

# Blood flow restriction training in tennis elbow (lateral epicondylitis)

<b>Submission date</b> 24/10/2019	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 20/01/2020	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 13/12/2021	<b>Condition category</b> Musculoskeletal Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Patients with lateral elbow epicondylitis (or tennis elbow) are treated with physiotherapy. The use of specific exercises is a common and effective intervention for the safest and fastest recovery. The use of additional specific exercises with blood flow restriction at the extremities has been suggested to deliver significant results, faster and with less pain. However, it is not yet known whether they are more effective in lateral elbow tendinopathy. Therefore, the aim of this study is to assess the effectiveness of these exercises in patients with external elbow tendinopathy.

### Who can participate?

Patients aged 18-50 with external elbow tendinopathy lasting for more than two weeks

### What does the study involve?

Patients are divided into two groups. One group does exercises with blood flow restriction and the other without restriction. Sessions are held twice a week and the process takes a total of 6 weeks. Participants undergo an additional re-evaluation visit after 12 weeks.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Although there is no additional benefit to participation, this study aims to significantly improve the care of patients with lateral elbow tendinopathy in the immediate future. Participation is voluntary and non-participation will not affect the quality of the treatment services received. Participants are free to leave the study at any time without having to explain the reasons. Contraindications and risks to participation are minimal and common to any form of active treatment. Applying the exercises can rarely cause local reactions such as muscle discomfort, tenderness or numbness for 24-48 hours due to pressure in the area. The feeling is like the muscle soreness one experiences when returning to exercise after a long absence. Personal data collected will be kept strictly confidential by the principal investigator. Research staff and therapists will only know the necessary details. The information will be encrypted so that it cannot be identified.

### Where is the study run from?

University of West Attica (Greece)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?  
March 2019 to December 2021 (updated 23/03/2021, previously: March 2021)

Who is funding the study?  
University of West Attica (Greece)

Who is the main contact?  
1. Stefanos Karanasios PhD Cand, MSc, PT  
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2. Prof. Georgios Gioftsos  
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## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

**Contact name**  
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## Additional identifiers

**Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)**  
Nil known

**ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)**  
Nil known

**Protocol serial number**  
20191023SK

## Study information

**Scientific Title**  
The effects of low load resistance training with blood flow restriction in patients with lateral elbow tendinopathy: a randomized controlled trial

**Acronym**  
Blood Flow Restriction (BFR), Lateral Elbow Tendinopathy (LET)

**Study objectives**

Low load resistance exercises with blood flow restriction are more effective in increasing strength, reducing pain and improving function compared to usual exercises in patients with lateral elbow tendinopathy.

### **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

### **Ethics approval(s)**

Approved 09/06/2020, Research Ethics Committee University Of West Attica (UNIWA, Egaleo Park Campus, Agiou Spiridonos 28, 12243 Egaleo, Athens, Greece; +30 (0)2105387294; ethics@uniwa.gr), ref: 36898 / 03-06-2020

### **Study design**

Single-center triple-blinded randomized controlled trial

### **Primary study design**

Interventional

### **Study type(s)**

Treatment

### **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Lateral elbow tendinopathy (tennis elbow)

### **Interventions**

Participants will be randomized with an appropriate software <https://www.randomizer.org/> to either a blood flow restriction exercise programme or a placebo blood flow restriction exercise programme. A concealed allocation will be applied. Assessor, therapists and patients will be blinded.

Both groups of patients will be treated with a usual exercise programme in lateral elbow tendinopathy. One group will use blood flow restriction and the other group placebo blood flow restriction (cuffs without air inflated). The exercise programmes will be held in physiotherapy sessions (twice a week) for 6 weeks. Also, all patients will be treated with soft tissue massage and the same appropriate advice and a home exercise programme.

### **Intervention Type**

Device

### **Phase**

Not Applicable

### **Primary outcome(s)**

1. Pain-free grip strength: the mean value (kg) of three efforts presented as a ratio of the maximum grip strength of the unaffected side will be included A Jamar hand dynamometer is used. Measured at baseline, 6 and 12 weeks follow-up
2. Pain and functional disability measured using the patient-rated tennis elbow (PRTEE) questionnaire at baseline, 6 weeks and 12 weeks follow-up.
3. Pain measured using the visual analogue score (NRPS) at baseline, 6 and 12 weeks

### **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Tendon thickness, neovascularity, presence of spurs, calcification and/or tears in the common extensor tendon (lateral epicondyle) measured using diagnostic ultrasound imaging at baseline, 6 and 12 weeks follow-up
2. Isometric strength of elbow flexors and extensors measured using Bio Fet force evaluation system (mean of three efforts of the maximum isometric contraction) at baseline, 6 and 12 weeks follow-up
3. Self-perceived recovery measured using 6-point Global Rating Of Change (GROC) scale at 6 and 12 weeks follow-up

**Completion date**

30/12/2021

## Eligibility

**Key inclusion criteria**

Current inclusion criteria as of 30/07/2020:

1. Men and women 18-50 years old diagnosed with LET
2. Symptoms for over 2 weeks
3. Pain provoked by palpation on the lateral epicondyle
4. Positive: Cohen's test, Maudsley test, Mill's test
5. A decrease in pain grip strength >5% in elbow extension compared to flexion

Previous inclusion criteria:

1. Men and women 18-50 years old diagnosed with LET
2. Symptoms for over 2 weeks
3. Pain provoked by palpation on the lateral epicondyle
4. Positive: Cohen's test, Maudsley test, Mill's test
5. Pain grip strength ratio >5% on unhealthy side compared to the healthy one

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 years

**Upper age limit**

50 years

**Sex**

All

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Shoulder tendinopathy
2. Cervical radiculopathy

3. Rheumatoid arthritis
4. Neurological deficit
5. Radial nerve entrapment
6. Past treatment for the elbow before entering the study
7. Professional athletes
8. Lateral elbow tendinopathy of the same side in the last 3 years
9. Serious cardiovascular diseases
10. Venous deficiency
11. History of heart surgery
12. Cancer history
13. Breast surgery
14. Orthopaedic surgeries during the last 6 months
15. Thrombosis
16. Body mass Index  $\geq 30$
17. Crohn syndrome
18. Family or personal history of pulmonary embolism

**Date of first enrolment**

01/02/2020

**Date of final enrolment**

30/09/2021

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

Greece

**Study participating centre**

**Physio Kifisia**

44 Th Diligianni Street

Kifisia

Greece

14562

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**

University of West Attica

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

University/education

## Funder Name

University of West Attica

# Results and Publications

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from Stefanos Karanasios (physio.manual@gmail.com). Type of data: raw data of primary and secondary outcome measures. Availability: from 31/03/2021. Access criteria: systematic reviews and meta-analysis, quantitative synthesis for studies in the same scope of interest, peer review reasons. Mechanisms: upon request. Consent from participants is obtained according to GDPR data protection.

## IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request, Published as a supplement to the results publication

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Protocol file</a>			27/03/2020	No	No