# An open-label trial to evaluate the safety and efficacy of chloral hydrate in patients with severe insomnia

Submission date	Recruitment status	[X] Prospectively registered		
11/05/2023	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed Condition category	Statistical analysis plan		
04/09/2023		☐ Results		
Last Edited		Individual participant data		
23/04/2025	Nervous System Diseases	[X] Record updated in last year		

# Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Persistent insomnia affects approximately 10% of the adult population and is a risk factor for several mental and physical health problems. Severe insomnia can impair quality of life and performance of daily tasks, as well as increasing the risk of disorders such as depression, heart attack, stroke and diabetes.

Current sleep therapies include cognitive behavioural therapy (CBT), where access remains limited, and the use of hypnotics and (off-label) sedative antidepressants, which are associated with side-effects, tolerance and dependence. There is therefore a need to identify additional treatments especially where these treatments fail in cases where insomnia is severe.

Chloral Hydrate is a licensed treatment in the UK for the short-term treatment (2 weeks) in patients with severe insomnia which is interfering with normal daily life, and where other sleep therapies (behavioural and pharmacologic) have failed. However, despite having a long clinical experience, there is a lack of clinical evidence with Chloral Hydrate.

The main aim of this trial is to establish whether short-term Chloral Hydrate treatment (2 weeks) is effective in patients with severe insomnia, assessed by the Insomnia Severity Index (ISI).

# Who can participate?

Patients with severe insomnia which is interfering with normal daily life, and where other behavioural and drug sleep therapies have not been successful, will be recruited to the trial. All potential participants in the UK can enrol through the trial website.

#### What does the study involve?

All enrolment (pre-screening, informed consent, assessment by a sleep specialist, eligibility review by a medical doctor, and collection of baseline data) and follow-up procedures (validated questionnaires, daily/weekly surveys, and safety assessments), during and after Chloral Hydrate

treatment will be conducted remotely via telephone/video calls and online questionnaires. An independent and medically qualified safety committee will oversee and monitor safety throughout the trial.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Benefits:

We do not know if the intervention being tested will have additional benefits. The intervention will help build the best evidence—based care for future patients with severe insomnia, and may or may not help participants in the trial.

Risks:

Side-effects

There are reported side-effects associated with chloral hydrate, although their frequency is unknown. These side-effects include: allergic skin reactions; high levels of ketones urine; psychiatric disorders: anxiety, hyperactivity, confusion, tolerance, dependence, delirium, abuse, chronic intoxication, withdrawal symptoms; headache; coordination impairment, shortness of breath, respiratory depression, abnormality of the heart's rhythm, gastrointestinal disorders: stomach lining irritation, abdominal distension, wind, gastric necrosis, gastric perforation, nausea, vomiting, gastritis, and medical kidney disease.

Participants will be asked to record the severity of known and unknown side-effects of the IMP, in their daily/weekly surveys and they can also inform the trial team via the freephone number or trial email address. The severity and causality of these AEs will be assessed by a medically qualified doctor. Additionally, a research nurse/sleep specialist/medically qualified doctor will be conducting a safety review during a video/telephone call with participants on Day 4 and 14. It will be left to the Investigator's clinical judgment to decide whether or not an AE is of sufficient severity to require the participant's removal from treatment. Participants may also voluntarily withdraw from treatment due to what they perceive as an intolerable AE.

Participants will also be provided with a Trial Wallet Emergency Card with a contact telephone line, answered by a member of the clinical team, enabling them to report AEs they experience whilst taking the drug. In the event of a medical emergency, trial participants will be instructed to show this card to the clinician they see. We will record SAEs and have an Independent Safety Committee in place to review ongoing safety events to reduce the risk to the participants.

# Pregnancy

The trial medication is not suitable for pregnant or breastfeeding women due to associated risks to the baby. Participants will not be included in the study if they are pregnant, trying to become pregnant or are breastfeeding. Women of child-bearing potential will be asked to provide a urine pregnancy test, and confirmation of negative pregnancy test will be required before trial drugs can be started. If the participant becomes pregnant while taking part in the trial or begins breastfeeding, the trial medication will be immediately discontinued and the participant will be followed up on the progress of pregnancy until its resolution.

#### Dependence

Dependence has been reported with chloral hydrate. Individuals with a history of alcohol or drug abuse or dependence may be at greater risk of abuse and misuse of chloral hydrate. Patients with a history of alcohol and drug abuse will be excluded from the trial. The trial involves the short-term use of the IMP, and participants will be supplied with a 14 day supply only.

#### **Drowsiness**

Chloral hydrate may cause drowsiness and impair the ability to drive or use machinery. Participants will be informed of this possible side-effects in the IMP information leaflet.

Participants will also be required to not consume alcohol during the 14 day IMP treatment period, which may increase drowsiness when given with chloral hydrate.

#### Overdose

Prior to starting IMP, participants will be informed about the risk of overdose by a medically qualified doctor and provided with clear instructions for how to take the IMP and what to do in an emergency.

Where is the study run from? Lindus Health (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? May 2023 to April 2024

Who is funding the study?
Pharmanovia (Atnahs Pharma UK Ltd)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Adrian Williams, ajwsleep@gmail.com

# **Contact information**

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Stephen Deacon

#### Contact details

Sovereign House Miles Gray Road Basildon United Kingdom SS14 3FR +44 1268 943700 stephen.deacon@pharmanovia.com

#### Type(s)

Principal Investigator

#### Contact name

Dr Adrian Williams

#### Contact details

Queen Victoria Hospital NHS Foundation Trust East Grinstead United Kingdom RH19 3DZ

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ajwsleep@gmail.com

# Additional identifiers

# **EudraCT/CTIS** number

Nil known

#### **IRAS** number

1007757

# ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

# Secondary identifying numbers

IRAS 1007757, CPMS 56181

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

An open-label tRial to Evaluate the SafeTy and efficacy Of chloral hydrate in patients with seveRE insomnia (RESTORE)

# Acronym

**RESTORE** 

# **Study objectives**

Primary objective:

To assess the effectiveness of chloral hydrate in reducing insomnia severity.

#### Secondary objectives:

To explore whether chloral hydrate will affect (1-6):

- 1. Insomnia severity
- 2. Daytime sleepiness
- 3. Health-related quality of life
- 4. Self-reported sleep
- 5. Anxiety and depression
- 6. Quality of sleep and sleep disturbances
- 7. To investigate the safety of chloral hydrate
- 8. To investigate intervention adherence
- 9. To assess tolerance of chloral hydrate
- 10. To determine any changes in the use of non-pharmacological sleep therapies
- 11. To determine any changes in:
- Concomitant prescribed medication
- Over-the-counter medication used to facilitate sleep
- 12. Medical doctor assessment of effectiveness of chloral hydrate

# Exploratory objective:

13. To assess days off work

# Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

# Ethics approval(s)

Approved 23/08/2023, North of Scotland Research Ethics Committee 1 (Summerfield House, 2 Eday Road, Aberdeen, AB15 6RE, United Kingdom; +44 1224 558458; gram.nosres@nhs.scot), ref: 23/NS/0054

## Study design

Interventional non randomized

### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Non randomised study

#### Study setting(s)

Community

## Study type(s)

Treatment, Safety, Efficacy

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet.

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Patients with severe insomnia which is interfering with normal daily life, and where other sleep therapies (behavioural and pharmacologic) have failed.

#### **Interventions**

The trial will have one treatment arm, where all trial participants will receive Chloral Hydrate oral solution daily for up to 2 weeks. Chloral Hydrate is licensed in the UK, for the short-term treatment (maximum 2 weeks) of severe insomnia, which is interfering with normal daily life and where other therapies (behavioural and pharmacologic) have failed.

Participants currently on maximum doses of drugs for the treatment of their insomnia will usually be commenced on the licensed dose of 860 mg of Chloral Hydrate, and participants on intermediate doses of drugs for the treatment of their insomnia will normally be commenced on the lowest recommended dose of 430 mg of Chloral Hydrate, though the medical assessor will have the discretion to use a different dose depending on the individual participants needs within the range 430 mg-860 mg (the maximal daily dose is 2 g, but recommended starting doses are 430-860 mg).

The occurrence of potential side effects will be collected in the participant's daily diaries, safety video/phone calls, or reported by the participant using the trial email or freephone number. If the participant experiences any side-effects, this may result in reducing the dose of Chloral Hydrate by the trial medical doctor, or complete withdrawal of the trial treatment.

For participants starting on 430 mg, if Chloral Hydrate is proving ineffective following medical assessment during the day 4 safety review call, the participant will be offered the option of

persisting with the current dose for the remainder of the trial, or to be reassessed with the option of increasing the dose to 860 mg. All dose changes will be documented and approved by the trial medical doctor.

#### **Intervention Type**

Drug

# Pharmaceutical study type(s)

Therapy

#### Phase

Phase IV

# Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Chloral Hydrate 500 mg/5 ml Oral Solution

#### Primary outcome measure

Change in self-rated insomnia severity, assessed using the Insomnia Severity Index at baseline and 2 weeks

# Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Change in self-rated insomnia severity, assessed using the Insomnia Severity Index at Baseline, 1 and 6 weeks
- 2. Change in Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) scores at Baseline, 1, 2 and 6 weeks
- 3. Change in health-related quality of life, measured using the ShortForm 36 Questionnaire (SF-36) and EQ-5D-5L at Baseline, 1, 2 and 6 weeks
- 4. Change in subjective sleep measured using the NHS sleep diary over 7 days, at baseline, 1, 2, 3 and 6 weeks
- 5. Change in Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (HADS) scores at Baseline, 1, 2 and 6 weeks
- 6. Change in Pittsburgh Sleep Quality Index (PSQI) scores at Baseline, 2 and 6 weeks
- 7. Evaluation of overall safety of chloral hydrate by the monitoring of AEs and SAEs over 6 week trial duration
- 8. Daily intervention adherence for the duration of the intervention (Days 1-14)
- 9. Number of participants withdrawn from the IMP due to an AE, during the 2 week treatment period
- 10. Change in use of non-pharmacological sleep therapies at Baseline, 1, 2 and 6 weeks 11. Change in:
- Concomitant medication at Baseline, 1, 2 and 6 weeks
- Over the counter medication used to facilitate sleep at Baseline, 1, 2 and 6 weeks
- 12. Clinical Global Impressions Severity Scale (CGI-S) assessed at baseline, and Clinical Global Impressions Improvement scale (CGI-I) assessed after IMP treatment by the medically qualified doctor at baseline, and CGI-I at 2 and 6 weeks

#### Exploratory end point

13. Change in percentage of days off work at 1 month and 12 months prior to baseline, and 2 and 6 weeks

# Overall study start date

09/05/2023

# Completion date

# **Eligibility**

# Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged ≥18 years and ≤75 years
- 2. Participant is willing and able to give informed consent
- 3. Clinically significant impairment from severe insomnia (eg. ISI score 22-28)
- 4. Previous treatment with sleep therapies (behavioural and pharmacologic), which have failed. Defined as the presence of ongoing severe insomnia (ISI score 22-28), despite previous use of other sleep therapies.
- 5. Able to adhere to study procedures
- 6. Willingness to take a pregnancy test prior to starting IMP treatment (participants of childbearing potential)

## Participant type(s)

Patient

# Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

# Upper age limit

75 Years

#### Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

90

#### Total final enrolment

99

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Pregnant or breastfeeding
- 2. Taking any substances that significantly affect sleep during the 2 week IMP treatment period
- 3. Starting any new behavioural sleep therapies\* during the 2 week IMP treatment period
- 4. At point of enrolment taking substances that affects sleep at greater than maximum licensed doses
- 5. Other sleep diagnosed/suspected sleep disorders (restless legs, periodic limb movements, unusual sleep timings (indicative of advanced/delayed sleep, etc), parasomnias
- 6. Known severe hepatic impairment
- 7. Known moderate / severe renal impairment / eGFR <60
- 8. Known severe sleep apnea
- 9. Known severe cardiac disease
- 10. Known cardiac disease with QT prolongation
- 11. History of myocardial infarction in the last 12 months

- 12. History of stroke or TIA
- 13. Taking medication that may cause QT prolongation
- 14. Active gastritis, oesophagitis, gastric or duodenal ulcers or perforation
- 15. Susceptible to acute attacks of porphyria
- 16. Hypersensitivity to chloral hydrate or to any of the excipients (glycerol, liquid glucose, citric acid, sodium citrate, sodium benzoate, saccharin sodium, essence of passion fruit [containing natural flavouring, artificial flavouring, propylene glycol], and purified water)
- 17. Individuals with a history of alcohol or drug abuse or dependence
- 18. Patients taking antipsychotic medication in last 12 months
- 19. History of overdose or attempted overdose
- 20. History of significant psychiatric disease
- 21. Patients are taking one of the drugs listed as interacting with Chloral Hydrate and would need to continue taking these during the trial: alcohol, CNS depressants, antipsychotics, hypnotics, anxiolytics/sedatives, antidepressant agents, centrally acting muscle relaxants, narcotic, analgesics, anti-epileptic drugs, anaesthetics and sedative antihistamines, intravenous furosemide, anticoagulants.
- 22. Any other significant disease or disorder which, in the opinion of the Investigator, may either put the participants at risk because of participation in the trial, or may influence the result of the trial, or the participant's ability to participate in the trial.
- 23. Participants who have participated in another research trial involving an investigational product in the past 4 months
- 24. Participants of childbearing potential (participants who are anatomically and physiologically capable of becoming pregnant), or have a partner of childbearing potential, not willing to use highly effective contraceptives\*\* for the duration of the trial, and who do not confirm a negative pregnancy test prior to starting the drug.
- \*Participants currently undergoing behavioural sleep therapies, such as CBT, will continue on these during the trial, in line with the licensing for chloral hydrate licensing, where chloral hydrate should be used as an adjunct to behavioural therapies. However, they should not start any new behavioural sleep therapies during the 2 week IMP treatment period.
- \*\*Highly effective methods have typical-use failure rates of less than 1% and include sterilisation and long-acting reversible contraceptive (LARC) methods (intrauterine devices and implants) OR if a couple are using another method of contraception, such as a combined hormonal method, progestogen only pill or injection, they are only eligible if they are willing to use an additional barrier method (e.g. male condom) for the 28-day duration of follow-up in the trial. Note: a barrier method on its own is not sufficient.

Date of first enrolment 25/09/2023

Date of final enrolment 05/12/2023

# Locations

**Countries of recruitment**United Kingdom

# Study participating centre

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**United Kingdom** 

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

Pharmanovia

# Sponsor details

Sovereign House Miles Gray Road Basildon United Kingdom SS14 3FR +44 1268 943700 stephen.deacon@pharmanovia.com

# Sponsor type

Industry

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Industry

#### **Funder Name**

Pharmanovia (Atnahs Pharma UK Ltd)

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

- 1. Peer reviewed scientific journals
- 2. Internal report
- 3. Publication on website
- 4. Requests that are made will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis and only where adequate consent and safeguards are in place in line with GDPR and data processing agreements.

# Intention to publish date

31/12/2024

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study will be published as a supplement to the results publication.

# IPD sharing plan summary

Published as a supplement to the results publication

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Plain English results		23/04/2025	23/04/2025	No	Yes