# Health warning labels on alcoholic beverages: a study in Mexican adolescents and young adults

Submission date	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
29/12/2022		[X] Protocol		
Registration date 03/01/2023	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
<b>Last Edited</b> 16/06/2023	<b>Condition category</b> Other	<ul><li>Individual participant data</li></ul>		

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims.

Although alcohol consumption is a risk factor for multiple health conditions, there is low awareness of such risks. Evidence from randomized trials – mainly online studies from the United Kingdom, Australia, and Canada – shows that visible and up-to-date health warning labels on alcoholic beverages could prevent and control alcohol use. However, evidence from other contexts is lacking, particularly in populations where sociodemographic and cultural characteristics could modify the impact of warnings on alcohol use. This study aims to evaluate the deterrence capacity of warning labels in the selection of alcoholic beverages in adolescents and young adults in Mexico.

#### Who can participate?

Adolescents and young adults aged 18-30 years living in any of the states selected of nine regions in Mexico (Durango, Baja California Sur, Tamaulipas, Zacatecas, Morelos, Estado de México, Guanajuato, Ciudad de México, Veracruz, Guerrero, or Yucatán). Adolescents and young adults should be studying at a public or private school of upper-middle or higher level and have access to a smart mobile device or a computer with an internet connection.

#### What does the study involve?

The study consists of an anonymous online questionnaire with an average duration of 5 minutes. The first section contains the informed consent that the Ethics Committee approved. Individuals who consent proceed to the next stage of the survey, verifying that they are over 18 years of age. If they meet the selection criteria, they are asked basic sociodemographic questions (for example, gender, educational level, number of household members, and number of sleeping rooms). Then, participants are randomly presented with an image of an alcoholic beverage and a series of questions related to the image. Finally, the frequency of alcohol consumption is asked. The participants have the right not to answer questions they do not want and can stop the survey at any time.

# What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participants do not have any benefit at an individual level. However, it is expected that the overall results obtained will allow the discussion of the potential use of health warning labels on alcoholic beverages as an additional structural measure to prevent and reduce alcohol

consumption in the population.

The online questionnaire includes questions about the frequency of alcohol consumption that can make the participant uncomfortable. Moreover, these questions could raise awareness among the participants about their alcohol consumption habits. Therefore, at the end of the questionnaire, information is provided on where the participants can receive help for alcohol consumption. Likewise, the participants who randomly receive the image of a beer can with warning legends could perceive the risk that the consumption of alcoholic beverages may have on their health. Since the exposure to the image is only once and for a short period (maximum 10 minutes), the potential perception of risk is expected to be in the short term. Finally, this study implies a time load for the respondent that is considered brief, on average, 5 minutes. In conclusion, minimal risks are expected from this study.

Where is the study run from?
The National Institute of Public Health (Mexico)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? March 2021 to January 2022

Who is funding the study?
The Pan American Health Organization

Who is the main contact? Nancy López Olmedo nancy.lopez@insp.mx

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Principal Investigator

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# Additional identifiers

## **EudraCT/CTIS** number

Nil known

#### **IRAS** number

# ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

# Secondary identifying numbers

FWA 00031322

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Evaluation of the deterrent capacity of warning labels in the selection of alcoholic beverages in Mexican adolescents and young adults

# Acronym

HWL-alcohol

# **Study objectives**

1. More participants in the intervention groups (that observed images of a can of beer with a health warning label) think about the health risks of drinking beer than the control group 2. Fewer participants in the intervention groups have the intention to purchase or consume the can of beer presented than in the control group.

## Ethics approval required

#### Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 05/11/2021, Consorcio de Investigación en Salud (Health Research Consortium) Research Ethics Committee (Dwight Morrow #8, Int. 7-A, Centro, 62000, Cuernavaca, Morelos México; +52 (0)777 372 2241; comite.etica@cisidat.org.mx), ref: FWA 00031322

#### Study design

Single-center double-blinded pilot randomized experiment

### Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised parallel trial

#### Study setting(s)

Internet/virtual

### Study type(s)

Prevention

#### Participant information sheet

See trial outputs table

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Perceived risk and intention to change the consumption of alcohol among Mexican students aged 18-30 years

#### **Interventions**

The study includes three arms: 1) control, 2) health warning label in red (HWL red), and 3) health warning label in yellow (HWL yellow), where participants are allocated through simple randomization. In the control group, participants are shown an image of the front of a conventional can of beer (355 ml), where warning labels are not visible. In the intervention groups, pictograms and legends are located at the top, covering one-third of the front of the package as proposed by WHO Europe. In the HWL red group, the legends are presented in red font with white background, also proposed by WHO Europe, while the HWL yellow uses a black font with a yellow background, similar to the warning labels on cigarette packages in Mexico.

## Intervention Type

Behavioural

#### Primary outcome measure

Perceived risk and intention to change the consumption of the can of beer presented are measured at a single timepoint using the following questions: 1) Did you think about the health risks involved in drinking it?; 2) How likely are you to buy it?; 3) How likely are you to consume it?

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Product attractiveness measured using the question "How attractive do you find the product shown?" at a single timepoint
- 2. Visual avoidance measured using the question "Looking at the image shown, did you avoid

seeing the label?" at a single timepoint. "Label" referred to the brand in the control group and the health warning label in the intervention groups.

## Overall study start date

01/03/2021

#### Completion date

17/01/2022

# Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Mexican men and women between 18 to 30 years old
- 2. Studying at public and private schools of upper-middle and higher level
- 3. Have access to a smart mobile device or a computer with an internet connection

## Participant type(s)

Other

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

# Target number of participants

1,680 (560 for each arm)

#### Total final enrolment

628

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Participants that report not having consumed beer in the last 12 months. This exclusion criterion is considered since the image used for the study is a beer can, the most consumed alcoholic beverage in Mexico.
- 2. Women pregnant or breastfeeding because they could have changed their alcohol intake patterns

#### Date of first enrolment

09/11/2021

#### Date of final enrolment

09/12/2021

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

# Study participating centre Instituto Nacional de Salud Pública

Universidad 655, Col. Santa Maria Ahuacatitlan Cuernavaca, Morelos Mexico 62100

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Pan American Health Organization - Mexico

#### Sponsor details

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#### Sponsor type

Research organisation

#### Website

https://www.paho.org/es/mexico

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Research organisation

#### **Funder Name**

Pan American Health Organization

### Alternative Name(s)

Organización Panamericana de la Salud, PAHO

#### **Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

# **Funding Body Subtype**

International organizations

#### Location

United States of America

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Current publication and dissemination plan as of 12/06/2023:

The manuscript with study results has been accepted to be published in a peer-reviewed journal.

Previous publication and dissemination plan:

The main results are expected to be submitted to a peer-reviewed journal in early 2023.

# Intention to publish date

01/07/2023

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Participant-level data will not be available due to a lack of ethical approval for a data-sharing policy.

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Participant information sheet			03/01/2023	No	Yes
<u>Protocol file</u>			03/01/2023	No	No
Results article	results	15/06/2023	16/06/2023	Yes	No