# A phase II clinical trial of Detection of Apoptosing Retinal Cells (DARC II)

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered			
03/04/2017		[X] Protocol			
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan			
03/04/2017	Completed	[X] Results			
<b>Last Edited</b> 22/05/2023	Condition category Eve Diseases	[X] Individual participant data			

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The retina is the name given to the layer at the back of the eye which is sensitive to light. When light enters the eye, the cells that make up the retina convert the light rays into electrical impulses, which travel via the optic nerve into the brain so they can be interpreted as images. Apoptosis is a process of programmed cell death or "cellular suicide". DARC Technology (Detection of Apoptosing Retinal Cells) is a new technique that uses the unique properties of the eye to make it possible to view nerve cells in the eye dying via optosis. The technique uses a substance called ANX776, which has previously been shown to be well tolerated in patients and cause minimal side effects. The aim of this study is to further evaluate the extent to which it is possible to see apoptosis in retinal cells in patients with a range of long-term eye diseases and healthy people of the same age.

#### Who can participate?

Adults with eye diseases and healthy volunteers of the same age.

#### What does the study involve?

All participants attend a single study visit at which they receive an injection of ANX776 into a vein. Following this, they undergo an eye exam in order to look at the retina. Participants are followed up with a telephone call after 30 days to find out if they have had any side effects.

#### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There are unlikely to be any direct benefits involved with participating, although the information gained from this study may help to improve treatment for future patients. The main risks are discomfort during the eye examination, or discomfort caused by bright, flashing lights. One of the tests is an intra-ocular pressure measurement (which measures the pressure inside the eye). There is a very small chance of getting a scratch on the surface of the eye during this test. If this does happen, it should heal on its own. The trial involves eye numbing drops which in rare cases may cause an allergic reaction, difficulty in breathing or low blood pressure. The study drug will be injected using a cannula. Risks and side effects are bruising, swelling, infection, or bleeding.

Where is the study run from? Western Eye Hospital (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? February 2017 to August 2018

Who is funding the study? Wellcome Trust (UK)

Who is the main contact? Ms Francesca Cordeiro m.cordeiro@ucl.ac.uk

# **Contact information**

## Type(s)

Public

#### Contact name

Ms Francesca Cordeiro

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

2016-002531-15

Protocol serial number

31894

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

A phase II, open label, non-randomised, single centre, clinical trial of ANX776 in healthy volunteers and patients with Glaucoma, Age-Related Macular Degeneration, Optic Neuritis and Down's Syndrome

#### Acronym

**DARCII** 

#### **Study objectives**

#### Current study hypothesis as of 21/06/2017:

The aim of this study is to evaluate the efficacy of DARC in visualising apoptotic retinal cells in patients with glaucoma, age-related macular degeneration, optic neuritis, Down's syndrome and in healthy volunteers

#### Previous study hypothesis:

The aim of this study is to evaluate the efficacy of DARC in visualising apoptotic retinal cells in patients with glaucoma, age-related macular degeneration, optic neuritis, and in healthy volunteers.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

London - Harrow REC, 20/12/2016, ref: 16/LO/1700

#### Study design

Non-randomised; Interventional; Design type: Diagnosis, Drug, Imaging

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Diagnostic

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Specialty: Ophthalmology, Primary sub-specialty: Retina (including Diabetes); UKCRC code/ Disease: Eye/ Other disorders of eye and adnexa

#### **Interventions**

The intervention involves as a single injection of the study drug (0.4mg of ANX776). The injection will be given through a cannula that will be placed in a vein in the participants arm. The injection will only last a few seconds, and the cannula will be removed immediately after the injection. Images of the participants retina will be taken using a computer imaging system called scanning laser ophthalmoscopy. All participants will be followed up for adverse events for 30 days by receiving a telephone call 30 days after the injection to check if they have experienced any side effects.

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### Phase

Phase II

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

**ANX776** 

#### Primary outcome(s)

Efficacy of the intervention ascertained by the DARC Count, which is the number of apoptosing retinal cells visualised 4 hours after the ANX776 injection.

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

Safety, defined as absence of adverse events of grade 3 or above and measured by the Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (CTCAE) scale in clinic after the injection, and by telephone 30 days after the injection.

#### Completion date

31/08/2018

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

Current inclusion criteria as of 21/06/2017:

General Inclusion Criteria are:

- 1. Age ≥ 18 years
- 2. Clear optical media in the studied eye
- 3. Refractive error not higher than spherical equivalent of 10 D
- 4. Women of childbearing potential identified as not pregnant and have agreed to complete a pregnancy test

#### Group Specific Inclusion criteria are:

#### Glaucoma:

- 1. Subjects will show progression in one or more of the parameters measured and will have at least one eye with a diagnosis of glaucoma (abnormal optic disc and/or visual field defect or both); be diagnosed as a glaucoma suspect or ocular hypertensive (elevated IOP).
- 2. Subjects proven to be able to perform reliable visual field testing using the HFA 640, central 24-2 program, to yield full thresholds, and have had good fundoscopy with assessment of their optic disc.

#### Age-related Macular Degeneration:

- 1. Patients with AMD as defined by:
- 2. Early AMD mainly characterised by drusen, retinal pigment epithelium (RPE) pigment changes.
- 3. Late AMD mainly characterised as: geographic atrophy of the RPE (dry AMD).
- 4. Neovascular AMD (wet AMD).

#### **Optic Neuritis:**

- 1. Clinical diagnosis of optic neuritis affecting one eye within two years
- 2. Visual acuity in affected eye  $\leq 6/12$  at worst point
- 3. Corrected vision in unaffected eve  $\geq 6/6$
- 4. No history of optic neuritis or other ocular disease in either eye prior to the episode of optic neuritis
- 5. Subjects proven to be able to perform reliable visual field testing using the HFA 640, central 24-2 program, to yield full thresholds, and have had good fundoscopy with assessment of their optic disc

#### Down's Syndrome:

- 1. Confirmation of Down's syndrome diagnosis as provided by parent of GP
- 2. Capacity to provide assent
- 3. Previously participated in an invasive research trial with the Cambridge Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities Research Group (CIDDRG)
- 4. No clinical diagnosis of dementia or other psychiatric illness
- 5. No evidence of serious cognitive decline or onset of dementia from historical records

#### **Healthy Volunteers:**

- 1. Confirmation of medical history as confirmed by General Practitioner
- 2. No evidence of any eye disease

#### Previous inclusion criteria:

General Participant Inclusion Criteria

- 1. Age ≥ 18 years
- 2. Clear optical media in the studied eye
- 3. Refractive error not higher than spherical equivalent of 10 D and best corrected visual acuity
- 4. Equal to 6/24 or better at qualification
- 5. Women of childbearing potential identified as not pregnant and have consented to complete a pregnancy test
- 6. Subjects who have personally signed and dated the informed consent document indicating that they have been informed of all pertinent aspects of the study

#### Group Specific Participant Inclusion Criteria

#### Glaucoma Participant Inclusion Criteria:

1. Glaucoma group subjects will show progression in one or more of the parameters measured and will have at least one eye with a diagnosis of glaucoma (abnormal optic disc and/or visual field defect or both); be diagnosed as a glaucoma suspect or ocular hypertensive (elevated IOP) 2. Subjects proven to be able to perform reliable visual field testing using the HFA 640, central 24-2 program, to yield full thresholds, and have had good fundoscopy with assessment of their optic disc

#### AMD Participant Inclusion Criteria:

- 1. Patients with AMD as defined by:
- 1.1. Early AMD mainly characterised by drusen, retinal pigment epithelium (RPE) pigment changes
- 1.2. Late AMD mainly characterised as: geographic atrophy of the RPE (dry AMD)
- 2. Neovascular AMD (wet AMD)

#### Optic Neuritis Participant Inclusion Criteria:

- 1. Clinical diagnosis of optic neuritis affecting one eye within two years
- 2. Visual acuity in affected eye  $\leq$  6/12 at worst point
- 3. Corrected vision in unaffected eye  $\geq 6/6$
- 4. No history of optic neuritis or other ocular disease in either eye prior to the episode of optic neuritis
- 5. Subjects proven to be able to perform reliable visual field testing using the HFA 640, central 24-2 program, to yield full thresholds, and have had good fundoscopy with assessment of their optic disc

#### Healthy Volunteers Participant Inclusion Criteria:

- 1. Confirmation of medical history as confirmed by General Practitioner
- 2. No evidence of any eye disease

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 years

#### Sex

All

#### Total final enrolment

113

#### Key exclusion criteria

Current exclusion criteria as of 21/06/2017:

General Exclusion Criteria are:

- 1. Presence of severe, unstable or uncontrolled systemic disease
- 2. Known intolerance to IMP
- 3. Body weight <40kg or >150kg
- 4. Inability to comply with the study or follow-up procedures
- 5. Any subjects with a known history of clotting diseases (including DVTs), and subjects taking anticoagulants
- 6. Ocular surgery within the past 3 months or planned surgery in the study eye, during the course of the trial
- 7. Pregnant or lactating, or not using adequate contraception for the duration of the trial (and 30 days post injection of study drug)
- 8. Currently being treated for cancer or any other disease likely to adversely affect participation in this study
- 9. AIDS / HIV
- 10. History of alcoholism or drug addiction
- 11. History or active uveitis
- 12. History of systemic vasculitis, collagenosis or ongoing treatment of cancer
- 13. Evidence of previous retinal vascular disease
- 14. Individuals with terminal illness, or mental illness affecting their compliance with the study
- 15. Any other disease, condition or laboratory abnormality that in the opinion of the CI may increase the risk for the participation or may interfere with the interpretation of study results and in the judgement of the Investigator would make the subject inappropriate for entry into the study.
- 16. Central corneal thickness <450 μm or >650μm
- 17. Currently, or within the last 3 months, enrolled in a clinical trial of an Investigational Medicinal Product
- 18. History of retinal laser photocoagulation
- 19. Media opacities or retinal pathology or amblyopia significantly limiting visual acuity, visual field test or retinal imaging
- 20. Any other condition or pathological process that in the opinion of the investigator would not make the participant suitable for the trial

Group Specific Exclusion criteria are:

Glaucoma:

- 1. Uncontrolled IOP >24mmHg
- 2. Angle closure/narrow glaucoma. Mean deviation at HVF worse than -12dB

#### Age-related Macular Degeneration:

- 1. Presence of choroidal neovascularisation (CNVM)
- 2. Current or past use for more than 30 days of chloroquine, hydroxychloroquine, chlorpromazine, thioridazine, quinine sulfate, clofazimine, cisplatin, carmustine, (BCNU), deferoxamine, amiodarone, isoretinoin, or gold

#### Optic Neuritis:

1. There are no specific exclusion criteria for optic neuritis participants

#### Down's Syndrome:

- 1. Clinical diagnosis of dementia or other psychiatric illness
- 2. Evidence of serious cognitive decline or onset of dementia from historical records
- 3. Unable to give assent to the study, or unable to have a legal representative give full informed consent

#### Healthy Volunteers:

1. Evidence of any historical retinal eye disease

#### Previous exclusion criteria:

General Participant Exclusion Criteria

- 1. Presence of severe, unstable or uncontrolled systemic disease
- 2. Known intolerance to IMP
- 3. Body weight <40kg or >150kg
- 4. Inability to comply with the study or follow-up procedures
- 5. Any subjects with a known history of clotting diseases (including DVTs), and subjects taking anticoagulants
- 6. Ocular surgery within the past 3 months or planned surgery in the study eye, during the course of the trial
- 7. Pregnant or lactating, or not using adequate contraception\* for the duration of the trial (and 30 days post injection of study drug)
- 8. Currently being treated for cancer or any other disease likely to adversely affect participation in this study
- 9. AIDS/HIV
- 10. History of alcoholism or drug addiction
- 11. History or active uveitis
- 12. History of systemic vasculitis, collagenosis or ongoing treatment of cancer
- 13. Evidence of previous retinal vascular disease
- 14. Individuals with terminal illness, or mental illness affecting their compliance with the study
- 15. Any other disease, condition or laboratory abnormality that in the opinion of the CI may increase the risk for the participation or may interfere with the interpretation of study results and in the judgement of the Investigator would make the subject inappropriate for entry into the study
- 16. Central corneal thickness <450 pm or >650pm
- 17. Currently, or within the last 3 months, enrolled in a clinical trial of an investigational medicinal product
- 18. History of retinal laser photocoagulation
- 19. Media opacities or retinal pathology or amblyopia significantly limiting visual acuity, visual field test or retinal imaging
- 20. Any other condition or pathological process that in the opinion of the investigator would not make the patient suitable for the trial
- 21. For the purposes of this study, females will be considered of childbearing potential unless they are naturally postmenopausal or permanently sterilised (i.e. hysterectomy). For women of

childbearing potential who may participate in the study, the following reliable form of contraception are acceptable (e.g. oral contraceptive and condom, intra--uterine device (IUD) and condom, diaphragm with spermicide and condom)

Group Specific Participant Exclusion Criteria

Glaucoma Participant Exclusion Criteria

- 1. Uncontrolled IOP > 24mmHg
- 2. Angle closure/narrow glaucoma. Mean deviation at HVF >12dB

#### AMD Participant Exclusion Criteria

- 1. Presence of ocular conditions with increased risk of choroidal neovascularisation (CNVM)
- 2. Current or past use for more than 30 days of chloroquine, hydroxychloroquine, chlorpromazine, thioridazine, quinine sulfate, clofazimine, cisplatin, carmustine, (BCNU), deferoxamine, amiodarone, isoretinoin, or gold

#### Optic Neuritis Participant Exclusion Criteria

1. Corticosteroid use in the past 2 months

#### Healthy Volunteers Participant Exclusion Criteria

1. Evidence of any historical retinal eye disease

#### Date of first enrolment

08/02/2017

#### Date of final enrolment

30/06/2017

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

# Study participating centre Western Eye Hospital 171 Marylebone Road

London United Kingdom NW1 5QH

# **Sponsor information**

#### Organisation

University College London

**ROR** 

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Charity

#### **Funder Name**

Wellcome Trust

### Alternative Name(s)

#### **Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

International organizations

#### Location

**United Kingdom** 

# **Results and Publications**

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The identity of participants and any personal details will be kept confidential. No named information about the participants will be published in any report of this study.

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient- facing?
Results article	results	02/07 /2020	22/05 /2020	Yes	No
Results article	results	01/01 /2021	29/12 /2020	Yes	No
Results article	review	01/01 /2022	14/11 /2022	Yes	No
<u>Dataset</u>	dataset		19/05 /2023	No	No
HRA research summary			26/07 /2023	No	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11 /2025	11/11 /2025	No	Yes
Poster results	Abnormal retinal apoptosis morphometry in glaucoma and optic neuritis	04/05 /2023	19/05 /2023	No	No

Poster results	Characterising DARC (Detecting Apoptosing Retinal Cells) spots in Optic Neuritis (ON) and healthy eyes	04/05 /2022	19/05 /2023	No	No
Poster results	Characterising DARC (Detecting Apoptosing Retinal Cells) spots in glaucoma and healthy eyes	04/05 /2022	19/05 /2023	No	No
Protocol file	version 3.0	10/11 /2016	22/05 /2023	No	No