Feasibility of an enhanced randomised controlled trial design for treatments of bowel dysfunction after rectal cancer

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
16/11/2022		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
30/12/2022 Last Edited	Completed Condition category	Results		
		Individual participant data		
07/03/2023	Digestive System	[] Record updated in last year		

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Rectal cancer (cancer of the lower part of the bowel) is one of the most prevalent forms of cancer and affects approximately 14,000 people each year in the UK. The treatment for the majority of these patients is the surgical removal of the affected part of the bowel, following which the bowel is joined back together. Some patients may also require chemotherapy and radiotherapy. One consequence of the treatment of bowel cancer is a severe form of bowel dysfunction called major Low Anterior Resection Syndrome (LARS).

LARS is a constellation of symptoms including incontinence to stool, urgency and frequency of bowel movements and incomplete evacuation; it is diagnosed using the LARS scoring tool. Major LARS can have a huge impact on the persons quality of life resulting in social isolation. Currently, there are no guidelines for the management of LARS. The aim of the POLARIS study is to investigate three different treatments for major LARS; optimised conservative management, a combination of diet, medication, bowel retraining and pelvic floor exercises; transanal irrigation, washing out the back passage of stool with warmed water; and sacral nerve stimulation where an electrical impulse delivered to the sacral nerve to help with bowel function. This feasibility study aims to test the study design ahead of a larger fully powered randomised control trial.

Who can participate?

Patients who have had surgery for rectal cancer (called an anterior resection) and who do not have a stoma are invited to take part in this research.

What does the study involve?

There are two parts to this study. All participants will be enrolled into a cohort, where they will be assessed using a variety of validated questionnaires about their bowel symptoms, general health and quality of life on a 3-monthly basis.

Those who are identified as having the most severe form of LARS based on their questionnaire responses will be invited to the second part of the study. Participants will be randomly assigned

to receive one of three treatments for LARS-TransAnal Irrigation (TAI), Sacral NeuroModulation (SNM) or Optimised Conservative Management (OCM). Randomisation participants will continue to be enrolled and assessed as part of the cohort.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? It's possible that participants will experience improvement in their LARS symptoms by taking part in this research.

Where is the study run from?
Cardiff and Vale University Health Board (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? February 2022 to December 2023

Who is funding the study?
Cardiff and Vale University Health Board (UK)

Who is the main contact?
Julie Cornish, julie.cornish@wales.nhs.uk
Alun Meggey, alun.meggy@wales.nhs.uk

Contact information

Type(s)

Principal Investigator

Contact name

Mrs Julie Cornish

ORCID ID

http://orcid.org/0000-0003-4360-4472

Contact details

Department of General Surgery University Hospital of Wales Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 4XW +44 2921843935 julie.cornish@wales.nhs.uk

Type(s)

Public

Contact name

Mr Alun Meggy

ORCID ID

http://orcid.org/0000-0002-9031-7516

Contact details

Research and Development Second Floor, TB2 Univeristy Hospital of Wales Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 4XW +44 2921846124 alun.meggy@wales.nhs.uk

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Mrs Julie Cornish

Contact details

Department of General Surgery University Hospital of Wales Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 4XW +44 2921843935 Julie.Cornish@wales.nhs.uk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

307764

ClinicalTrials.gov number

NCT05319054

Secondary identifying numbers

21/JUL/8238, IRAS 307764, CPMS 51890

Study information

Scientific Title

A feasibility, multicentre randomised control trial assessing the treatment options for patient with major low anterior resection syndrome to establish a Pathway Of Low Anterior Resection syndrome relief after Surgery

Acronym

POLARIS Feasibility study

Study objectives

This purpose of this study is assess the feasibility of the Trial Within Cohorts (TWiCS) study deigns ahead of a fully-powered trial.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 16/02/2022, Wales REC1 (Health and Care Research Wales, Castlebridge 4, 15-19 Cowbridge Road East, Cardiff, Cf11 9AB, UK; 02920 785738; Wales.REC1@wales.nhs.uk), ref: 22 /WA/0025

Study design

Multi-centre open-label three-arm parallel-group feasibility randomised controlled trial within a cohort

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format. Please use contact details to request a participant information sheet.

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Treatment of bowel dysfunction symptoms in patients with low anterior resection syndrome

Interventions

All participants in the study will be enrolled into the 'cohort' element. They will be required to complete questionnaire at baseline, which will be repeated at 3-, 6-, 9- and 12-month post recruitment. The assessment will consist of a combination of condition-specific outcome measures, as well as quality of life measures including the LARS score, EORTC CR29&C30, MYMOPII and EuroQol EQ5D-5L.

Participants will be invited to participate in the RCT within the cohort, with the eligibility based on their 'cohort' questionnaires responses and assessment scores. They may be randomised to one of three treatments (depending on eligibility and availability at the local organisation). All RCT participants will continue to followed-up as per 'cohort' schedule. No additional research follow-ups will be conducted.

- 1. Optimised conservative management- Patients randomised to OCM will undergo training and receive a bespoke treatment package of the conservative treatment including medication, lifestyle & dietary advice and physiotherapy (were possible and appropriate). Treatment package will be assessed and revised after 30-days.
- 2. Trans-Anal-Irrigation- TAI group will receive an irrigation system as agreed with the patient and host organisation. Patients will attend a troubleshooting appointment 2 weeks after commencing intervention and followed-up as per standard care.

3. Sacral Neuromodulation- SNM group will receive a device as agreed by the host organisation. All patients will undergo a 2-week training phase with a temporary device to determine effectiveness of the device. Participants that have positive outcomes using the temporary device will have a permanent device fitted and followed-up as per standard of care.

Randomisation will be according to a block stratified design based on variable block length. Due to the nature of the interventions this is a non-blinded study. The randomisation programme being used is GEN24.

The treatments being investigated are all approved for use within the National Health Service (NHS) and will follow usual local administration practices.

Intervention Type

Mixed

Primary outcome measure

The recruitment rate to the RCT measured in terms of relative number of cohort participants measured at 3-, 6- and 9- months.

Secondary outcome measures

- 1.Change in LARS severity measured using the LARS score over 12 months.
- 2. Quality of Life measured using the EuroQoL EQ5D-5L over 12 months
- 3. Quality of life measured using the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer Colorectal Quality of Life Questionnaire (EORTC QLQ-CR29) over 12 months 4. Quality of life measured using the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer Cancer Quality of Life Questionnaire (EORTC QLQ-C30) over 12 months.
- 5. Medical outcome profile measured using the Measure Yourself Medical Outcome Profile (MYMOP) over 12 months.

Overall study start date

16/02/2022

Completion date

01/12/2023

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Inclusion for Cohort:

- 1. Diagnosis of rectal or sigmoid cancer
- 2. Low or high anterior resection (with anastamosis to the rectum)
- 3. Functioning anatamosis
- 4. Aged 18 years and older
- 5. Primary surgery/reversal of ileostomy less than 10 years before recruitment
- 6. Reversal of ileostomy at least 12 weeks prior to recruitment with at least a further 12 weeks of standard care to manage symptoms following reversal
- 7. Willing and able to provide valid informed consent

Inclusion for Randomisation:

1. Recruited to cohort study

- 2. Willing and able to provide valid informed consent for randomisation
- 3. Major LARS symptoms (Defined as score of 30+ on LARS scoring tool)
- 4. Previous unsuccessful conservative treatment determined by treating clinician and patient

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Mixed

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

200

Key exclusion criteria

Exclusion from cohort:

1. Inability to understand and complete study questionnaires independently (Due to cognitive or intellectual impairment; Due to insufficient English language skills)

Exclusion from randomised control trial:

- 1. Pregnancy
- 2. No previous conservative treatment plan for the management of LARS
- 3. Does not meet any treatment-specific criteria

Exclusion from TAI randomisation:

- 1. Unable to perform TAI
- 2. History of anastomotic leak with evidence of ongoing leak/sinus
- 3. Previous use of TAI for LARS
- 4. Site unable to offer TAI as a treatment
- 5 Any other contraindications advised by the care team, product manufacturer or distributor

Exclusion from SNM randomisation:

- 1. <12months since primary cancer surgery
- 2. Palliative disease
- 3. Site unable to offer SNM as a treatment
- 4. Previous SNM
- 5. Specific contraindications to implantation
- 6. Any other contraindications advised by the care team, product manufacturer or distributor.

Date of first enrolment

25/05/2022

Date of final enrolment

30/06/2023

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Wales

Study participating centre University Hospital of Wales

Heath Park Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 4XW

Study participating centre Leeds Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust

St. James's University Hospital Beckett Street Leeds United Kingdom LS9 7TF

Study participating centre

University Hospital Southampton NHS Foundation Trust

Southampton General Hospital Tremona Road Southampton United Kingdom SO16 6YD

Study participating centre Nevill Hall and District NHS Trust

Nevill Hall Hospital Brecon Road Abergavenny United Kingdom NP7 7EG

Sponsor information

Organisation

Cardiff and Vale University Health Board

Sponsor details

Research and Development Office
Second Floor, Lakeside Building
University Hospital of Wales
Cardiff
Wales
United Kingdom
CF14 4XW
+44 2921 846986
CAV_research.development@wales.nhs.uk

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://www.cardiffandvaleuhb.wales.nhs.uk/home

ROR

https://ror.org/0489f6q08

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Bowel Research UK

Alternative Name(s)

Bowel Research United Kingdom, BRUK

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

Location

United Kingdom

Funder Name

Cardiff and Vale University Health Board

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

On completion of the study, the study data will be analysed and tabulated, and a clinical study report will be prepared. The clinical study report will be used for publication in peer-reviewed journals and presentation at scientific meetings.

Intention to publish date

29/09/2024

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Individual Participant Data will not be shared as part of this study. Dataset will be held by the sponsor, Cardiff and Vale University Health Board.

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Protocol article</u>		10/01/2023	07/03/2023	Yes	No
HRA research summary			26/07/2023	No	No