

IMAT-Neuroblastoma

Submission date	Recruitment status	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
13/02/2017	No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
13/02/2017	Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited	Condition category	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
17/02/2025	Cancer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

<https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-trial-looking-at-intensity-modulated-arc-therapy-for-people-with-neuroblastoma-imat>

Contact information

Type(s)

Public

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

CPMS 33136

Study information

Scientific Title

A randomised Phase I/II study of Intensity Modulated Arc Therapy techniques in abdominal neuroblastoma

Acronym

IMAT

Study objectives

The aim of this study is to determine the radiotherapy dose, possibly higher than is currently standard and feasible, delivered by either IMAT or conventional radiotherapy techniques, for use in a subsequent international randomised phase III study.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

London - Hampstead Research Ethics Committee, 21/12/2016, ref: 16/LO/2186

Study design

Randomized; Interventional; Design type: Treatment, Radiotherapy

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Specialty: Cancer, Primary sub-specialty: Children's Cancer and Leukaemia; UKCRC code/ Disease: Cancer/ Malignant neoplasms of ill-defined, secondary and unspecified sites

Interventions

Participants will be randomised via paper-based telephone randomisation until the online remote database is live (<https://www.cancertrials.bham.ac.uk/IMATlive>). They will be randomised in a 1:1 ratio according to a computerised minimisation algorithm, developed by the Trial Office, stratified according to MYCN amplification, Stage L2 or M and completeness of surgery.

Arm A: Participants receive a dose of 21 Gy in 14 fractions over 3 weeks

Arm B: Participants receive a dose of 36 Gy in 24 Fractions over 5 weeks

The centre will then have four weeks after a planning scan to define the treatment area and work out a treatment plan for both IMAT and conventional radiotherapy and a central review board will decide on the best treatment for the patient.

All participants are followed up for the 30 days following the end of treatment to monitor for acute toxicity. Clinical assessments are every 6 months until 2 years post-randomisation date. Two years post randomisation there will be a local control assessment. Assessment as per local practice between 2-5 years post-randomisation. At 5 years post-randomisation there is a long-term toxicity assessment.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome(s)

The actual dose delivered to patients in Gy, covering total Gy given and in how many fractions is captured by form following end of treatment.

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Acute toxicity is assessed using information acquired by telephone consultation or clinic visit at least weekly for the thirty days following the end of treatment
2. Local control is assessed as per standard practice (mIBG scans and cross-sectional imaging are typically performed) at 2 years after randomisation. In the absence of any other imaging modality being indicated for other purposes, an ultrasound examination or MRI scan is preferred to avoid additional radiation exposure.
3. Long-term side effects are recorded at 5 years after the patient was randomised according to the Late Toxicity RTOG scoring system. This information will be collected during routine clinic visits; no trial-specific visits are required.
4. Event-free survival (EFS) and overall survival (OS) are captured using case report forms at each follow up visit/phone call whether the patient is still alive and whether there is progression/recurrence. This is captured weekly post-treatment up until the end of thirty days post-treatment, then every 6 months until 2 years post-randomisation, then as per local practise from 2 years up until 5 years post-randomisation.

Completion date

28/12/2025

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Any patient with high-risk neuroblastoma of the abdominal or pelvic regions who requires radical radiotherapy
2. Fit to receive radical radiotherapy
3. Aged 18 months or over at diagnosis
4. Informed consent from patient, parent or guardian
5. Documented negative pregnancy test for female patients of childbearing potential
6. Patient agrees to use effective contraception during the treatment period (patients of childbearing age)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Mixed

Lower age limit

18 months

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

50

Key exclusion criteria

Pregnant patient

Date of first enrolment

21/02/2017

Date of final enrolment

14/08/2020

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Northern Ireland

Scotland

Wales

Study participating centre

University College Hospital

235 Euston Road

Fitzrovia

London

United Kingdom

NW1 2BU

Study participating centre

Addenbrookes Hospital

Hills Road

Cambridge

United Kingdom

CB2 0QQ

Study participating centre

Belfast City Hospital

51 Lisburn Road

Belfast

United Kingdom

BT9 7AB

Study participating centre

Churchill Hospital

Old Road

Headington

Oxford

United Kingdom

OX3 7LE

Study participating centre

City Hospital

Hucknall Road

Nottingham

United Kingdom

NG5 1PB

Study participating centre

Clatterbridge Cancer Centre

Lower Lane

Fazakerley

Liverpool

United Kingdom

L9 7AL

Study participating centre

Freeman Hospital

Freeman Road

High Heaton

Newcastle upon Tyne

United Kingdom

NE7 7DN

Study participating centre

Gartnavel Hospital

1053 Great Western Road

Glasgow

United Kingdom
G12 0YN

Study participating centre
Christie NHS Foundation Trust
550 Wilmslow Road
Manchester
United Kingdom
M20 4BX

Study participating centre
The Queen Elizabeth Hospital
Mindelsohn Way
Birmingham
United Kingdom
B15 2TH

Study participating centre
The Royal Marsden Hospital
203 Fulham Road
Chelsea
London
United Kingdom
SW3 6JJ

Study participating centre
Southampton General Hospital
Tremona Road
Southampton
United Kingdom
SO16 6YD

Study participating centre
St. James University Hospital
Beckett Street
Leeds
United Kingdom
LS9 7TF

Study participating centre

Velindre Cancer Centre

Velindre Road

Cardiff

United Kingdom

CF14 2TL

Study participating centre

Weston Park Hospital

Whitham Road

Sheffield

United Kingdom

S10 2SJ

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Birmingham

ROR

<https://ror.org/03angcq70>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Cancer Research UK

Alternative Name(s)

CR_UK, Cancer Research UK - London, Cancer Research UK (CRUK), CRUK

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The current data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
HRA research summary		28/06/2023	No	No	
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
Plain English results		20/06/2024	No	Yes	
Protocol file	version v3.0	15/05/2018	22/07/2020	No	No
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes