How does patient-initiated follow-up compare to standard care follow-up for people living with inflammatory arthritis?

Submission date 14/01/2025	Recruitment status Recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered [_] Protocol
Registration date 17/01/2025	Overall study status Ongoing	 Statistical analysis plan Results
Last Edited 16/05/2025	Condition category Musculoskeletal Diseases	 [] Individual participant data [X] Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

People with inflammatory arthritis usually require long-term treatment with arthritis drugs (medications) (though some manage without specific medication) and typically have routine follow-up appointments every 6-12 months. Some of these appointments may be unnecessary as people can be well at the time of the appointment, and people with inflammatory arthritis have told us they feel they are wasting their time and also NHS resources. NHS England has recently proposed that many people with inflammatory arthritis should no longer have routine follow-up appointments but instead be seen if and when they have a flare or need advice on managing their condition, using an approach called Patient Initiated Follow-Up or PIFU. Researchers working with the British Society for Rheumatology have produced a short video about PIFU which can be accessed via this link (https://bit.ly/3WcFDmf). They have also created a list of frequently asked questions and answers which may be helpful to read to find out more about PIFU. This can be found here: https://bit.ly/3PvfMCl. There is very little information about whether PIFU is better than routine follow-up appointments. This study aims to find out whether PIFU is better than standard routine follow-up for those with inflammatory arthritis in terms of the impact on patient's quality of life, disease activity and what this might potentially save the NHS.

Who can participate?

Adults who have been diagnosed with inflammatory arthritis (rheumatoid arthritis, psoriatic arthritis, axial spondyloarthritis, undifferentiated arthritis) for at least 2 years and whose health care team consider their disease to be generally well-controlled. Patients that have ever been on PIFU for their inflammatory arthritis, would not be eligible to take part.

What does the study involve?

Of those who agree to take part in the study, half will remain to have what is called standard care – this would mean that they would continue to come into the hospital approximately every 6-12 months to see their rheumatology care team, the other half will move to PIFU where they will not have any follow-up appointments made but instead be given a guide to PIFU and how to contact their care team if you need some advice or an appointment. Regardless of what

treatment group they are assigned to, participants would come to the clinic for an appointment at the start of the study and again at 24 months. These visits would include a routine disease assessment and several questionnaires for completion. Participants will also be sent questionnaires at 1 week and 6, 12 and 18 months to complete at home. If participants agree, they may be invited to take part in 1-2 interviews during the study to help us understand their experience of PIFU.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participants may not directly benefit from taking part in this study but they will be making a significant contribution to research to help us to understand whether PIFU or standard care is better and which patients would benefit from PIFU. It is also hoped that study results will help to understand what PIFU costs the NHS compared to regular follow-up.

Where is the study run from? The University of Oxford and 30 NHS secondary sites in the UK.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? April 2024 to October 2027

Who is funding the study? National Institute for Health and Care Research (NIHR) (UK)

Who is the main contact? Gretchen Brewer, tailor@ndorms.ox.ac.uk

Study website https://tailor.octru.ox.ac.uk

Contact information

Type(s) Public, Scientific, Principal Investigator

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number Nil known

IRAS number 329838

ClinicalTrials.gov number Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

CPMS 56645, NIHR Evaluation, Trials and Studies Co-ordinating Centre (NETSCC) Grant Codes: NIHR156922

Study information

Scientific Title

What is the clinical and cost-effectiveness of a patient-initiated follow-up (PIFU) strategy compared to traditional care pathways in people with inflammatory arthritis treated with long-term immune-suppressing therapies?

Acronym

TalLOR

Study objectives

The study aims to assess whether patient-initiated follow-up (PIFU) care is superior to standard care in terms of musculoskeletal quality of life (QoL) outcomes for patients with inflammatory arthritis.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 22/01/2025, South East Scotland Research Ethics Committee 1 (2nd Floor, Waverley Gate, Edinburgh, EH1 3EG, United Kingdom; +44 (0)7814 764 241; Sandra.Wyllie@nhs.scot), ref: 25/SS/0004

Study design Randomized controlled study

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Home, Hospital, Medical and other records

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Inflammatory arthritis

Interventions

The study aims to recruit 438 patients with stable inflammatory arthritis from approximately 30 centres from varied demographic areas in the UK.

Patients will primarily be approached during their routine clinic visits or invited via letter ahead of their appointment. If a patient is assessed to be suitable for PIFU and is eligible and happy to join the study, informed consent will be requested ahead of study procedures.

Demographic, disease and treatment history information will be collected and recorded for the purposes of the study. Clinical data from patients' routine care will also be recorded from their medical notes (disease activity score including a physical exam and CRP measurement from blood draw) as well as hospital-reported resource use. Participants will complete questionnaires to collect patient-reported outcomes. Patient-reported outcomes include questionnaires about quality of life (musculoskeletal and overall), mental health, participation in health care decisions, and management of health care. Hospital-reported resource use will be collected for the 12 months prior to baseline. No additional procedures for the purpose of the study will take place at the baseline visit.

Patients will then be randomised 1:1 into either PIFU or standard care with routine remote or face-to-face follow-up appointments at 6-12 months in accordance with local practice. Patients randomised into the PIFU arm will be provided with information about PIFU and how to access rheumatology follow-up care if they become unwell due to their arthritis. The study team will not be blinded to intervention but the protocol requests, but does not insist on, a blinded assessor for participants' disease activity score which is assessed at the beginning of the start and month 24 of the study.

At week 1, all patients will be asked to complete remote, self-reported questionnaires about the decision-making process relating to taking part in the study as well as questions about time spent accessing patient education materials about managing their care.

At 6-8 weeks and 11 months, a member of the study team will confirm that patients have been assigned to the correct pathway (PIFU or standard care).

At months 6, 12 and 18 all patients will be asked to complete remote, self-reported questionnaires to assess quality of life, costs relating to medical care for their arthritis and flare information for the previous 6 months.

At 24 months, all patients will be seen in their rheumatology outpatient clinic as part of routine care for both PIFU and standard care. Patients will have been sent questionnaires to be completed remotely ahead of their visit. Clinical data from their visit will be recorded. Clinical data from patients' routine care will also be collected from their medical notes (disease activity

score including a physical exam and CRP measurement from blood draw). At 24 months, hospitalreported flare information and resource use will be collected for the duration of the study.

The recruitment target of 438 participants allows for a 20% crossover/dropout rate. No interim analysis is planned but an independent data monitoring committee will review data every 6-12 months. Additionally, PROMS completion rates will be reported monthly to the TMG by the trial management group.

The grant includes a qualitative sub-study led by Prof Emma Dures from The University of the West of England, Bristol. She is a co-applicant on the main NIHR grant (also sponsored by Oxford University). She will lead both the anonymous survey to understand why potential participants choose not to take part in the TaILOR randomised clinical study (described in the following paragraph) and the qualitative interviews.

Patients who decline the study will be offered the opportunity to complete an anonymous electronic or paper survey. The survey aims to help us understand the reasons for not wanting to take part in the study as well as understand the demographics of these patients. As this is an anonymous survey that will not be collecting identifiable information, respondents will not be consented for this activity. Sites will provide the survey to patients who decline to take part (either via e-survey or paper survey to be posted back to CTU). No personal data will be collected.

The qualitative sub-study (interviews) aims to further understand the acceptability of PIFU by patients, healthcare professionals and administrators. Participants in the main study will be given the option to consent to be contacted by the qualitative team about taking part in interviews. Of those that consent to be contacted, 30-45 participants will be selected for interviews to take place at 2-12 weeks and/or 16-24 months post-randomisation. Additionally, 25 healthcare and service professionals from TaiLOR research sites will also be invited to tell us about their experiences with PIFU. These interviews will take place once the associated sites have been open to recruitment for 12 months through the last patient, and last visit. All qualitative interviews will take place over TEAMS or by telephone.

Three patient partners were extensively involved in the design of the study along with a project supported by the British Society for Rheumatology to develop a PIFU manual for hospital sites as well as educational materials for patients. Patient partners were involved in the selection of primary and secondary outcomes, the main metric they wanted was 'good care' where patients were satisfied with their care and disease management.

Four patient partners were involved with the development of the PIS, infographic, patient-facing letters and questionnaires. Specifically, patients provided critical feedback in the phrasing of instructions and questions of PROMS related to specific secondary outcomes. They will provide ongoing support with decisions relating to the execution of the study in relation to recruitment, site support and study burden. They will also assist in the interpretation of overall grant findings and dissemination.

Intervention Type Other

Phase Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Musculoskeletal quality of life is measured using MSK-HQ score over 24 months (measured at baseline, months 6, 12, 18 and 24)

Secondary outcome measures

1. Musculoskeletal quality of life is measured using MSK-HQ score at baseline, months 6, 12, 18 and 24

2. Overall health-related quality of life is measured using EQ-5D-5L and EQ-VAS scores at baseline, months 12 and 24

3. Incremental cost measured using patient health resource use and costs at baseline, months 6, 12, 18 and 24

4. Incremental cost measured using hospital-reported health resource use and costs at 12 months prior to baseline through month 24

5. Cost-effectiveness measured using Cost per quality-adjusted life year (QALY) gained over the 24-month time horizon

6. Progression from no treatment to first-line DMARD measured using the proportion of patients starting a first-line DMARD during the study

7. Progression from conventional drugs to biologic therapies measured using the proportion of patients starting a first biologic during the study

8. Disease activity is measured using disease-specific activity score (CDAI, DAS28-CRP, ASDAS, DAPSA) at baseline and 24 months

9. Disease activity is measured using the number of patient-reported flares from baseline to 24 months

10. Disease activity is measured using the number of hospital-reported flares from baseline to 24 months

11. Patient efficacy is measured using perceived efficacy in patient-physician interactions (PEPPI) score at baseline and 24 months

12. Depression is measured using PHQ-4 score at baseline and 24 months

13. Acceptability of PIFU to patients is measured using qualitative methods at Weeks 2-12 and Months 16-24

14. Acceptability of PIFU health professionals/service providers is measured using qualitative methods once the site has been open to recruitment for at least 12 months

Overall study start date

01/04/2024

Completion date

01/10/2027

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Age 18 years or over

2. Diagnosis of inflammatory arthritis (RA, PsA, axSpA, undifferentiated arthritis) for at least 2 years

3. Stable disease: defined as a level of disease control that the physician feels is suitable for PIFU; on the same conventional, targeted synthetic or biologic DMARD(s), or no treatment, for at least the previous 3 months; and with no escalation in therapy planned

- 4. Able to contact the Rheumatology team when required
- 5. Suitable for PIFU in the opinion of their consultant
- 6. Willing and able to give consent and comply with study procedures

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex Both

Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 438; UK Sample Size: 438

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Currently or previously on PIFU for inflammatory arthritis
- 2. Safeguarding/consent/capacity concerns (using General Medical Council guidance)
- 3. Health literacy concerns from the treating clinician related to inflammatory arthritis
- 4. Women who are pregnant or planning to start a family
- 5. Currently undergoing radiotherapy, immunotherapy or chemotherapy for malignancy
- 6. Patients on end-of-life care pathways

Date of first enrolment

21/03/2025

Date of final enrolment 30/09/2025

Locations

Countries of recruitment England

Northern Ireland

Scotland

United Kingdom

Wales

Study participating centre John Radcliffe Hospital Headley Way Headington Oxford United Kingdom OX3 9DU **Study participating centre Queens Medical Centre** Derby Road Nottingham United Kingdom NG7 2UH

Study participating centre Lancashire & South Cumbria NHS Foundation Trust Sceptre Point Sceptre Way Bamber Bridge Preston United Kingdom PR5 6AW

Study participating centre Derriford Hospital Derriford Road Plymouth United Kingdom PL6 8DH

Study participating centre Belfast City Hospital 51 Lisburn Rd Belfast United Kingdom BT9 7AB

Study participating centre Royal Berkshire Hospital London Road Reading United Kingdom RG1 5AN

Study participating centre

City Hospital Dudley Road Birmingham United Kingdom B18 7QH

Study participating centre York Hospital Wigginton Road York United Kingdom YO31 8HE

Study participating centre The Robert Jones and Agnes Hunt Orthopaedic Hospital NHS Foundation Trust Gobowen Oswestry United Kingdom SY10 7AG

Study participating centre Royal Devon University Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust Royal Devon University NHS Ft Barrack Road Exeter United Kingdom EX2 5DW

Study participating centre Royal United Hospitals Bath NHS Foundation Trust Combe Park Bath United Kingdom BA1 3NG

Study participating centre Kings College Hospital Denmark Hill London United Kingdom SE5 9RS **Study participating centre Cambridge University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust** Cambridge Biomedical Campus Hills Road Cambridge United Kingdom CB2 0QQ

Study participating centre NHS Lothian Waverley Gate 2-4 Waterloo Place Edinburgh United Kingdom EH1 3EG

Study participating centre Warwick Hospital Lakin Road Warwick United Kingdom CV34 5BW

Study participating centre Medway Maritime Hospital Windmill Road Gillingham United Kingdom ME7 5NY

Study participating centre Cumberland Infirmary Newtown Road Carlisle United Kingdom CA2 7HY

Study participating centre

Betsi Cadwaladr University Lhb

Executive Offices, Ysbyty Gwynedd Penrhosgarnedd Bangor United Kingdom LL57 2PW

Study participating centre Northern General Hospital

Northern General Hospital NHS Trust C Floor, Huntsmnan Building Herries Road Sheffield United Kingdom S5 7AU

Study participating centre

Darlington Memorial Hospital Hollyhurst Road Darlington United Kingdom DL3 6HX

Study participating centre Leicester Royal Infirmary Infirmary Square Leicester United Kingdom LE1 5WW

Study participating centre Royal Surrey County Hospital Egerton Road Guildford United Kingdom GU2 7XX

Study participating centre Northampton General Hospital Northampton General Hospital NHS Trust Cliftonville Northampton United Kingdom NN1 5BD

Study participating centre NHS Lanarkshire Kirklands Fallside Road Bothwell Glasgow United Kingdom G71 8BB

Study participating centre Westmorland General Hospital Burton Rd Kendal United Kingdom LA9 7RG

Study participating centre Peterborough City Hospital

Edith Cavell Campus Bretton Gate Bretton Peterborough United Kingdom PE3 9GZ

Study participating centre Torbay Hospital Newton Road Torquay United Kingdom TQ2 7AA

Study participating centre Milton Keynes University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust Standing Way Eaglestone Milton Keynes United Kingdom MK6 5LD

Study participating centre Queen Alexandra Hospital Southwick Hill Road Cosham Portsmouth United Kingdom PO6 3LY

Study participating centre Western Isles 37 South Beach

Stornoway United Kingdom HS1 2BB

Study participating centre Royal Cornwall Hospital (treliske) Treliske Truro United Kingdom TR1 3LJ

Study participating centre Harrogate & District NHS Foundation Trust Strayside Wing Harrogate District Hospital Lancaster Park Road Harrogate United Kingdom HG2 7SX

Study participating centre Bedfordshire Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Lewsey Road Luton United Kingdom LU4 0DZ

Sponsor information

Organisation University of Oxford

Sponsor details University Offices Oxford England United Kingdom OX1 2JD

not@available.com

Sponsor type Hospital/treatment centre

Website https://www.ox.ac.uk

ROR https://ror.org/052gg0110

Funder(s)

Funder type Government

Funder Name National Institute for Health and Care Research

Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

Funding Body Type Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype National government

Location United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

The study results will be published in an open-access journal, in accordance with the NIHR's policy on open-access research. The study will be reported following the Consolidated Standards of Reporting Trials guideline (CONSORT) including any applicable extensions to this. The Template for Intervention Description and Replication (TIDieR) statement will be used for reporting the intervention. Study results will be submitted for publication within 1 year of the end-of-trial date.

Intention to publish date

01/10/2028

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date