee (The Old Chapel, Royal Standard Place, Nottingham, NG1 6FS; +44 (0)207 104 8134; NRESCommittee. EastofEngland-CambridgeSouth@nhs.net), ref: 18/EE/0284

### Study design

Cluster randomized crossover/stepped-wedge factorial trial

### Primary study design

Interventional

### Study type(s)

Other

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Blood donor health

### Interventions

We will compare four different interventions with current NHSBT practice:

1. Isotonic hydration before donation: 500ml isotonic drink vs. current 500ml plain water
2. Time on donation chair after donation: 3-minutes before standing vs. current 2-minutes
3. Modified applied muscle tension (AMT) exercises: new AMT vs. current practice of AMT
4. Psychosocial intervention: preparatory materials vs. current practice of nothing

The study design is tailored to the specific needs of our study and NHSBT: a cluster-randomised cross-over/stepped-wedge factorial trial involving the whole of NHSBT for 36 months. A minimisation algorithm was used to ensure that, when clusters are randomised to each intervention, balance is maintained in important stratifying factors

Depending on the intervention assigned:

1. In addition to the NHSBT welcome leaflet donors will be given a copy of the 2-sided STRIDES psychosocial leaflet, which will provide guidance of what to expect during and after donation, what to do while donating blood and advice

2. Instead of a 500ml glass of water/squash, donors will be asked to drink a 500ml low-sugar isotonic drink. A poster will be provided about the drink and the contents of the drink will be displayed

3. If donors are eligible to give blood, they will receive modified instructions for Applied Muscle Tension by way of a 1-page study-specific leaflet

4. If a donor is eligible to give blood, a donor's time in the donation chair following blood donation will be increased from 2 to 3 minutes.

In addition, on arrival of a donor at the donation session, a member of the donation team will ask donors whether they would wish to consider participation in the BioResource. If the donor agrees they will be consented and additional blood samples will be taken from the satellite pouch during the donation. Once home, the donor will receive an email like to complete a health and lifestyle questionnaire to help address the main aims of the study. Anonymous data will be provided to the University of Cambridge by NHSBT

### **Intervention Type**

Other

### **Primary outcome(s)**

Number of in-session vasovagal reactions (VVRs) with loss of consciousness (i.e. episodes involving loss of consciousness of any duration, with or without additional complications) observed by NHSBT staff

### **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. All in-session VVRs (i.e. with and without loss of consciousness)
2. All delayed VVRs (i.e. VVRs with and without loss of consciousness after leaving the donation venue)
3. Delayed VVRs with loss of consciousness; and
4. Any in-session non-VVR adverse events or reactions

### **Completion date**

11/03/2029

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

All donors attending the donation sites involved in the study

### **Participant type(s)**

Healthy volunteer

### **Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

### **Age group**

Adult

### **Sex**

All

### **Total final enrolment**

1381520

**Key exclusion criteria**

Does not meet inclusion criteria

**Date of first enrolment**

04/11/2019

**Date of final enrolment**

04/11/2022

## **Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

**Study participating centre**

**NHS Blood and Transplant**

NHS Blood and Transplant

Head Office

500 North Bristol Park

Filton

Bristol

United Kingdom

BS34 7QH

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

NHS Blood and Transplant

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/0227qpa16>

## **Funder(s)**

**Funder type**

Hospital/treatment centre

**Funder Name**

NHS Blood and Transplant

### Alternative Name(s)

National Health Service Blood and Transplant, UK National Health Service Blood and Transplant, NHSBT

### Funding Body Type

Government organisation

### Funding Body Subtype

Local government

### Location

United Kingdom

### Funder Name

NIHR Blood and Transplant Research Unit

### Funder Name

NIHR BioResource

## Results and Publications

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are available from the corresponding author on reasonable request. Anonymous participant level data will be available upon request and approval by the Data Access Committee for the study. Applications can be requested by contacting [donorhealth@medschl.cam.ac.uk](mailto:donorhealth@medschl.cam.ac.uk), 01223 747226. Only relevant information/variables will be provided and the whole data set is unlikely to be released.

### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Protocol article</a>	Participant information sheet	10/08/2023	14/08/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">HRA research summary</a>			28/06/2023	No	No
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>		11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
<a href="#">Statistical Analysis Plan</a>	version 3	01/11/2022	22/12/2022	No	No
<a href="#">Study website</a>	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes