# Removal of the right side of the colon in emergency setting: indications and results

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>
21/03/2017	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date 29/03/2017	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan
		Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
29/03/2017	Surgery	Record updated in last year

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

A right hemiocolectomy is a surgical procedure that removes the right side of the colon (bowels). Sometimes this has to be done in an emergency setting without the benefit of preparing the bowels for surgery (by removing waste from the bowels). There are a wide range of diseases and complications that affect parts of the colon such as inflammatory (swelling) or malignant (cancerous) diseases, perforation (ruptures of the bowels), obstructions (blockages), impaired circulation (blood flow) and trauma. Sometimes a surgeon is unable to diagnose the issue causing them to be unable to determine if the issue is malignant or not. In cases that the issue is caused by benign (non cancerous) diseases the surgeons have to decide between an ileocolic resection (which removes only the last part of the small intestine and the first part of the colon) and a right hemicolectomy, however there is no clear criteria for surgeons on how to make this choice. This causes performing right colectomies to be the preferred type of treatment. The aim of this study is to investigative if right hemicolectomies performed in an emergency setting impairs the quality of life of patients.

Who can participate?

Adults aged 21 to 84 who require an emergency right hemiocolectomy.

What does the study involve?

Participants who have undergone an emergency right hemiocolectomy are invited to participate in this study. Participants fill out a quality of life survey one month after their surgery during a follow up appointment. Participants are then followed up four months after surgery and complete a telephone interview. The questionnaire asks participants to think about their irritable bowel symptoms on their quality of life over the last two months. This is done to see if right hemicolectomies decrease the quality of life or participants.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? There are no notable benefits or risks with participating.

Where is the study run from? University Hospital "Alexandrovska" (Bulgaria) When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? December 2011 to March 2017

Who is funding the study? Investigator initiated and funded (Bulgaria)

Who is the main contact? Dr Elena Arabadzhieva

# **Contact information**

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Elena Arabadzhieva

#### Contact details

Medical University of Sofia 1 Georgi Sofiiski Street Sofia Bulgaria 1431

# Additional identifiers

#### Protocol serial number

emrighthemicol\_QOL

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Emergency right hemicolectomy: Indications and functional outcomes

## **Study objectives**

The aim of this study is to evaluate if right hemicolectomy performed in emergency setting impairs the quality of life of patients.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

The Ethical Committee of University Hospital "Alexandrovska", 23/01/2012, ref: N 3/23.01.2012

# Study design

Observational cohort study

# Primary study design

Observational

#### Study type(s)

Quality of life

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Emergency right hemicolectomies

#### **Interventions**

Participants who have had an emergency right hemicolectomy are invited to participate in this study. Participants answer a quality of life questionnaire (measured with the validated IBS-36 questionnaire) during an examination at the end of the first month after the surgical procedure and through a telephone interview four months after the study. The questionnaire asks participants to think about their irritable bowel syndrome (IBS) symptoms on their quality of life over a two month time frame. The data collected from the questionnaires is then analysed by the research team. This is done to see if right hemicolectomies decrease the quality of life of participants.

Participants are followed up four months after their initial assessment by telephone and are resurveyed using the validated IBS-36 questionnaire.

#### Intervention Type

**Behavioural** 

#### Primary outcome(s)

Quality of life is measured using the validated questionnaire IBS-36 at baseline (one month after surgery) and month four.

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

Safety is measured using validated questionnaire IBS-36 at baseline (one month after surgery) and month four.

#### Completion date

03/03/2017

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients requiring emergency right hemicolectomy
- 2. Aged 21 and 84

## Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Mixed

#### Sex

All

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Malignant diseases
- 2. Patients who decline to participate

#### Date of first enrolment

01/02/2012

#### Date of final enrolment

31/12/2016

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Bulgaria

## Study participating centre University Hospital "Alexandrovska"

1 Georgi Sofiiski Street Sofia Bulgaria 1431

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

University Hospital "Alexandrovska"

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/04b8y3f13

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Other

#### **Funder Name**

Investigator initiated and funded

# **Results and Publications**

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from Elena Arabadzhieva, elena\_arabadjieva@mail.bg or elena\_arabadjieva@abv. bg

## IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

**Study outputs** 

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Participant information sheet
Participant information sheet
11/11/2025 No Yes